#### FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OF NIGERIA



## NATIONAL AIDS SPENDING ASSESSMENT (NASA)

FOR THE PERIOD: 2015 - 2018

# LEVEL AND FLOW OF RESOURCES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE NATIONAL HIV AND AIDS RESPONSE



2019

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#### Foreword

Nigeria has conducted four rounds of the National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) since 2007. The NASA is a comprehensive and systematic methodology that tracks the flow of resources for the AIDS response from the source through the different agents to the beneficiaries. This resource tracking algorithm is designed to describe financial flows and expenditures using the same categories in the global resource needs estimation and also as a core-tracking framework without substituting for other methods and tools already in use. The NASA framework is based on globally accepted standardized methods and definitions that are compatible with, but more disaggregated than, the National Health Accounts (NHA) now called System of Health Accounts (SHA).

The current study just like the previous ones has come up with pertinent evidence for advocacy, planning, financing of HIV services, financing gaps and needs to mobilise additional resources. Furthermore, the HIV expenditure data generated will support the monitoring of progress achieved towards international declarations and goals like the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the United Nations General Assembly Special Session (UNGASS) declarations as well as major bilateral programmes such as the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR).

I wish to state here that this is a very powerful tool for policy makers and all actors involved in the HIV and AIDS response, including governments, donors, persons affected by HIV and civil society more broadly. In countries where NASA has been implemented successfully it has provided useful insights on the extent of alignment of the resource envelope to the programmatic priorities. This is particularly important when future HIV funding is threatened by competing global priorities and the global economic downturn while expectations to achieve more remain high.

I wish to express my profound gratitude to the leadership of the national government for making this work possible, while not forgetting the enormous support from our stakeholders.

Dr. Gambo Aliyu Director General National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA)

#### Acknowledgement

The National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) document covering the period 2015 to 2018 was put together in collaboration with the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV and AIDS (UNAIDS) Nigeria, donors, implementing partners and other stakeholders in the HIV and AIDS national response.

The NASA framework is a resource tracking method that describes the financial flow, actual disbursement and expenditures for HIV/AIDS by identifying financing sources (who finances the AIDS response), agents (who manages the funds), service providers and beneficiary populations.

The production of this document is the result of the contributions of many of our stakeholders. I wish to thank the leadership of the National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA) for providing the enabling environment to actualize this work. It is also pertinent to appreciate all our donors particularly UNAIDS, PEPFAR and GFATM, implementing partners and other stakeholders for their support. Also acknowledged are the NASA Technical Committee, HIV and AIDS Division of the Federal Ministry of Health and other Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs) at the national and state levels for their unflinching support.

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Dr. Greg Ashefor Director, Research, Monitoring and Evaluation NACA

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Acronyms	
ARV	Antiretroviral Drug
ASC	AIDS Spending Category
ART	Antiretroviral Therapy
BCC	Behaviour Change Communication
BP	Beneficiary Population
CSO	Civil Society Organization
DAC	Development Assistance Committee (of the OECD)
DFID	Department for International Development (of the United Kingdom)
EBRD	European Bank for Reconstruction and Development
FA	Financing Agents
FBO	Faith-Based Organization
FMWASD	Federal Ministry of Women Affair and Social Development
FS	Financing Sources
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GFATM	Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria
GGE	General Government Expenditure
GTZ	Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit (of Germany)
HIPC	Heavily Indebted Poor Countries
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
IDU	Injecting Drug User
IEC	Information, Education and Communication
ILO	International Labour Organization
IMF	International Monetary Fund
IsDB	Islamic Development Bank
ISIC	International Standard Industrial Classification (unless otherwise noted, 3rd
	(Revision)
MSM	Men who have Sex with Men
NAA	National AIDS Accounts
NAC	National AIDS Coordinating Authority
NACP	National AIDS Control Programme
NAP	National AIDS Programme
NASA	National AIDS Spending Assessment
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
NHA	National Health Accounts
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
OI	Opportunistic Infection

ονς	Orphans and Vulnerable Children
PEP	Post-Exposure Prophylaxis
PEPFAR	President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief
PF	Production Factors/Resource Costs in HIV
PG	Producers Guide (guide to produce national health accounts)
PLHIV	People Living with HIV
РМТСТ	Prevention of Mother to Child Transmission
PS	Provider (in the National Response to HIV Classification)
RTT	Resource Tracking Tool
SHA	System of Health Accounts
SIDALAC	Latin American and Caribbean Monitoring of HIV
SNA	System of National Accounts (unless otherwise noted 93 revision)
SRH	Sexual and Reproductive Health
STI	Sexually Transmitted Infections
SW	Sex Workers
UNAIDS	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV
UNDOC	United Nations Office on Drugs and Crimes
UNGASS	United Nations General Assembly Special Session
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme
UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
UNOCHA	United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
VCT	Voluntary Counselling and Testing
WB	World Bank
WFP	World Food Programme
WHO	World Health Organization

#### **Definition of Terms**

**AIDS Spending Category (ASC)** – it is the broad categories to which the assessment assigns expenditure on HIV and AIDS. Any expenditure captured has to be for a function / an ASC (used interchangeably).

**Beneficiary Population:** The populations presented here are explicitly targeted or intended to benefit from specific activities, e.g. the intended recipients of the various services. The identification of the beneficiary population (BP) is aimed at quantifying the resources specifically allocated to a population as part of the service delivery process of a programmatic intervention. The BP will be selected according to the intention or target of the expenditure in such programmatic intervention. This represents an outcome linked to the resources spent, regardless of its effectiveness or effective coverage.

**Capital expenditure:** The main categories of the classification features are buildings, capital equipment and capital transfers. These categories may include major renovation, reconstruction or enlargement of existing fixed assets, as these interventions can improve and extend the previously expected service life of the asset.

**Capital transfers to providers**: Are considered as a governmental provision of assets without receiving in return any form of good, asset or service.

**Care and Treatment** – all expenditures, purchases, transfers and investment incurred to provide access to clinic and home/community-based activities for the treatment and care of HIV-infected adults and children.

**Civil Society Organization (CSO):** The formal and informal networks and organizations that is active in the public sphere between the state and family. They include a wider range of associate forms such as trade Unions, churches, cooperatives, professional associations and informal community-based groups

**Current Expenditures:** Refers to the total value of the resources in cash or in kind, payable to a health provider by a financing agent on behalf of the final consumer of health services in return for services performed (including the delivery of goods) during the year of the assessment.

**Direct bilateral contributions**: Allocations as grant or non-reimbursable financial cooperation that higher per capita income countries provide to recipient countries directly, either as earmarked contributions or non-earmarked contributions, e.g. budget support directly to the treasury of recipient countries.

**Financing Agent:** Institutions that take programmatic decisions on the use of the funds. The programmatic decisions are the goods and services that the fund will be used for, the provider of the goods and services and the beneficiary population of the goods and services.

**Financing Sources:** entities that provide money to financing agents to be pooled and distributed for HIV goods and services.

**Foreign for-profit entities:** For-profit entities whose home base or headquarters are located outside of the country where the services, or goods, are being provided, including among others, multinational pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies.

**HIV and AIDS- related research** – generation of knowledge that can be used to prevent disease, promote, restore, maintain, protect, and improve the population's development and the people's well-being.

**Human Capital** – the expenditure on health care workers and managers who work in the HIV and AIDS field through their recruitment, retention, deployment and rewarding of quality performance.

**International Funds:** Resources originating from outside the country and executed in the current year. Bilateral and multilateral international grants as well as funds contributed by institutions and individuals outside the country are included to the extent that they are used in the current period. The terminology used by the specialists of NHA is "Rest of the world".

**Multilateral Agencies**: International Public or public/private organizations, institutions or Agencies which receive contributions from donor countries and from other sources, thus multilateral funding is a mechanism whereby assistance investments are pooled by different donors and granted in not necessarily one-to-one relationships between donor and recipient countries. This usually occurs via international agencies within the UN system, development banks. The GFATM is a private/public multilateral organization

**Non-Governmental Organization (NGO):** Organizations separate from the state that usually value-based, non-profit and established to benefit others.

**Out of Pocket Expenses** – it is expenditure carried out by households and individuals to get services related to HIV and AIDS. For example, household income spent on treatment and care services and pooled funds of support groups to provide support.

**Prevention** – set of activities or programmes designed to reduce risky behaviour. Results include a decrease in HIV infections among the population and improvements in the quality and safety in health facilities in regard of therapies administered to HIV and AIDS patients.

**Programme Management and Administration Strengthening** – expenses that are incurred at administrative levels outside the point of health care delivery e.g. M&E, management of AIDS programmes, facility upgrading through purchases of laboratory equipment and of telecommunications, etc.

**Provider**: The provider of services is contracted by the financing agent for the provision of specific services. The provider will decide on the best way to produce this services (even sub-contracting) but will remain as the responsible for the production and delivery

**Public Funds:** All bodies of territorial governments, i.e. departments and establishments central, state or local—that engage in a wide range of activities such as administration, defence, health, education and other social services, promotion of economic growth and welfare, and technological development.

**Social contributions:** Includes social contributions received by health personnel. Exceptions include employers' social contributions, in-kind payments of supplies and services required for work, and payments made to non-active workers.

**Social Protection and Social Services** – functions of government relating to the provision of cashbenefits and benefits-in-kind to categories of individuals defined by needs such as sickness, old age' disability, unemployment, social exclusion, and so on.

**Supplies and services:** Consist of all goods and subcontracted services used as inputs in production of health services. This category includes goods that are entirely used up when they are fed into the production process, during which they deteriorate or are lost, accidentally damaged or pilfered. Such goods include inexpensive durable goods, for example hand tools, and goods that are cheaper than machinery and equipment. The category also includes tools used exclusively or mainly at work, for example clothing or footwear worn exclusively or mainly at work (such as protective clothes and uniforms). One of the most important types of supplies is pharmaceuticals.

**Wages:** Includes all kinds of wages, salaries, and other forms of compensation, including extra payments of any nature, such as payments for overtime or night work, bonuses, various allowances and annual holidays. In-kind payments include meals, drinks, travel, special clothing, transportation to and from work, car parking, day-care for children, and the value of interest forgone when loans are provided at nil—or reduced—interest rate. Also included are payments to recruit or retain workers (health or else) in providing HIV or AIDS services

	2015		2016			
	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%		
HIV and AIDS Expenditure by Funding Sources						
Total	501,736,460.73	100.00%	553,039,153.83	100.00%		
Spending						
Public	73,299,195.99	14.61%	79,543,466.19	14.38%		
Private	760,193.59	0.15%	1,559,340.10	0.28%		
Funds						
International	427,677,071.15	85.24%	471,936,347.54	85.34%		
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Financin	ng Agent				
Public	73,299,195.99	14.61%	116,954,655.06	21.15%		
Private	783,823.59	0.16%	30,779,118.91	5.57%		
International	427,653,441.15	85.23%	405,305,379.86	73.29%		
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Service	Providers				
Public	451,653,183.03	90.02%	480,450,889.17	86.87%		
Providers						
Private Non-	50,083,277.70	9.98%	71,375,557.66	12.91%		
Profit						
Bilateral and	0	0.00%	1,212,707.00	0.22%		
Multilaterals						
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Program	nmatic Area				
Prevention	94,044,819.10	18.74%	140,023,109.70	25.32%		
Care and	308,609,484.70	61.51%	302,808,349.33	54.75%		
treatment						
OVC	751,109.26	0.15%	618,300.65	0.11%		
activities						
Program	40,494,611.70	8.07%	40,789,600.96	7.38%		
management						
activities						
Human	25,289,594.82	5.04%	32,346,807.60	5.85%		
resources						
Social	32,391,673.00	6.46%	36,235,395.00	6.55%		
protection						
and social						
services						

#### Table 1: Basic Factsheet on Nigeria HIV and AIDS Expenditure for the Period 2015 – 2016

Enabling	155,168.15	0.03%	189,228.22	0.03%
environment				
Research	0	0.00%	28,362.38	0.01%
activities				
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Benefic	iary Population		
People Living	341,039,280.70	67.97%	343,611,414.92	62.13%
with HIV				
Most at risk	4,529,249.06	0.90%	7,990,974.18	1.44%
populations				
Other key	10,824,791.26	2.16%	1,249,046.10	0.23%
populations				
Specific"	4,103,795.96	0.82%	3,080,262.72	0.56%
accessible"				
populations				
General	76,085,897.50	15.16%	125,891,445.12	22.76%
Population				
Non-	65,153,446.25	12.99%	71,216,010.80	12.88%
targeted				
interventions				

#### Table 2: Basic Factsheet on Nigeria HIV and AIDS Expenditure for the Period 2017 – 2018

	2017		2018			
	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%		
HIV and AIDS Expenditure by Funding Sources						
Total Spending	560,296,398.81	100.00%	532,371,499.19	100.00%		
Public	66,045,257.23	11.79%	91,477,782.19	17.18%		
Private	2,936,398.20	0.52%	197,273.00	0.04%		
Funds						
International	491,314,743.38	87.69%	440,696,444.00	82.78%		
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Finan	cing Agent				
Public	67,178,338.86	11.99%	98,368,238.19	18.48%		
Private	2,951,760.20	0.53%	9,663,700.00	1.82%		
International	490,166,299.75	87.48%	424,339,561.00	79.71%		
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Servio	e Providers				
Public Providers	404,596,323.01	72.21%	328,836,655.19	61.77%		
Private Non- Profit	155,333,963.80	27.72%	203,420,364.00	38.21%		
Bilateral and Multilaterals	366,112.00	0.07%	114,480.00	0.02%		
	Expenditure by Progr	ammatic Area				
Prevention	85,205,057.31	15.21%	67,809,140.85	12.74%		
Care and treatment	304,376,381.18	54.32%	238,447,440.00	44.79%		
OVC activities	146,023.00	0.03%		0.00%		
Program management activities	103,115,446.96	18.40%	162,828,357.13	30.59%		
Human resources	27,535,123.36	4.91%	29,327,352.21	5.51%		
Social protection and social services	39,874,144.00	7.12%	33,939,999.00	6.38%		

Enabling	26,707.00	0.00%	19,210.00	0.00%
environment				
Research	17,516.00	0.00%	0	0.00%
activities				
HIV and AIDS	Expenditure by Benefi	ciary Populatio	on	
People Living with HIV	364,236,787.83	65.01%	271,871,962.00	51.07%
Most at risk	4,776,692.53	0.85%	1,203,809.00	0.23%
populations				
Other key	20,061,763.13	3.58%	11,904,034.00	2.24%
populations				
Specific"	1,218,440.48	0.22%	85,442.00	0.02%
accessible"				
populations				
General	73,308,101.34	13.08%	108,300,616.85	20.34%
Population				
Non-	96,694,613.50	17.26%	139,005,635.34	26.11%
targeted				
interventions				

## **Executive Summary**

#### Background

One of the core mandates of the National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA) is resource mobilization for HIV and AIDS interventions as well as ensuring equitable distribution of resources among HIV and AIDS service areas and beneficiary populations. In keeping with this mandate, NACA periodically conducts the National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA). NASA reports expenditure on HIV and AIDS at all levels in the country for purposes of review, advocacy, decision-making and accountability. The primary objective for the NASA 2019 is to collect data on HIV expenditure in Nigeria from 2015 to 2018 using the NASA methodology which prescribes a transaction as the basic unit of financial expenditure.

The NASA 2019 focused on tracking HIV expenditure at the national, state, donor, implementing partner, private sector and service provider levels. The expenditure analysis was in US Dollar in line with global NASA standards.

NASA is organised in three dimensions with corresponding vectors. In the financing dimension are Financing sources (FS) and financing agents (FA). The provision dimension has Providers of Services (PS) and Production Factors (PF) as vectors. The vectors for the use dimension are AIDS Spending Categories (ASC), Health System Strengthening (HSS) and Beneficiary Populations (BP). These are structured in three hierarchical levels with corresponding funds to make up a transaction.

The study population is made up of organisations that are active in the HIV and AIDS response across the 36+1 states in Nigeria. This includes government institutions, bilateral and multilateral entities, donors, implementing partners, private sector businesses, service providers and civil society networks. Existing coordination platforms were leveraged to generate a listing of all organisations that are involved in programming for HIV&AIDS in the country.

The data obtained with the data collection tool was transformed into a standardised format using the NASA Classification and Definitions document. During this process, each transaction and corresponding amount was assigned the relevant classification in accordance with the seven NASA vectors earlier mentioned. On completion of data processing, the data was entered into the Resource Tracking Tool (RTT) developed by UNAIDS for further processing, analysis and reporting.

## **Main Findings**

The study showed total HIV and AIDS expenditure of USD501,736,461 in 2015, USD553,039,154 in 2016, USD560,296,399 in 2017 and USD532,371,499 in 2018 indicating rising expenditure from 2015 to 2017 and then a decline in 2018. Of this amount , government expenditure was USD73,299,196 (14.61%), USD79,543,466 (14.38%), USD66,045,257 (11.79%), USD91,477,782

(17.18%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Government expenditure rose from 2015 to 2016 in absolute terms but with a decline in proportion of total expenditure. Expenditure then declined in 2017 after which it rose substantially in 2018.

International funding has been the mainstay of HIV and AIDS expenditure in Nigeria amounting to USD427,677,071 (85.24%), USD471,936,348 (85.34%), USD491,314,743 (87.69%) and USD440,696,444 (82.78%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. There was a rise in expenditure from 2015 to 2017 and then a decline in 2018. Private sector contribution remained low at USD760,194 (0.15%), USD1,559,340 (0.28%), USD2,936,398 (0.52%), 197,273 (0.04%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

International purchasing organizations made up of bilateral and multilateral agencies mainly took the programmatic decisions on AIDS spending categories, beneficiary populations and service providers accounting for 85.23% (USD405,305,380), 73.29% (USD427,653,441), 87.48% (490,166,300), 79.71% (424,339,561) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Service provision was mainly undertaken by public sector institutions made up of governmental organizations and parastatals accounting for 90.02% (USD451,653,183.03), 86.87% (480,450,889.17), 72.21% (USD404,596,323.01) and 61.77% (USD328,836,655.19) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

Care and treatment continued the trend of taking up the highest expenditure of AIDS Spending Categories amounting to USD308,609,485 (61.51%), USD302,808,349 (54.75%), USD304,376,381 (54.32%) and USD238,447,440 (44.79%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Thus People Living with HIV (PLHIV) were the beneficiary population with the highest expenditure of USD341,039,281 (67.97%), USD343,611,415 (62.13%), USD 364,236,788 (65.01%) and USD271,871,962 (51.07%) in the corresponding period.

## **Conclusion and Recommendations**

This study has provided evidence that international funding for HIV and AIDS has been flatlining which highlights the need for domestic sources including government and private funding to step in to fill the gaps particularly from a sustainability standpoint. Key recommendations proferred are the need to routinize NASA in the interest of accountability and cost effectiveness, use of NASA to evaluate the National HIV strategic plan, increased government spending for HIV and AIDS and increased spending on key populations and Prevention of Mother-to-Child Transmission (PMTCT) in order to curb new infections among children aged 0 – 14 which includes adolescents aged 10 -14 resulting from mother-to-child transmission of the virus.

#### **Chapter One: Introduction**

Nigeria, with an estimated population of 200 million<sup>1</sup>, identified her first case of AIDS in a 13year-old girl in 1986. The HIV and AIDS response since then has continued to rely on a combination of periodic epidemiological sample surveys - Antenatal clinic (ANC) sentinel surveys, National HIV and AIDS and Reproductive Health Survey (NARHS), Nigeria Demographic Health Survey (NDHS), Integrated Biological and Behavioural Surveillance Surveys (IBBSS) and recently the Nigerian HIV and AIDS Indicator and Impact Surveys (NAIIS) together with routine programme data to monitor and estimate the population-level HIV epidemic trends in the country.

The country has a generalised HIV epidemic with the prevalence recording a high of 5.8% in 2001, 4.4% in 2005, 4.6% in 2008 and 4.1% in 2010 then dropped to 3.0% in 2014<sup>2</sup> while the general population prevalence showed a drop from 3.6% to 3.4%<sup>3</sup>. The Key Populations (KPs) prevalence also dropped but with figures higher than the general population as follows: BBFSW 37.0% in 2007, 27.40% in 2010 and drop to 19.40% in 2014, NBBFSW (30.20% in 2007, 27.40% in 2010 declined to 8.60% in 2014) except for Men who Have Sex With Men (MSM) whose prevalence has increased from 13.50% in 2007, 17.20% in 2010 and 22.90% in 2014<sup>4</sup>.

The country conducted the National AIDS Indicator and Impact Survey (NAIIS) in 2018 which is a cross sectional survey to assess the prevalence of HIV among the general population. The survey established the national prevalence to be 1.3%<sup>5</sup> (15-49yrs) with an estimated 1.9 million people living with the virus in the country making it the 4th largest epidemic in the world behind South Africa, India and Mozambique.

The NAIIS prevalence among females was 1.7% compared to 0.8% in males. The variation in prevalence by state showed that 6 states of Abia, Anambra, Akwa Ibom, Benue, Taraba and Rivers had a prevalence of 2% and above. 13 states of Adamawa, Bayelsa, Borno, Cross River, Delta, Edo, Enugu, Gombe, Imo, Lagos, Ogun, Plateau, Nassarawa and the FCT had prevalence of between 1.0% and 1.9% while the remaining 17 states of Bauchi, Ebonyi, Ekiti, Jigawa, Kaduna,

<sup>1.</sup> National Population Commission and National Bureau of Statistics. National Population Estimates. Abuja, Nigeria: National Population Commission and National Bureau of Statistics.

Federal Ministry of Health. 2014 National HIV Sero-prevalence Sentinel Survey among Pregnant Women Attending Antenatal Clinics in Nigeria. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria, National AIDS/STI Control Programme, Department of Public Health; 2015.

<sup>3.</sup> Federal Ministry of Health. National HIV&AIDS and Reproductive Health Survey (NARHS Plus II, 2012). Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria; 2013

National HIV/AIDS & STIs Control Programme, Federal Ministry of Health, Nigeria. Integrated Biological and Behavioural Surveillance Survey (IBBSS) 2014. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria, National HIV/AIDS & STIs Control Programme; 2015.

<sup>5.</sup> Federal Ministry of Health (FMoH) and National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). Nigeria HIV/AIDS Indicator and Impact Survey (NAIIS) 2018 Technical Report. Abuja, Nigeria:; 2020.

Kano, Katsina, Kebbi Kogi, Kwara, Niger, Ondo, Osun, Oyo, Sokoto, Yobe and Zamfara had prevalence below 1.0%.

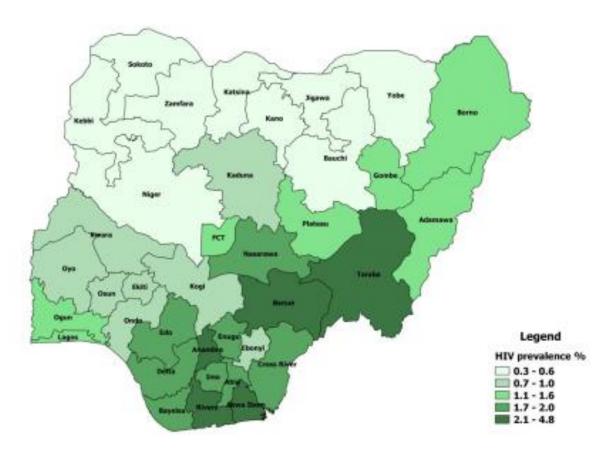
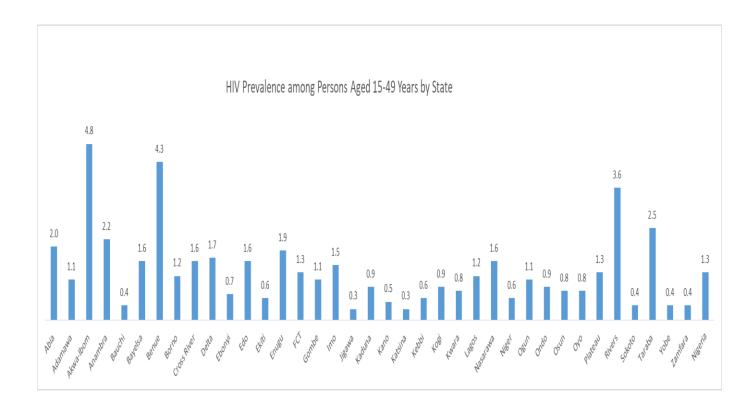


Figure 1: Map of Nigeria showing HIV prevalence distribution across the country

The zonal variations showed that all states in the north-west except Kaduna (0.9%) had prevalence 0.3% to 0.6%. Lagos (1.2%) and Ogun (1.1%) in the south west had higher prevalence than others in the zone. The north-central has a mix of low (Kogi-0.9%, Kwara-0.8% and Niger-0.6%), medium (Nasarawa-1.6%, Plateau-1.3%) and high (Benue-4.3%). The study also revealed that the South-South zone accounted for the highest number of PLHIV followed by north central and the north east lowest. In all zones females are higher in number of PLHIV except in the north west (Figure 3).



#### Figure 2: HIV prevalence by states, Nigeria (NAIIS, 2018)



Figure 3: Distribution of PLHIV burden by geopolitical zone and sex, Nigeria (Spectrum estimate with data from NAIIS)

#### National Strategic Frameworks and Plans

The HIV response in Nigeria has been guided over the years by strategic frameworks and plans starting with the Emergency Action Plan spanning 2001 to 2004. The first National Strategic Framework and Plan was for 2005 to 2009, followed by the 2010 to 2015, with thematic areas of Promotion of behavioral change and prevention of new HIV infection; Treatment of HIV/AIDS and related health conditions; Care and support of people living with HIV (PLHIV), people affected by

AIDS, and orphans and vulnerable children; Policy, advocacy, human rights and legal issues; Institutional architecture, coordination and resource mobilization; Monitoring and Evaluation system (comprising Monitoring and Evaluation, Research and Knowledge Management). This plan was extended to the end of 2016 to accommodate the current Framework and Plan (2017 – 2021). To strengthen the response, gender mainstreaming, advocacy at all levels, capacity building, increased access to material goods, technical assistance and sustainable funding were identified as crucial to the response.

The NSP 2017-2021 has thematic areas of Prevention of HIV among general and Key Population; HIV Testing Services; Elimination of Mother-to- Child Transmission of HIV; Treatment of HIV and Care and Support and Adherence. These are underpinned by a number of cross-cutting issues and programme enablers including gender and human rights, health and community system strengthening, services integration, coordination and institutional arrangement, policy, advocacy and resource mobilization, monitoring and evaluation and leadership, ownership and sustainability<sup>6,7</sup>. Following the NAIIS survey which reset the epidemiology of HIV in Nigeria, a draft National HIV and AIDS Strategic Framework 2021-2025 has been developed with prevention of new Infections and the 90-90-90 strategy as the centrepiece<sup>8</sup>.

#### Socio-economic Indicators

The country is the eighth largest exporter of crude oil in the world and the economy is the largest in Africa after the GDP was rebased in 2014 and a GDP of 1.29 trillion naira<sup>9</sup>. Though crude oil is the main stay of the economy, non-oil resources have increased from 26.1% in 2010 to 52.6% in 2016. The unemployment rate is 23.1% in 2018 and categorized as a low human development entity with a Human Development Index (HDI) of 0.514, which is lower than the average for sub-Saharan Africa 0.518.

## Funding for HIV

Allocation for health sector improved slightly from 3.6% of total federal spending in 2010 to 5.9% in 2016, though below the 15% Abuja Declaration. The Total Health Expenditure (THE) increased from NGN1.9 trillion (2010), to NGN3.9trillion (2016) which represent 3.8% of the Nigerian economy in 2016. The total expenditure for HIV was USD299,246,295 in 2007 and USD632,378,599 in 2014<sup>10</sup>. The country's HIV response is donor-dependent with donor support accounting for 85.4% in 2007 of total HIV expenditure compared to public sector contribution of

<sup>6.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). Revised National HIV and AIDS Strategic Framework 2019-2021. Abuja, Nigeria: National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja, Nigeria; 2019.

<sup>7.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). National HIV and AIDS Strategic Plan 2017-2021. Abuja, Nigeria: National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja, Nigeria.

<sup>8.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). Draft National HIV and AIDS Strategic Framework 2021-2025. Unpublished.

<sup>9.</sup> National Bureau of Statistics. Nigerian Gross Domestic Product Report (Expenditure and Income Approach) (Q3, Q4 2018 & Q1 2019). National Bureau of Statistics, Abuja, Nigeria; 2019.

<sup>10.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) for the Period 2013 - 2014. Abuja, Nigeria: National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja, Nigeria; 2015.

15% which increased to 27.07% in 2014 as against the international contribution of 70% for the same year.

## Chapter Two: Methodology

## **NASA Objective**

The primary objective for the 2019 NASA is to collect data on HIV expenditure in Nigeria from 2015 to 2018 using the National AIDS Spending Assessment methodology.

## **Specific Objectives**

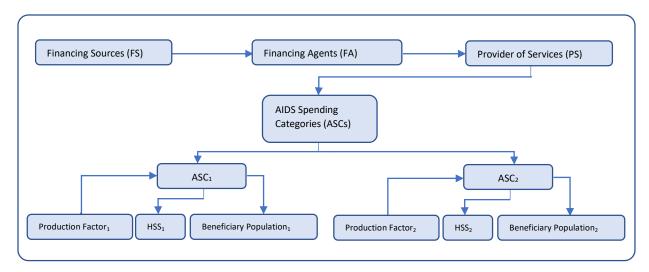
- To implement a methodology for systematic monitoring of HIV financial flows at national and state level using the NASA methodology in Nigeria.
- > To adapt the NASA methodology, classification and tools to the Nigeria context.
- Build national level capacity for systematic monitoring of HIV/AIDS financing flows using the NASA methodology, with a view to a yearly, fully-institutionalized NASA.
- To conduct an HIV spending assessment focusing on public, private and international sources.
- To identify and measure the flow of resources for HIV by funding source, funding agent, service provider function/ intervention, cost component (factor of production) and beneficiary population.
- To prepare a report of expenditure trends that will contribute to the use of the NASA findings.

## Scope of NASA

The NASA 2019 covered the period 2015 to 2018 and focused on tracking national level HIV expenditure at the national, state, donor, implementing partner, private sector and service provider levels. The expenditure analysis was in US Dollar in line with global NASA standards, using all the NASA vectors.

## Methodology

This study followed the UNAIDS methodology for NASA which prescribes a transaction as the basic unit of financial expenditure. A transaction is defined as "a transfer of funds (money) from a financing source (FS) to financing agent (FA) and finally from a financing agent (FA) to a provider of goods or services (FS $\rightarrow$  FA  $\rightarrow$  Provider) who invests in different production factors (PF) to generate an AIDS Spending Category (ASC) intended to benefit specific beneficiary populations (BP) and strengthen health system in certain areas."



#### Figure 4: Transactions

NASA is organised into three dimensions with corresponding vectors. In the financing dimension are financing sources (FS) and financing agents (FA). The provision dimension has providers of services (PS) and production factors (PF) as vectors. The vectors for the use dimension are AIDS spending categories (ASC), health system strengthening (HSS) and beneficiary populations (BP). These are structured in three hierarchical levels with corresponding funds to make up a transaction.

In addition, NASA deploys a "bottom up" and "top down" analysis of all transactions to avoid double counting. Funds expended are tracked both from the financing source down through various levels of financing agents to the relevant beneficiary population and from beneficiary population right back to the origin of the relevant funds. This is done by careful analysis of the institutional arrangements put in place by different levels of stakeholders in the HIV and AIDS response including government, donors, implementing partners, private sector and civil society.

#### **Study Population**

The study population is made up of organisations that are active in the HIV and AIDS response across the 36+1 states in Nigeria. This includes government institutions, bilateral and multilateral entities, donors, implementing partners, private sector businesses, service providers and civil society networks. Existing coordination platforms were leveraged to generate a listing of all organisations that are involved in programming for HIV and AIDS in the country. The generated list was subsequently used to contact the organisations to request for financial expenditure information.

#### Sampling Frames and Techniques

The sampling frame consists of all organisations involved in programming for HIV and AIDS in all 36+1 states in Nigeria. However, it was impracticable to obtain data from all relevant organisations in a vast country with multiple HIV response stakeholders as Nigeria. The study included key stakeholders that are estimated to contribute 80 percent of resources in the

response. All organisations that reported financial expenditure were included in the study sample.

#### Data Collection and Tools

Data collection was done through a process of contacting relevant organisations via emails requesting for financial expenditure data with the data collection tool attached in the emails. This was followed by phone calls and visits to the organisations to obtain the filled data collection tools. Between February and June, 2019, NASA study team members visited organisations across the 36+1 states in a country-wide data collection effort. Since most of the donor organisations and private sector were based in Abuja and Lagos, the data collection effort also centred around these cities and other state capitals.

The study simplified the standard NASA data collection tool to include sections and elements that will be easily filled by respondent organisations. It consisted of sections which are Reporting Period, Identification of the Institution, Type of Institution, Currency, Funds Transfer and Funds Expenditure. The elements under each section targeted a specific question within the NASA framework. The data collection tool is shown in the appendix III.

#### Description of Key Phases of the Study

Pre-planning activities for the conduct of NASA involved the development of the concept note which addressed issues such as rationale, approach and budget for the study. After preliminary consultations, authorization was obtained for the commencement of the study.

#### NASA Study Coordination Platforms

The NASA steering committee and technical committee were setup as coordination platforms for the study . While the terms of reference of the steering committee were to have oversight for the conduct, resourcing and management of the study, the technical committee provided technical guidance and operational support for the study. The steering committee was composed of chief executives of government, donor and implementing partner organisations. M&E and finance staff made up the technical committee. A key decision from a meeting of the steering committee was the non-engagement of consultants for this round of NASA study since local capacity has been developed through international training participation and experience over time.

#### **Orientation meeting**

The orientation meeting was a three-day event which aimed to familiarise participants with the NASA concept, methodology, data collection tools, Resource Tracking Tool (RTT) and data analysis. Participants were drawn from the M&E and finance staff of some HIV and AIDS organisations. These participants were instrumental in obtaining relevant data from their organisations afterwards.

#### Limitations of the Study

- Out-of-pocket expenditure was not reflected in this study. The out-of-pocket study needed to obtain this information was shelved due to funding constraints.
- State-level expenditure captured in the study was limited due to the limited funding available to reach all the relevant organisations at that level.
- Government waivers for HIV and AIDS goods including drugs and consumables were not captured in this study.
- Minimal level of estimations from secondary data such as budgets and reported budgetary expenditure were used to account for missing data by applying costing methods for expenditure incurred in delivering services. This costing was used in the estimation of government expenditure on human resources for HIV service provision for 2015 to 2018 where primary expenditure data was missing. 25% of recurrent budget figures were calculated and used as government expenditure on human resources. According to Resch Stephen<sup>11</sup>, health care workers spent 25% full time equivalent for HIV.

#### Data Processing and Analysis

The data obtained with the data collection tool was transformed into a standardised format using NASA Classification and Definitions document. During this process, each transaction and corresponding amount was assigned the relevant classification in accordance with the seven NASA vectors earlier mentioned. Expenditures reported in local currency were also converted to US dollars using the official exchange rates for the corresponding year.

On completion of data processing, the data was entered into the Resource Tracking Tool (RTT) for further processing, analysis and reporting.

#### Resource Tracking Tool

The Resource Tracking Tool (RTT) is a tool developed by UNAIDS for the analysis of NASA data. It receives as inputs all NASA transactions for a specific project, aggregates them and produces standardised reports that may be used for different purposes.

The study team inputted all transactions into the RTT and generated relevant reports as required.

<sup>11.</sup> Resch Stephen, H.W. Sustainability Analysis of HIV/AIDS in Nigeria. Dradt Bethseda, M D. Health Systems 20/20 project, Abt; 2009.

## **Chapter Three: Findings**

## Total Expenditure on HIV and AIDS

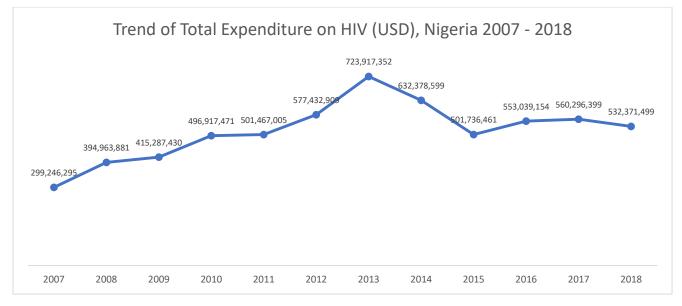
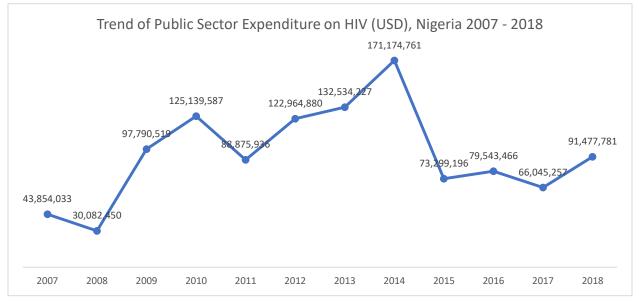


Figure 5: Trend of Total Expenditure on HIV (USD), Nigeria 2007 - 2018

Figure 5 above shows the trend of the total expenditure on HIV and AIDS in Nigeria from 2007 through 2018. There was a steady increase from 2007 to 2013 after which there was a decline in 2014 and 2015 respectively. Though there was a slight increase in 2016, HIV expenditure since then has flatlined.

## Trend of Public Sector Expenditure



#### Figure 6: Trend of Public Sector Expenditure on HIV (USD), Nigeria 2007 - 2018

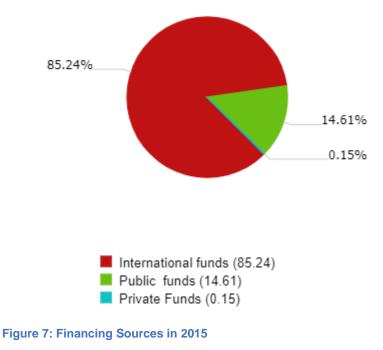
The public sector contribution as shown in Figure 6 increased from USD30,082,450 (7.6%) in 2008 to USD125,139,587 (25.18%) in 2010, decreased to USD88,875,936 (17.7%) in 2011, increased from 122,964,880 USD (21.29 %) in 2012 to 171,174,761 USD (27.07%) in 2014 which then decreased to USD73,299,196 (14.61%) in 2015 and later increased from USD66,045,257 (11.79%) 2017 to USD91,477,782 (17.18%) 2018.

#### **Financing Sources**

#### Table 3: Financing Sources in 2015 and 2016

	2015		2016	
Financing Source	Amount (USD) %		Amount (USD)	%
FS.01 Public funds	73,299,195.99	14.61%	79,543,466.19	14.38%
FS.01.01				
Territorial				
government funds	73,299,195.99	14.61%	79,543,466.19	14.38%
FS.02 Private				
Funds	760,193.59	0.15%	1,559,340.10	0.28%
FS.02.01 For-profit				
institutions and				
corporations	201,169.00	0.04%	161,906.00	0.03%
FS.02.03 Not-				
for-profit				
institutions (other				
than social				
insurance)	559,024.59	0.11%	1,389,849.10	0.25%
FS.03				
International				
funds	427,677,071.15	85.24%	471,936,347.54	85.34%
FS.03.01 Direct				
bilateral				
contributions	375,906,406.04	74.92%	412,028,299.52	74.50%
FS.03.02				
Multilateral				
Agencies (ii)	51,601,901.11	10.28%	58,695,341.02	10.61%
FS.03.03				
International not-				
for-profit				
organizations and				
foundations	168,764.00	0.03%	1,212,707.00	0.22%
Total	501,736,460.73	100.00%	553,039,153.83	100.00%

The table above shows the public sector expenditure for the year 2015 and 2016 which accounted for USD73,299,195.99 (14.61%) and USD79,543,466.19 (14.38%) respectively while the private sector expenditure accounted for USD 760,193.59 (0.15%) and USD1,559,340.10 (0.28%) and international expenditure accounted for USD 427,677,071.15 (85.24%) and USD471,936,347.54 (85.34%) in 2015 and 2016 respectively.



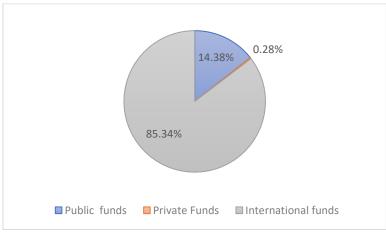
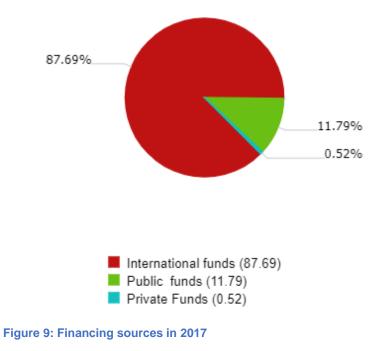


Figure 8: Financing Sources in 2016

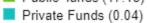
#### Table 4: Financing Sources in 2017 and 2018

	2017		2018		
Financing Source	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%	
FS.01 Public funds	66,045,257.23	11.79%	91,477,782.19	17.18%	
FS.01.01					
Territorial					
government funds	66,045,257.23	11.79%	91,477,782.19	17.18%	
FS.02 Private					
Funds	2,936,398.20	0.52%	197,273.00	0.04%	
FS.02.01 For-profit					
institutions and					
corporations	183,883.91	0.03%	79,874.00	0.02%	
FS.02.03 Not-					
for-profit					
institutions (other					
than social					
insurance)	2,752,514.29	0.49%	117,399.00	0.02%	
FS.03					
International					
funds	491,314,743.38	87.69%	440,696,444.00	82.78%	
FS.03.01 Direct					
bilateral					
contributions	303,295,645.00	54.13%	355,296,799.00	66.74%	
FS.03.02					
Multilateral					
Agencies (ii)	184,729,315.19	32.97%	80,628,185.00	15.15%	
FS.03.03					
International not-					
for-profit					
organizations and					
foundations	3,284,902.19	0.59%	4,771,460.00	0.90%	
FS.03.04					
International for					
profit					
organizations	4,881.00	0.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	560,296,398.81	100.00%	532,371,499.19	100.00%	

Table 4 above shows that public sector expenditure was USD66,045,257.23 (11.79%) and USD91,477,782.19 (17.18%) for 2017 and 2018 respectively. Private sector expenditure was USD2,936,398.20 (0.52%) and USD197,273.00 (0.04%) while international expenditure accounted for USD491,314,743.38 (87.69%) and USD440,696,444.00 (82.78%) in the review period.







#### Figure 10: Financing Sources in 2018

## Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories

#### Table 5: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2015

2015									
Financing Sources	FS.01 Public funds		FS.02 Private Funds		FS.03 International funds				
AIDS Spending	Amount		Amount						
Categories	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%			
ASC.01 Prevention	28,117,087.17	38.36%	335,820.17	44.18%	65,591,911.76	15.34%			
ASC.02 Care and									
treatment	259 <i>,</i> 146.63	0.35%		0.00%	308,350,338.07	72.10%			
ASC.03 Orphans and									
vulnerable children									
(OVC)	669,218.51	0.91%	6,544.75	0.86%	75,346.00	0.02%			
ASC.04 Programme									
management and									
administration	19,447,036.55	26.53%	406,899.67	53.53%	20,640,675.48	4.83%			
ASC.05 Human									
resources	24,770,553.13	33.79%	10,929.00	1.44%	508,112.69	0.12%			
ASC.06 Social protection									
and social services									
(excluding OVC)	21,699.00	0.03%		0.00%	32,369,974.00	7.57%			
ASC.07 Enabling									
environment	14,455.00	0.02%		0.00%	140,713.15	0.03%			
Total	73,299,195.99	100.00%	760,193.59	100.00%	427,677,071.15	100.00%			

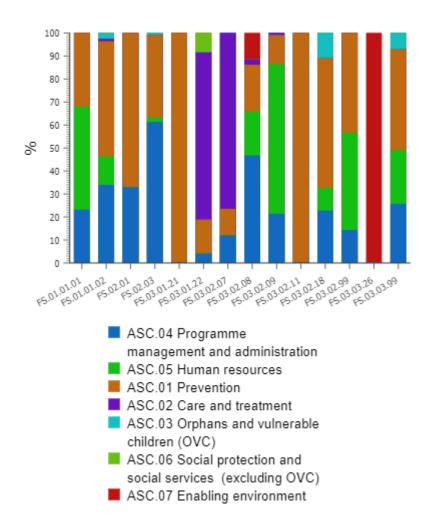
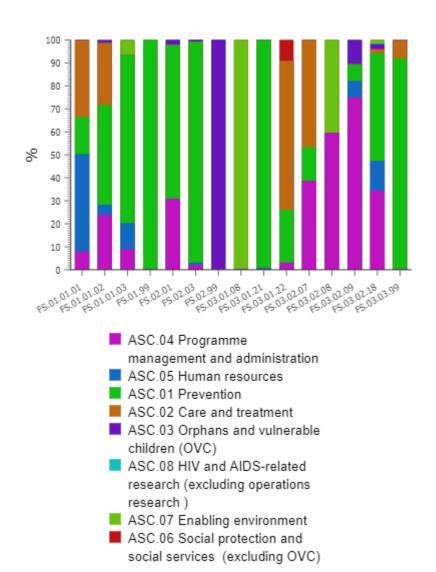


Figure 11: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2015

2016									
					FS.03				
	FS.01 Public		FS.02 Private		International				
<b>Financing Sources</b>	funds		Funds		funds				
AIDS Spending			Amount						
Categories	Amount (USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%			
ASC.01 Prevention	14,420,719.37	18.13%	575,303.50	36.89%	125,027,086.83	26.49%			
ASC.02 Care and									
treatment	26,323,632.23	33.09%	19,070.32	1.22%	276,465,646.78	58.58%			
ASC.03 Orphans									
and vulnerable									
children (OVC)	182,071.80	0.23%	251,413.96	16.12%	184,814.89	0.04%			

#### Table 6: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2016

ASC.04 Programme						
management and						
administration	6,935,585.27	8.72%	475,766.66	30.51%	33,378,249.02	7.07%
ASC.05 Human						
resources	31,599,086.69	39.73%	233,212.66	14.96%	514,508.25	0.11%
ASC.06 Social						
protection and						
social services						
(excluding OVC)	7,470.00	0.01%	1,176.00	0.08%	36,226,749.00	7.68%
ASC.07 Enabling						
environment	59,634.83	0.07%	3,397.00	0.22%	126,196.39	0.03%
ASC.08 HIV and						
AIDS-related						
research (excluding						
operations						
research )	15,266.00	0.02%		0.00%	13,096.38	0.00%
Grand Total	79,543,466.19	100.00%	1,559,340.10	100.00%	471,936,347.54	100.00%

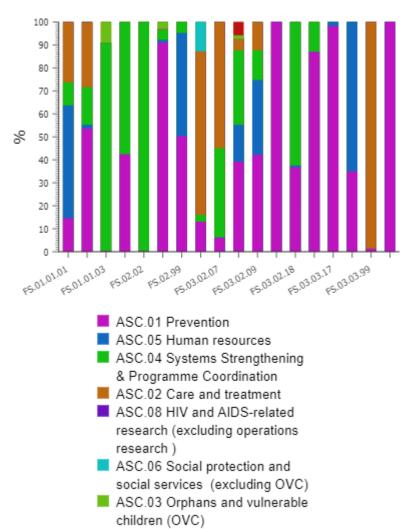


# Figure 12: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2016

Table 7: Financing	J Sources b	y AIDS	Spending	Categories in 2017
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2017									
	FS.01 Public		FS.02 Private		FS.03 International				
Financing Sources	funds		Funds		funds				
AIDS Spending	Amount		Amount						
Categories	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%			
ASC.01 Prevention	14,248,456.43	21.57%	2,567,100.29	87.42%	68,389,500.59	13.92%			
ASC.02 Care and									
treatment	17,800,689.94	26.95%	7,011.00	0.24%	286,568,680.24	58.33%			

ASC.03 Orphans and vulnerable children						
(OVC)	588.00	0.00%	95,005.00	3.24%	50,430.00	0.01%
ASC.04 Systems						
Strengthening &						
Programme						
Coordination	7,406,809.18	11.21%	224,712.91	7.65%	95,483,924.87	19.43%
ASC.05 Human						
resources	26,556,033.68	40.21%	42,569.00	1.45%	936,520.68	0.19%
ASC.06 Social protection						
and social services						
(excluding OVC)	16,340.00	0.02%		0.00%	39,857,804.00	8.11%
ASC.07 Enabling						
environment		0.00%		0.00%	26,707.00	0.01%
ASC.08 HIV and AIDS-						
related research						
(excluding operations						
research )	16,340.00	0.02%		0.00%	1,176.00	0.00%
Grand Total	66,045,257.23	100.00%	2,936,398.20	100.00%	491,314,743.38	100.00%



ASC.07 Enabling environment

#### Figure 13: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2017

Table 8: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2018
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2018								
Financing Sources	FS.01 Public funds		FS.02 Private Funds		FS.03 International funds			
AIDS Spending	Amount		Amount					
Categories	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%		
ASC.01 Prevention	22,528,923.85	24.63%	85,902.00	43.54%	45,194,315.00	10.26%		
ASC.02 Care and								
treatment	7,877,771.00	8.61%		0.00%	230,569,669.00	52.32%		
ASC.04 Programme								
management and								
administration	34,782,609.13	38.02%	111,371.00	56.46%	127,934,377.00	29.03%		

ASC.05 Human						
resources	26,094,707.21	28.53%		0.00%	3,232,645.00	0.73%
ASC.06 Social protection						
and social services						
(excluding OVC)	185,557.00	0.20%		0.00%	33,754,442.00	7.66%
ASC.07 Enabling						
environment	8,214.00	0.01%		0.00%	10,996.00	0.00%
Grand Total	91,477,782.19	100.00%	197,273.00	100.00%	440,696,444.00	100.00%

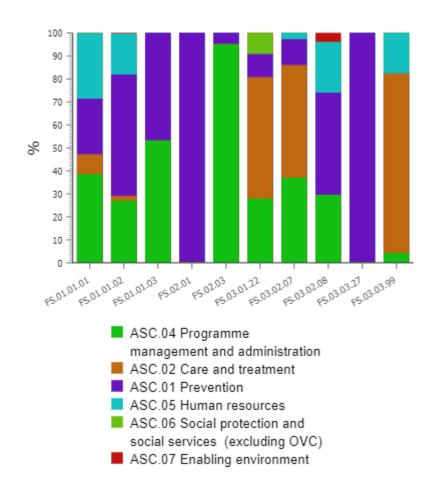


Figure 14: Financing Sources by AIDS Spending Categories in 2018

Tables 5-8 above show the contributions of the financing sources to the AIDS spending categories in 2015 through 2018. In 2015, out of the USD73,299,195.99 from public funds, the highest expenditure of 38.36% was on prevention and the lowest was on enabling environment. Out of the USD760,193.59 from private funds, the highest expenditure of 53.53% was on programme management and administration while out of the USD427,677,071.15 from international funds the highest expenditure of 72.10% was on care and treatment.

In 2016, public funds contributed USD79,543,466.19 of which the highest expenditure of 39.73% was for care and treatment. Of the USD1,559,340.10 from private funds, 36.89% was expended

on prevention and out of the USD471,936,347.54 from international funds, 58.58% was expended on care and treatment.

In 2017, USD66,045,257.23 came from public funds of which 40.21% was expended on human resources. Private funds contributed USD2,936,398.20 of which 87.42% was expended on prevention while 58.33% of USD491,314,743.38 in international funds was expended on care and treatment.

In 2018, public, private and international funds contributed USD91,477,782.19, USD197,273.00 and USD440,696,444.00 respectively. Of these funds, the highest expenditures were 38.02% to programme management and administration, 56.46% to programme management and administration and 52.32% to care and treatment respectively.

Further second-level disaggregation of AIDS Spending Categories (ASC) are available in the PEPFAR Expenditure Analysis (EA) in Appendix VIII.

Financing Sources by Beneficiary Population

#### Table 9: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Population in 2015

2015						
Financing Sources	FS.01 Public funds		FS.02 Private Funds		FS.03 International funds	
Depeticien, Deputation	Amount	0/	Amount	0/		0/
Beneficiary Population	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
BP.01 People living with						
HIV (regardless of having						
a medical/clinical						
diagnosis of AIDS)	280,845.63	0.38%	7,520.00	0.99%	340,750,915.07	79.67%
BP.02 Most at risk						
populations	2,678,165.14	3.65%	4,993.00	0.66%	1,846,090.92	0.43%
BP.03 Other key						
populations	10,198,792.18	13.91%	6,544.75	0.86%	619,454.33	0.14%
BP.04 Specific						
"accessible" populations	1,487,210.05	2.03%	84,010.00	11.05%	2,532,575.91	0.59%
BP.05 General						
population	15,015,022.58	20.48%	244,391.17	32.15%	60,826,483.75	14.22%
BP.06 Non-targeted						
interventions	43,639,160.41	59.54%	412,734.67	54.29%	21,101,551.17	4.93%
Grand Total	73,299,195.99	100.00%	760,193.59	100.00%	427,677,071.15	100.00%

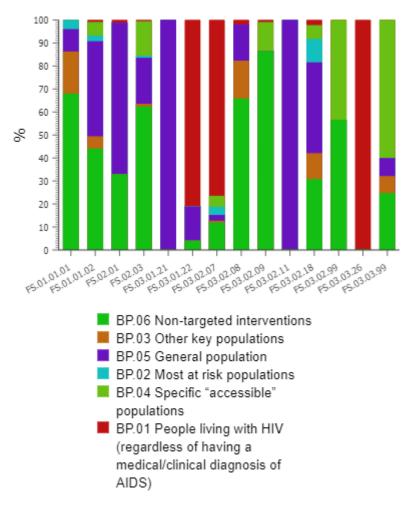


Figure 15: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Population in 2015

## Table 10: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Population in 2016

2016						
Financing Sources	FS.01 Public funds		FS.02 Private Funds		FS.03 International funds	
	Amount	_	Amount	_		
Beneficiary Population	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
BP.01 People living with						
HIV (regardless of having						
a medical/clinical						
diagnosis of AIDS)	24,888,538.32	31.29%	48,179.32	3.09%	318,674,697.28	67.52%
BP.02 Most at risk						
populations	424,016.69	0.53%	243,692.40	15.63%	7,323,265.09	1.55%
BP.03 Other key						
populations	328,146.04	0.41%	433 <i>,</i> 563.96	27.80%	487,336.10	0.10%
BP.04 Specific						
"accessible" populations	2,971,536.33	3.74%	21,128.00	1.35%	87,598.39	0.02%
BP.05 General						
population	7,909,579.93	9.94%	343,457.76	22.03%	117,638,407.43	24.93%
BP.06 Non-targeted						
interventions	43,021,648.88	54.09%	469,318.66	30.10%	27,725,043.25	5.87%
Grand Total	79,543,466.19	100.00%	1,559,340.10	100.00%	471,936,347.54	100.00%

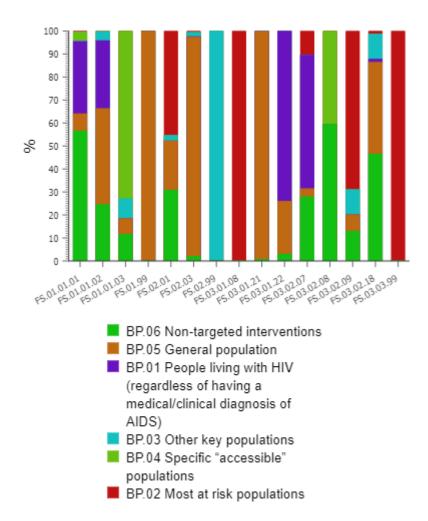
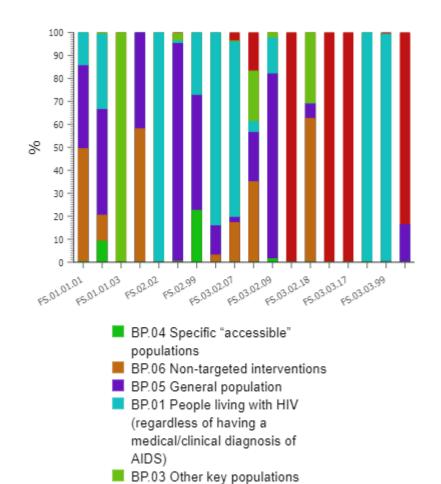


Figure 16: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Population in 2016

2017								
	FS.01 Public		FS.02 Private		FS.03 International			
Financing Sources	funds		Funds		funds			
	Amount		Amount					
<b>Beneficiary Population</b>	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%		
BP.01 People living with								
HIV (regardless of having								
a medical/clinical								
diagnosis of AIDS)	11,888,661.59	18.00%	35,830.00	1.22%	352,312,296.24	71.71%		
BP.02 Most at risk								
populations	1,320.00	0.00%	12,369.00	0.42%	4,763,003.53	0.97%		

Table 11: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Population in 2017

BP.03 Other key						
populations	109,317.97	0.17%	91,808.00	3.13%	19,860,637.16	4.04%
BP.04 Specific						
"accessible" populations	1,198,652.48	1.81%	10,273.00	0.35%	9,515.00	0.00%
BP.05 General						
population	25,057,098.73	37.94%	2,680,376.29	91.28%	45,570,626.32	9.28%
BP.06 Non-targeted						
interventions	27,790,206.46	42.08%	105,741.91	3.60%	68,798,665.13	14.00%
Grand Total	66,045,257.23	100.00%	2,936,398.20	100.00%	491,314,743.38	100.00%



BP.02 Most at risk populations

Figure 17: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Populations in 2017

#### Table 12: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Populations in 2018

2018						
Financing Sources	FS.01 Public funds		FS.02 Private Funds		FS.03 International funds	
	Amount		Amount			
<b>Beneficiary Population</b>	(USD)	%	(USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
BP.01 People living with						
HIV (regardless of having						
a medical/clinical						
diagnosis of AIDS)	7,877,771.00	8.61%		0.00%	263,994,191.00	59.90%
BP.02 Most at risk						
populations		0.00%	79,874.00	40.49%	1,123,935.00	0.26%
BP.03 Other key						
populations	11,208,005.00	12.25%	907.00	0.46%	695,122.00	0.16%
BP.04 Specific						
"accessible" populations	78,634.00	0.09%		0.00%	6,808.00	0.00%
BP.05 General						
population	11,119,599.85	12.16%	5,121.00	2.60%	97,175,896.00	22.05%
BP.06 Non-targeted						
interventions	61,193,772.34	66.89%	111,371.00	56.46%	77,700,492.00	17.63%
Grand Total	91,477,782.19	100.00%	197,273.00	100.00%	440,696,444.00	100.00%

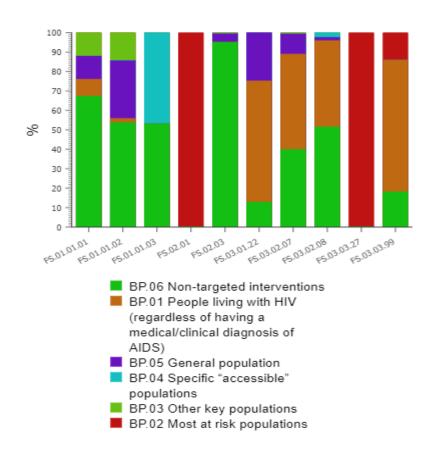


Figure 18: Financing Sources by Beneficiary Populations in 2018

Tables 9 – 12 above shows the expenditure of the financing sources to the beneficiary populations in 2015 through 2018. In 2015, out of the USD73,299,195.99 from public funds, the highest expenditure of 59.54% was on non-targeted interventions and the lowest was on people living with HIV. Out of the USD760,193.59 from private funds, the highest expenditure of 54.29% was on non-targeted intervention while out of the USD427,677,071.15 from international funds the highest expenditure of 79.67% was on people living with HIV.

In 2016, public funds contributed USD79,543,466.19 of which the highest expenditure of 54.09% was for non-targeted intervention. Of the USD1,559,340.10 from private funds, 67.52% was expended on non-targeted interventions and out of the USD471,936,347.54 from international funds, 30.10% was expended on people living with HIV.

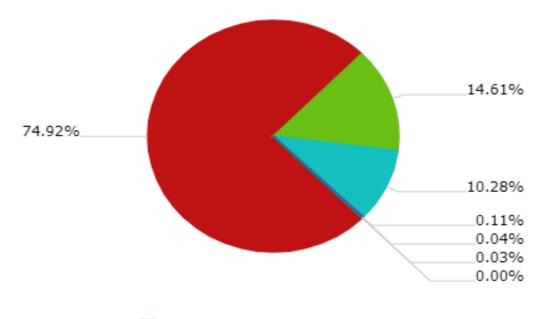
In 2017, USD66,045,257.23 came from public funds of which 42.08% was expended on nontargeted intervention. Private funds contributed USD2,936,398.20 of which 91.28% was expended on general population while 71.71% of USD491,314,743.38 in international funds was expended on people living with HIV. In 2018, public, private and international funds contributed USD91,477,782.19, USD197,273.00 and USD440,696,444.00 respectively. Of these funds, the highest expenditures were 66.89% and 56.46% to non-targeted population, and 59.9% to people living with HIV respectively.

#### Expenditure by Financing Agents

#### Table 13: Expenditure by Financing Agents in 2015 and 2016

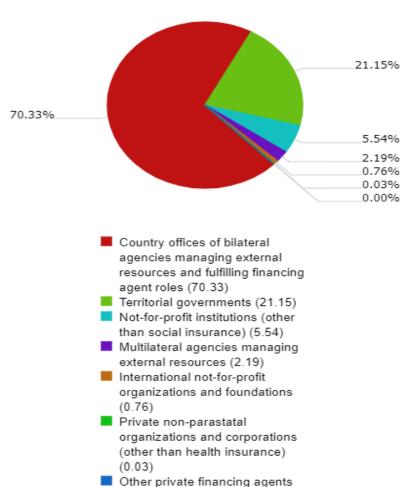
	2015		2016	
Financing Agent	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
FA.01 Public sector	73,299,195.99	14.61%	116,954,655.06	21.15%
FA.01.01				
Territorial				
governments	73,299,195.99	14.61%	116,954,655.06	21.15%
FA.02 Private				
sector	783,823.59	0.16%	30,779,118.91	5.57%
FA.02.03 Private				
insurance				
enterprises (other				
than social				
insurance)	24,180.00	0.00%	30,628,694.91	5.54%
FA.02.05 Not-				
for-profit				
institutions (other				
than social				
insurance)	558,446.59	0.11%	147,658.00	0.03%
FA.02.06 Private				
non-parastatal				
organizations and				
corporations				
(other than health				
insurance)	201,197.00	0.04%	2,766.00	0.00%
FA.03				
International				
purchasing				
organizations	427,653,441.15	85.23%	405,305,379.86	73.29%
FA.03.01				
Country offices of				
bilateral agencies				
managing external	275 006 406 04	74.020/		70.220/
resources and	375,906,406.04	74.92%	388,958,223.51	70.33%

fulfilling financing				
agent roles				
FA.03.02				
Multilateral				
agencies managing				
external resources	51,578,271.11	10.28%	12,117,114.35	2.19%
FA.03.03				
International not-				
for-profit				
organizations and				
foundations	168,764.00	0.03%	4,230,042.00	0.76%
Total	501,736,460.73	100.00%	553,039,153.83	100.00%



- Country offices of bilateral agencies managing external resources and fulfilling financing agent roles (74.92)
- Territorial governments (14.61)
   Multilateral agencies managing external resources (10.28)
- Not-for-profit institutions (other than social insurance) (0.11)
- Private non-parastatal organizations and corporations (other than health insurance) (0.04)
- International not-for-profit organizations and foundations (0.03)
- Private insurance enterprises (other than social insurance) (0.00)





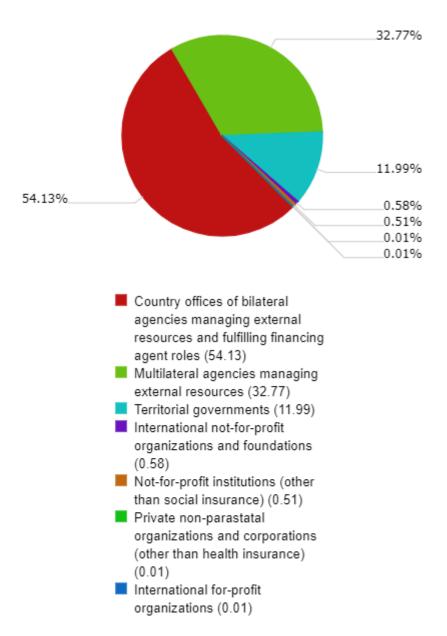
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#### Figure 20: Expenditure by Financing Agents in 2016

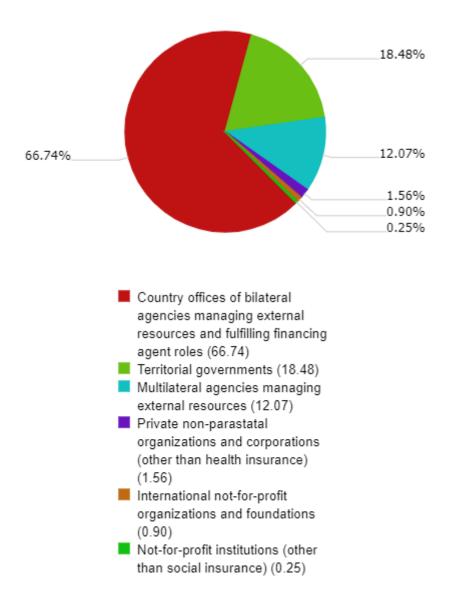
	2017		2018	
<b>Financing Agent</b>	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
FA.01 Public sector	67,178,338.86	11.99%	98,368,238.19	18.48%
FA.01.01				
Territorial				
governments	67,178,338.86	11.99%	98,368,238.19	18.48%
FA.02 Private				
sector	2,951,760.20	0.53%	9,663,700.00	1.82%

#### Table 14: Expenditure by Financing Agents in 2017 and 2018

FA.02.05 Not-for- profit institutions (other than social	2 076 520 20	0.51%	4 222 206 00	0.25%
insurance)	2,876,520.20	0.51%	1,332,396.00	0.25%
FA.02.06 Private				
non-parastatal				
organizations and corporations				
(other than health				
insurance)	75,240.00	0.01%	8,331,304.00	1.56%
FA.03	73,240.00	0.0170	0,551,504.00	1.5070
International				
purchasing				
organizations	490,166,299.75	87.48%	424,339,561.00	79.71%
FA.03.01	· · ·			
Country offices of				
bilateral agencies				
managing external				
resources and				
fulfilling financing				
agent roles	303,295,645.00	54.13%	355,296,799.00	66.74%
FA.03.02				
Multilateral				
agencies managing				
external resources	183,599,723.56	32.77%	64,271,302.00	12.07%
FA.03.03				
International not-				
for-profit				
organizations and				
foundations	3,240,830.19	0.58%	4,771,460.00	0.90%
FA.03.04				
International for-				
profit				
organizations	30,101.00	0.01%	0	0.00%
Total	560,296,398.81	100.00%	532,371,499.19	100.00%







#### Figure 22: Expenditure by Financing Agents in 2018

Tables 13 - 14 above presents expenditure of financing agents for HIV and AIDS services for the years 2015 through 2018. Country offices of bilateral agencies had the highest expenditure of USD375,906,406.04 (74.92%) and USD388,958,223.51 (70.33%) in 2015 and 2016 respectively. This was followed by territorial governments which accounted for USD73,299,195.99 (14.61%) and USD 116,954,655.06 (21.15%). The expenditure of multilateral agencies were also significant at USD51,578,271.11 (10.28%) and USD12,117,114.35 (2.19%) in 2015 and 2016 respectively. While private insurance enterprises accounted for USD30,779,118.91 (5.57%) in 2016, the expenditure of other categories of financing agents were less than 1% in 2015 and 2016.

The expenditure of bilateral agencies declined to USD303,295,645.00 (54.13%) and USD355,296,799.00 (66.74%) in 2017 and 2018 respectively while those of multilateral

agencies rose to USD183,599,723.56 (32.77%) and USD64,271,302.00 (12.07%). The expenditure of territorial governments stood at USD67,178,338.86 (11.99%) and 98,368,238.19 (18.48%) in 2017 and 2018 respectively. Private non-parastatal organizations and corporations had an expenditure of USD8,331,304.00 (1.56%) in 2018 while other financing agent categories each had expenditures that were less than 1% in 2017 and 2018 as shown in Figures above.

## HIV expenditure through Service Providers

	2015		2016	
Service Provider	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
PS.01 Public sector				
providers	451,653,183.03	90.02%	480,450,889.17	86.87%
PS.01.01				
Governmental				
organizations	438,419,926.42	87.38%	475,772,827.62	86.03%
PS.01.02				
Parastatal				
organizations	13,233,256.61	2.64%	4,678,061.55	0.85%
PS.02 Private				
sector providers	50,083,277.70	9.98%	71,375,557.66	12.91%
PS.02.01 Non-				
profit providers	50,079,301.70	9.98%	71,375,557.66	12.91%
PS.02.02 For				
profit private				
sector providers				
(including for-				
profit FBOs)	3,976.00	0.00%	0	0.00%
PS.03 Bilateral				
and multilateral				
entities – in				
country offices	0	0.00%	1,212,707.00	0.22%
PS.03.02				
Multilateral				
agencies	0	0.00%	1,212,707.00	0.22%
Total	501,736,460.73	100.00%	553,039,153.83	100.00%

Table 15: HIV expenditure through Service Providers in 2015 and 2016

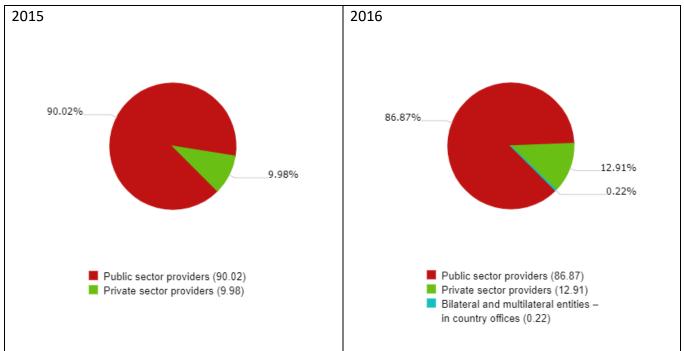


Figure 23: HIV expenditure through Service Providers in 2015 and 2016

	2017		2018	
Service Provider	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
PS.01 Public sector				
providers	404,596,323.01	72.21%	328,836,655.19	61.77%
PS.01.01				
Governmental				
organizations	404,596,323.01	72.21%	321,523,799.00	60.39%
PS.01.02				
Parastatal				
organizations			7,300,042.19	1.37%
PS.01.99 Public				
sector providers				
n.e.c.	0	0.00%	12,814.00	0.00%
PS.02 Private				
sector providers	155,333,963.80	27.72%	203,420,364.00	38.21%
PS.02.01 Non-				
profit providers	155,333,963.80	27.72%	203,420,364.00	38.21%
PS.03 Bilateral				
and multilateral				
entities – in				
country offices	366,112.00	0.07%	114,480.00	0.02%

#### Table 16: HIV expenditure through Service Providers in 2017 and 2018

PS.03.01 Bilateral agencies	0	0.00%	114,480.00	0.02%
PS.03.02				
Multilateral				
agencies	366,112.00	0.07%	0	0.00%
Total	560,296,398.81	100.00%	532,371,499.19	100.00%

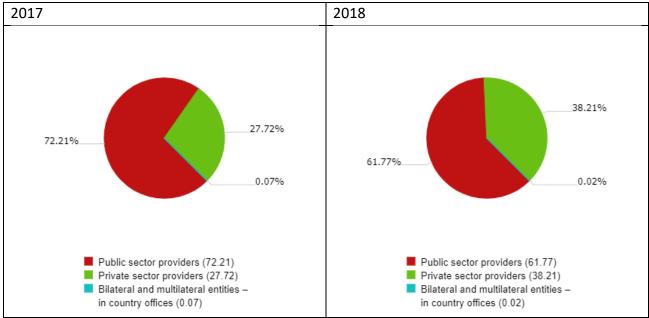


Figure 24: HIV expenditure through Service Providers in 2017 and 2018

The Tables 15 - 16 above, present HIV and AIDS expenditure through categories of service providers. Most service provision was done through governmental organizations in the public sector which accounted for USD438,419,926.42 (87.38%) and USD475,772,827.62 (86.03%) in 2015 and 2016 respectively. This is followed by non-profit providers in the private sector which stands at USD50,079,301.70 (9.98%) and USD71,375,557.66 (12.91%). Other providers are parastatal organizations, for profit private sector providers and multilateral agencies.

The same trend followed in 2017 and 2018, where governmental organizations carried out service provision amounting to USD404,596,323.01 (72.21%) and USD321,523,799.00 (60.39%)

followed by non-profit providers at USD155,333,963.80 (27.72%) and USD203,420,364.00 (38.21%) respectively.

## Expenditure on AIDS Spending Categories

# Table 17: Expenditure on AIDS Spending Categories in 2015 and 2016

	2015		2016	
AIDS Spending				
Category	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
ASC.01 Prevention	94,044,819.10	18.74%	140,023,109.70	25.32%
ASC.02 Care and				
treatment	308,609,484.70	61.51%	302,808,349.33	54.75%
ASC.03 Orphans				
and vulnerable				
children (OVC)	751,109.26	0.15%	618,300.65	0.11%
ASC.04 Programme				
management and				
administration	40,494,611.70	8.07%	40,789,600.96	7.38%
ASC.05 Human				
resources	25,289,594.82	5.04%	32,346,807.60	5.85%
ASC.06 Social				
protection and				
social services				
(excluding OVC)	32,391,673.00	6.46%	36,235,395.00	6.55%
ASC.07 Enabling				
environment	155,168.15	0.03%	189,228.22	0.03%
ASC.08 HIV and				
AIDS-related				
research (excluding				
operations				
research)				
	0	0.00%	28,362.38	0.01%
Total	501,736,460.73	100.00%	553,039,153.83	100.00%

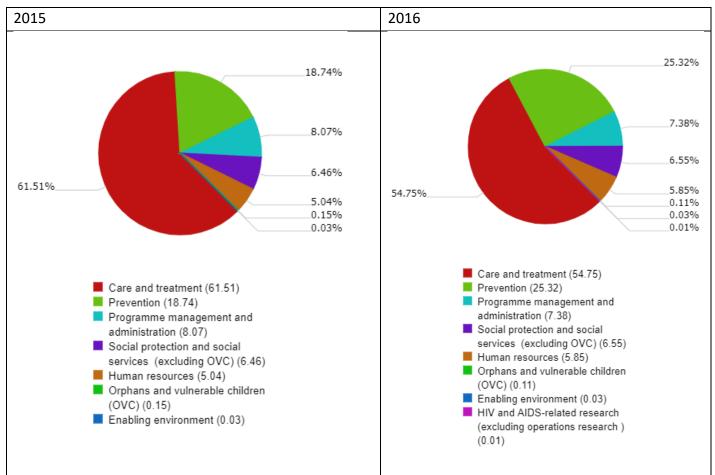


Figure 25: Expenditure on AIDS Spending Categories in 2015 and 2016

#### Table 18: Expenditure on AIDS Spending Categories in 2017 and 2018

	2017		2018	
AIDS Spending				
Category	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
ASC.01 Prevention	85,205,057.31	15.21%	67,809,140.85	12.74%
ASC.02 Care and				
treatment	304,376,381.18	54.32%	238,447,440.00	44.79%
ASC.03 Orphans				
and vulnerable				
children (OVC)	146,023.00	0.03%		
ASC.04 Programme				
management and				
administration	103,115,446.96	18.40%	162,828,357.13	30.59%
ASC.05 Human				
resources	27,535,123.36	4.91%	29,327,352.21	5.51%

ASC.06 Social protection and				
social services				
(excluding OVC)	39,874,144.00	7.12%	33,939,999.00	6.38%
ASC.07 Enabling	55,67 1,1 11.00	7.12/0	33,333,333.00	0.0070
environment	26,707.00	0.00%	19,210.00	0.00%
ASC.08 HIV and				
AIDS-related				
research (excluding				
operations				
research )				
	17 516 00	0.00%		
	17,516.00	0.00%		
Total	560,296,398.81	100.00%	532,371,499.19	100.00%

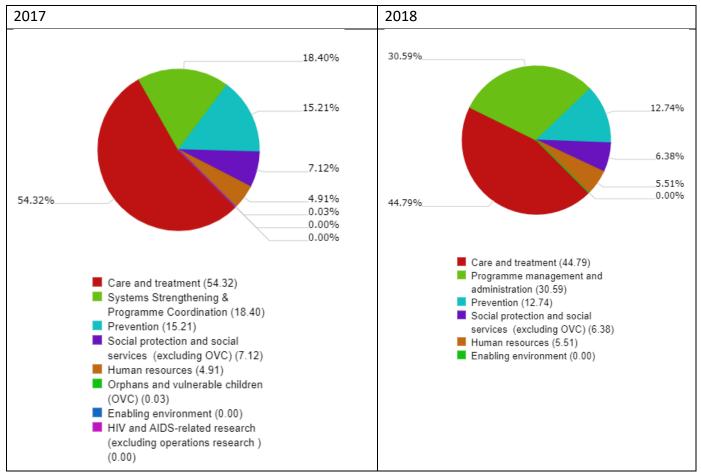


Figure 26: Expenditure on AIDS Spending Categories in 2017 and 2018

In Tables 17 – 18 above, expenditure on goods and services(AIDS Spending Categories) are presented. The highest expenditure of USD308,609,484.70 (61.51%) and USD302,808,349.33

(54.75%) went to care and treatment in 2015 and 2016, followed by prevention with USD94,044,819.10 (18.74%) and USD140,023,109.70 (25.32%) while the lowest was for HIV and AIDS-related research. This expenditure figure for care and treatment declined to USD304,376,381.18 (54.32%) and USD238,447,440.00 (44.79%) in 2017 and 2018 respectively, though, the category still had the highest expenditure, while the lowest expenditure was for HIV and AIDS-related research as in 2015 and 2016.

## Expenditure on Beneficiary Population

	2015		2016	
Beneficiary				
Population	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
BP.01 People living				
with HIV				
(regardless of				
having a				
medical/clinical				
diagnosis of AIDS)	341,039,280.70	67.97%	343,611,414.92	62.13%
BP.02 Most at				
risk populations	4,529,249.06	0.90%	7,990,974.18	1.44%
BP.03 Other key				
populations	10,824,791.26	2.16%	1,249,046.10	0.23%
BP.04 Specific				
"accessible"				
populations	4,103,795.96	0.82%	3,080,262.72	0.56%
BP.05 General				
population	76,085,897.50	15.16%	125,891,445.12	22.76%
BP.06 Non-				
targeted				
interventions	65,153,446.25	12.99%	71,216,010.80	12.88%
Total	501,736,460.73	100.00%	553,039,153.83	100.00%

 Table 19: Expenditure on Beneficiary Population in 2015 and 2016

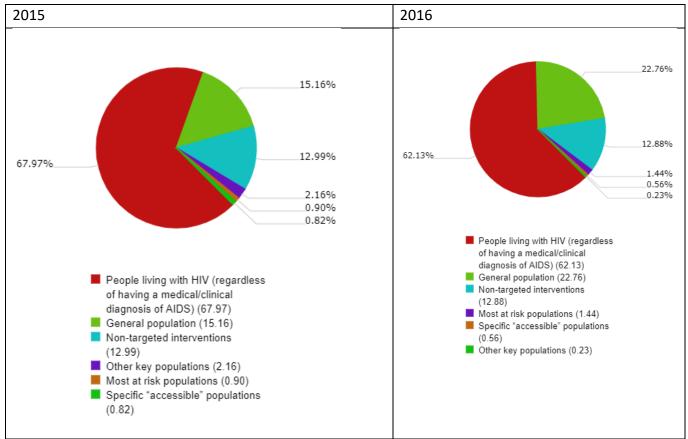
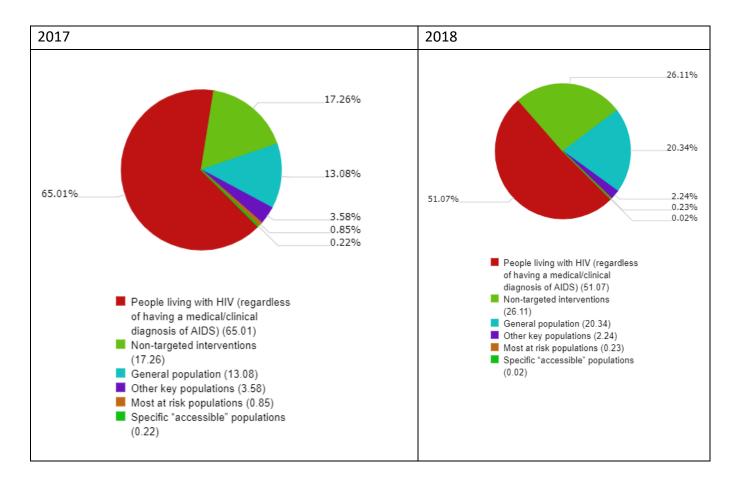


Figure 27: Expenditure on Beneficiary Population in 2015 and 2016

	2017		2018	
Beneficiary				
Population	Amount (USD)	%	Amount (USD)	%
BP.01 People living				
with HIV				
(regardless of				
having a				
medical/clinical				
diagnosis of AIDS)	364,236,787.83	65.01%	271,871,962.00	51.07%
BP.02 Most at				
risk populations	4,776,692.53	0.85%	1,203,809.00	0.23%
BP.03 Other key				
populations	20,061,763.13	3.58%	11,904,034.00	2.24%
BP.04 Specific				
"accessible"				
populations	1,218,440.48	0.22%	85,442.00	0.02%

#### Table 20: Expenditure on Beneficiary Population in 2017 and 2018

BP.05 General				
population	73,308,101.34	13.08%	108,300,616.85	20.34%
BP.06 Non-				
targeted				
interventions	96,694,613.50	17.26%	139,005,635.34	26.11%
Total	560,296,398.81	100.00%	532,371,499.19	100.00%



#### Figure 28: Expenditure on Beneficiary Population in 2017 and 2018

The Tables 19–20 above show expenditures on beneficiary population in 2015 and 2016. Where People Living with HIV (PLHIV) had the highest USD341,039,280.70 (67.97%) and USD343,611,414.92USD (62.13%) from the total expenditure of USD 501,736,460.73 in 2015 and USD553,039,153.83 in 2016, respectively. This was followed by the general population with USD76,085,897.50 (15.16%) in 2015 and USD125,891,445.12 (22.76%) in 2016. This trend was replicated in 2017 and 2018, where People Living with HIV (PLHIV) had the highest expenditure of USD364,236,787.83 (65.01%) and USD 271,871,962.00 (51.07%) out of the total expenditure of USD560,296,398.81 and USD 532,371,499.19 in 2017 and 2018 respectively. The non-targeted

interventions had USD 96,694,613.50 (17.26%) in 2017 and USD 139,005,635.34 (26.11%) in 2018.

#### Chapter Four: Discussions

#### 4.1 Financing Sources

The study showed that government contribution increased from USD43,854,033 (14.60%) in 2007, peaked at 171,174,761 (27.07%) in 2014 before dropping to USD73,299,196 (14.61%) in 2015 and increased again to USD91,477,781 (17.18%) in 2018. Further analysis shows that international funds accounted for most of the expenditures in the response. In absolute terms the expenditure by International funding sources increased from USD364,581,432 in 2008 to USD447,769,523 in 2014 and USD440,696,444 in 2018. However expenditure by international donors as a proportion of total HIV expenditure decreased from a peak of 92.3% in 2008 to 82.78% in 2018. Private sector contributions have been low over the years. Overall, HIV spending increased from USD299,246,295 in 2007, peaked at USD723,917,352 in 2013 before decreasing to USD532,371,499 in 2018. The study showed that the HIV response is still donor dependent, even with observed increase in government contributions.

#### 4.2 Financing Agents

International purchasing organizations made up of bilateral and multilateral agencies mainly took the programmatic decisions on AIDS spending categories, beneficiary populations and service providers accounting for 85.23% (USD405,305,379.86), 73.29% (USD427,653,441.15), 87.48% (490,166,299.75), 79.71% (424,339,561.00) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. This has been the trend since 2007 and correlates with the HIV response in Nigeria being donor-driven since a larger share of expenditure is contributed by international donors.

## 4.3 HIV/AIDS Service Providers

The "vector" service provider, which is under the dimension of provision, was mainly undertaken by public sector institutions made up of governmental organizations and parastatals accounting for 90.02% (USD451,653,183.03), 86.87% (480,450,889.17), 72.21% (USD404,596,323.01) and 61.77% (USD328,836,655.19) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. This may be due to service delivery institutions being mainly publicly owned and donor funds are used to strengthen and bolster service delivery. Non-profit providers also weigh in significantly in service provision accounting for 9.98% (USD50,079,301.70), 12.91% (USD71,375,557.66), 27.72% (USD155,333,963.80) and 38.21% (USD203,420,364.00) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Bilateral and multilateral agencies also carry out some service provision.

## 4.4 AIDS Spending Categories

Over the years, treatment and care accounted for about 60% of the expenditure on HIV. However, there was a dip in HIV expenditure in 2018 to USD532,371,499 of which treatment and care was slightly less than half of the total expenditure. This drop was due to a decrease in the funding envelope from international funding sources who are the main contributors to the treatment and care and component of the HIV&AIDS response.

In the country's drive towards universal health coverage for all Nigerians, a goal of elimination of mother-to-child transmission by 2030 has been set. However, expenditure for PMTCT has remained low at 0.24%, 0.03%, 3.57% and 1.23% of total HIV expenditure in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. There has to be a significant increase in expenditure to reduce the fairly high proportion of infections among adolescents aged 10 - 19 years as a result of mother-to-child transmission of the virus<sup>12</sup>.

## 4.5 Beneficiary Population

The expenditure profile for the AIDS spending is skewed towards People Living with HIV (PLHIV) accounting for about 60% in the review period. The HIV epidemic in Nigeria is generalized, partly driven by significant urban key populations particularly female sex workers, men who have sex with men and people who inject drugs with substantial overlap with urban casual sexual networks. Expenditure on key population is however low accounting for 0.90%, 1.44%, 0.85%, and 0.23% in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively despite KPs and their partners accounting for nearly 40% of new HIV infection<sup>13</sup>.

## 4.6 NASA Findings against the 90-90-90 UNAIDS Target in Nigeria

A rate-limiting step to fast-tracking the national response towards ending AIDS in Nigeria is low access and quality of HIV testing services (HTS). The study showed that the governemt of Nigeria has consistently funded HTS towards enabling people living with HIV to know their status in sync with the first 90 of the UNAIDS target. The funding for HTS was USD3,867,456, USD1,550,782, USD2,641,457 and USD6,059,291 of which government accounted for 73.85%, 35.57%, 47.06% and 99.64% in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. This level of funding is expected to be sustained in line with the Federal Government of Nigeria's commitment of placing additional 50,000 people on treatment annually of which HTS is the first step in this direction.

In achieving the second 90 UNAIDS target, the government of Nigeria relies on the support of partners in a framework of shared response and global solidarity in pooling funds for ensuring that people living with HIV receive quality HIV services. This accounts for the about 90% funding of the care and treatment component for the HIV response by international funding.

The government of Nigeria is putting in place deliberate interventions to ensure timely access to viral load testing services, efficiency of the viral load systems and improved viral suppression for all through a collaborative effort with international funding sources. This will ensure an improvement from the reported 38% virally suppressed HIV clients<sup>14</sup>.

<sup>12.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). National HIV Strategy for Adolescents and Young People 2016-2020. Abuja, Nigeria: National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja, Nigeria; 2016.

National HIV/AIDS & STIs Control Programme, Federal Ministry of Health, Nigeria. Integrated Biological and Behavioural Surveillance Survey (IBBSS) 2014. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria, National HIV/AIDS & STIs Control Programme; 2015.

<sup>14.</sup> Federal Ministry of Health. 2018 National Validated Data. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria; 2019.

#### 4.6.1. Expenditure by Service Provider and Programmatic Area

The HTS, ART and PMTCT service delivery sites have increased from 7,075, 820 and 5,622 in 2013 to 8373, 1,639 and 6,301 in 2018 respectively<sup>15</sup>. Most of these service delivery sites are government owned and this is reflected in the expenditure of service provision attributed to public sector providers which accounts for 68.33%, 57.63%, 68.01% and 59.51% of care and treatment services in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Private sector providers accounted for 0.02%, 36.17%, 18.80% and 21.02% in care and treatment services during the review period, though this needs improvement.

UNAIDS reported new HIV infection to be on the rise from 120,000 in 2010, 110,000 in 2015 and 130,000 in 2018<sup>16</sup>. This highlights the need to step up HIV prevention efforts so as to stem the rise. Bilateral and multilaral service providers carry the main prevention activities and there is a need for government and private sector to be more committed to this area.

#### 4.6.2. Research

Research remains a key component of national HIV response programming underpinned by relevant policy documents particularly the National HIV and AIDS Research Policy and National HIV Research Agenda. This policy stance has not been backed by requisite expenditure as expenditure for research stood at only USD28,362.38 and USD17,516.00 in 2016 and 2017 respectively. Signifcant outlay went into operations research in 2015 (USD5,000,000) and 2018 (USD53,299,419).

This underscores the need to increase expenditure on basic research as innovation and new knowledge hold out the hope of quantum leap forward in the response to HIV and AIDS in Nigeria.

#### 4.6.3. Monitoring and Evaluation (M & E)

The national monitoring and evaluation system is anchored on the Nigerian National Response Information Management System (NNRIMS) Operational Plan (NOP) which describes relevant indicators, actors and data flow for the HIV response in Nigeria. Electronic Medical Records (EMR) linked to the National Data Repository (NDR) have been rolled out in 1,993<sup>17</sup> out of 5,979<sup>18</sup> health facilities offering HIV services across states in the country to support digital record keeping of client data. The EMRs are designed to facilitate onward data transmission to the NDR which houses individual-level data for facility clients in the country. Also, the District Health Information

<sup>15.</sup> Federal Ministry of Health. 2018 National Validated Data. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria; 2019.

Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Global AIDS Update 2019: Communities at the Centre - The Response to HIV in Western And Central Africa. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Geneva, Switzerland; 2019.

<sup>17.</sup> Federal Ministry of Health. NDR Bulletin October 2019. Federal Ministry of Health (FMoH), Abuja; 2019.

<sup>18.</sup> Federal Ministry of Health. 2019 First Semester National Validated Data. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria; 2019.

System (DHIS 2.0) collects aggregate facility-level data which is collated at upper administrative levels for reporting purposes.

M&E expenditure was USD2,429,683 (0.48%), USD3,268,038 (0.59%) and USD8,681,426 (1.63%) in 2015, 2016 and 2018 respectively. The proportion of total HIV expenditure on M&E is a far-cry from the 8% recommended in the national policy on HIV<sup>19</sup>.

## 4.6.4. Coordination of the National HIV Response

As recommended in the "Three Ones" principle, Nigeria conforms to the one coordinating bodyframework-M&E system approach. Accordingly, the National HIV and AIDS Strategic Plan 2017 -2021 provides the coordinating mechanism for stakeholders in the national response to direct their activities. Launching from this structural base, the HIV epidemic has declined from a peak of 5.8% in 2001 and from 3.4% in 2012 to 1.3% in 2018.

The Federal Government's Economic Recovery and Growth Plan (ERGP) embeds government's HIV and AIDS programme and makes the requisite allocations and expenditures for the public component of the HIV response in Nigeria. Total expenditures on planning, coordination and programme management were 14,331,175 (2.86%), USD17,170,779 (3.10%), USD52,872,104 (9.44%) and USD8,805,698 (1.65%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

## 4.6.5. Out-of-Pocket Expenditure (OOP)

A study on out-of-pocket expenditure would have complemented this National AIDS Spending Assessment to provide a holistic picture of HIV and AIDS expenditure in Nigeria but this could not be done due to funding constraints. An out-of-pocket study in 2011 showed that 14.5% of household income was spent on accessing HIV and AIDS services. This is way too high and efforts to reduce this burden on people should be intensified. One intervention that will be significant is to include HIV and AIDS services as part of the services covered under the National Health Insurance Scheme (NHIS).

<sup>19.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). National Policy on HIV/AIDS Second Revision. Abuja, Nigeria: National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja, Nigeria; 2009.

#### Chapter Five: Conclusions and Recommendation

This study reviewed HIV and AIDS expenditure for the four years between 2015 and 2018 in Nigeria. It showed a rise in total HIV and AIDS expenditure from USD299,246,295 in 2007 to peak at USD723,917,352 in 2013 before decreasing to USD501,736,461 in 2015, USD553,039,154 in 2016, USD560,296,399 in 2017 and USD532,371,499 in 2018.

Government expenditure rose from USD30,082,450 (7.62%) in 2008 to peak at USD171,174,761 (27.07%) in 2014 and recorded USD73,299,196 (14.61%), USD79,543,466 (14.38%), USD66,045,257 (11.79%), USD91,477,782 (17.18%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

For the review period, international funds have continued to be the main funders of the HIV&AIDS response in Nigeria with expenditures of USD364,581,432 (92.30%) in 2008, USD447,769,523 (70.81%) in 2014 followed by USD427,677,071 (85.24%), USD449,699,848 (81.31%), USD491,314,743 (87.69%), USD440,696,444 (82.78%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

Programmatic decisions on goods and services, service providers and beneficiaries were mainly taken by bilateral and multilateral agencies which aligns closely with funding sources. As has been the case in previous studies, care and treatment continues to be the highest expenditure category accounting for USD308,609,485 (61.51%), USD302,808,349 (54.75%), USD304,376,381 (54.32%) and USD238,447,440 (44.79%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively.

The beneficiary population that had the highest expenditure was the people living with HIV&AIDS at USD341,039,280 (67.97%), USD343,611,415 (62.13%), USD364,236,788 (65.01%) and USD271,871,962 (51.07%) in 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively. Expenditure on the general population was USD76,085,898 (15.16%), USD125,891,445 (22.76%), USD73,308,101 (13.08%) USD108,300,617 (20.34%) while the expenditure on most at risk population was USD4,529,249 (0.90%), USD7,990,974 (1.44%), USD4,776,693 (0.85%) and USD1,203,809 (0.23%) in 2015, 2016 2017 and 2018 respectively.

From the foregoing, resources should be directed to service areas and populations that are driving new infections in the country such as PMTCT and KP programmes. The study has also provided evidence that international funding for HIV and AIDS has been flatlining and thus highlighting the need for domestic sources including government and private funding to step in to fill the gaps particularly from a sustainability standpoint. It was also seen that expenditure on prevention has declined over the years. There has also been a trend of increasing new infections in the country in the past few years and this points to the need to refocus on prevention.

#### Challenges

## Difficulty in obtaining expenditure data from institutions

There was a general reluctance on the part of institutions to disclose financial data pertaining to their operations. Also, the relevant finance staff in these institutions were not amenable to

submitting the data in the required format and often construed it as impinging on their routine tasks. It usually requires direct instructions from the leadership to get needed data.

#### Low commitment from stakeholders

Stakeholders appear not to attach importance to the conduct of the study and have not shown the required commitment towards supporting its implementation. Continued advocacy and sensitization of all stakeholders will go a long way in overcoming this challenge.

#### Recommendations

The recommendations following the findings of the study are as follows:

#### **Routinisation of NASA**

Routinisation entails processes that are regular, predictable and repetitive. This involves the process of reporting HIV&AIDS financial expenditure on a regular basis to government. While NASA had been conducted as a special study with data collection done by contacting relevant actors, with NASA routinisation financial data will be reported within an agreed framework by the stakeholders. This increases efficiency in the use of time, human effort and finances.

## Use NASA to evaluate the National HIV strategic plan

Following the NAIIS in 2018 a draft National Strategic Framework (NSF) has been developed. In 2019 the NSF will be costed and finalized and then form the framework for the development of costed State HIV strategic plans and a National HIV strategic plan at the national level respectively. Going forward it is expected that future NASA studies will be used to evaluate the level of funds flow into the HIV response compared to what was planned in the National Strategic Plan.

## Need for increased government spending for HIV and AIDS

The study showed that the response is donor-driven though government expenditure has improved over the years but it is still inadequate in the face of dwindling international support. Therefore government needs to increase her commitment in terms of resource allocation to HIV&AIDS towards sustainability of the response.

## Need for increased spending on key populations

Evidence from this study showed that while key population composed of female sex workers, men who have sex with men and people who inject drugs and their partners are responsible for

nearly 40% of new HIV infections <sup>20</sup>, expenditure on these groups have not reflected this trend. There is therefore a need for increased spending on key population prevention activities.

## Need for increased spending on PMTCT

The fairly high proportion of infections among adolescents aged 10 - 19 years as a result of mother-to-child transmission of the virus<sup>21</sup> highlight the need to focus prevention activities on pregnant women and their unborn children. Policy makers should therefore increase spending on PMTCT.

National HIV/AIDS & STIs Control Programme, Federal Ministry of Health, Nigeria. Integrated Biological and Behavioural Surveillance Survey (IBBSS) 2014. Abuja, Nigeria: Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja, Nigeria, National HIV/AIDS & STIs Control Programme; 2015.

<sup>21.</sup> National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA). National HIV Strategy for Adolescents and Young People 2016-2020. Abuja, Nigeria: National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja, Nigeria; 2016.

### Appendices

Appendix I: List of Institutions

S/N	Institution	Source	Agent	Provider
1	Abia State Agency for the Control of AIDS			х
2	Abia State Government	х	х	
3	Abidjan-Lagos Corridor Organisation	х	х	
4	Access Bank Plc	х		
5	Access to Health and Rights Development Initiative		х	х
6	Action Health Incorporated	х	х	х
7	Adamawa State Government	х		
8	Adamawa State Ministry of Health		х	х
9	African Field Epidemiology Network			х
10	AIDS Health International	х	х	х
11	AIDS Healthcare Foundation	х	х	х
12	Airtel	х		
13	Akwa Ibom Agency for the Control of AIDS		х	
14	Akwa Ibom Ministry of Health		х	
15	Akwa Ibom State Agency for the Control of AIDS			х
16	Akwa Ibom State Government	х		
17	Anambra State Agency for the Control of AIDS			х
18	Anambra State Government	х		
19	Anambra State Ministry of Health		х	
20	APIN Public Health Initiatives	х	х	х
21	Arms of Comfort Foundation	х	х	х
22	asd		х	
23	Association for Reproductive and Family Health	х	х	х
24	Bambini School	х	х	х
25	Bauchi State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	х
26	Bauchi State Government	х		
27	Bayelsa State Agency for the Control of AIDS		х	х
28	Bayelsa State Government	х		
29	Benue Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	х
30	Benue State AIDS Control Agency		х	х
31	Benue State Government	х		
32	Bible Society Organisation	х	х	
33	Borno State Government	х	х	
34	Catholic Archdiocese of Lagos Health Department	х	х	х
35	Centre for Positive Health Organisation	х	х	х
36	Centre for the Right Health	x	х	х
37	Chamagne Foundation			х
38	Champions4Change	х	x	

39	Civil Society Organisation			х			
40	Coca-Cola	х	x				
41	Coca-Cola Nigeria PLC	x	x				
42	Cross River State Agency for the Control of AIDS x x						
43	Cross River State Government	х					
44	Department for International Development	х					
45	Diocese of Lagos West x x x						
46	Dorcas Eunice Foundation   x   x						
47	Ebonyi State Agency for the Control of AIDS x >						
48	Ebonyi State Government	х					
49	Edo State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	x			
50	Edo State Government	х	x				
51	Ekiti State Agency for the Control of AIDS			x			
52	Ekiti State Government	х	х				
53	Elizabeth Taylor	х	х				
54	Enugu State Agency for the Control of AIDS		x	x			
55	Enugu State Government	х					
56	Enugu State Ministry of Health		х				
57	Excellence Community Education Welfare Scheme	х	х	x			
58	Family Health International	х	х	x			
59	Federal Government of Nigeria	х	х				
60	Federal Ministry of Defence	х	х	x			
61	Federal Ministry of Education	х	х	x			
62	Federal Ministry of Finance		х				
63	Federal Ministry of Health	х	х	x			
64	Ford Foundation	х	х				
65	Gabasawa Women and Children Initiative	х	х	х			
66	Global Management Unit/ Lagos State Ministry of Health			x			
67	Gombe State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	x			
68	Gombe State Government	х					
69	Good Women Association			x			
70	Government Hospital			x			
71	Government of Germany	х	х				
72	Government of United Kingdom	х	x				
73	Government of United States	х	х				
74	Health Alive Foundation	x	x				
75	Health Awareness and Gender Advocacy Initiative	l		x			
76	Health Finance and Governance			x			
77	Health Service Commission			x			
78	Heartland Alliance International - Nigeria	х	x	x			

79	Helen K. and Arthur E. Johnson Foundation	x	x	
80	Henry Jackson Foundation	x	х	
81	Hope for HIV/AIDS International			x
82	Human Development and Public Health Initiative	x	х	x
83	Humanity Family Foundation for Peace & Development	x	х	x
84	Humanity Family Foundation for Peace and			х
	Development			
85	Ibanise Initiative	x	х	х
86	Imo State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	
87	Imo State Goverment	x		
88	Improved Sexual Health and Right Advocacy Initiative			х
89	Initiative for Equal Right	x	х	х
90	International Women Health Coalition	x	х	
91	JAKIN NGO	x	х	х
92	Jakinminis International Company Ltd/GTE	x	х	х
93	Jigawa State Agency For the Control of AIDS	x	х	x
94	Joint Industry Committee (NLNG and Shell)	x		
95	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS	x	х	х
96	Journalists Against AIDS	x	х	x
97	Kaduna State Agency for the Control of AIDS	x	х	х
98	Kaduna State Government	x		
99	Kano State Agency for the Control of AIDS	x	х	х
100	Katsina State Agency for the Control of AIDS	x	х	х
101	Katsina State Government	x		
102	Kebbi State Agency for the Control of AIDS		х	х
103	Kebbi State Government	x		
104	Kogi State Agency for the Control of AIDS	x	х	х
105	Kogi State Government	x		
106	Kwara State Government	x		
107	Kwara State Ministry of Health		х	
108	Lagos State AIDS Control Agency	x	х	х
109	Lagos State Government	х	х	х
110	Lagos State Ministry of Agriculture			х
111	Lagos State Ministry of Education		х	х
112	Lagos State Ministry of Health		х	х
113	Lagos State Ministry of Youth and Social Development	1	x	x
114	Lagos State Primary Health Care Board			x
115	Learn		x	x
116	Life Link Organisation	х	x	x
117	Local Action Committee on AIDS			x
118	Local Government	х	x	

119	MacArthur Foundation	x	x				
120	Maidan Youth Health Development Organisation	х	x	x			
121	Ministry of Women Affairs and Poverty Alleviation		x	x			
122	Nasarawa State Agency for the Control of AIDS	x	x				
123	Nassarawa State Government x						
124	National Agency for the Control of AIDSxx						
125	National AIDS and STI Control Programme     x     x						
126	National Institutes of Health     x     x						
127	Network of People Living with HIV/AIDS in Nigeria         x <th< td=""></th<>						
128	Niger State Agency for the Control of AIDs		х				
129	Niger State Government	х					
130	Nigeria Business Coalition Against AIDS	х	x	х			
131	Nigeria Youth AIDS Programme	х	х	х			
132	Nigeria Youth Network on HIV/AIDS	х	x	x			
133	Ogun State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	х			
134	Ondo State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	x	x			
135	Ondo State Government	х					
136	Osun State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	х			
137	Osun State Government	х					
138	Oyo State Government	х					
139	Oyo State Ministry of Health		x				
140	Personal Donation	х	х				
141	Plateau State Agency for the Control of AIDS			х			
142	Plateau State Agency for the Control of AIDSu			х			
143	Population Council	х	х	х			
144	Positive Action for Treatment Access			х			
145	President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief		x	х			
146	Rhoda Haven Network	х	х	х			
147	Salvation Army	x	х	х			
148	Save the Children	x	x	x			
149	Seme Border Committee Against AIDS			x			
150	SFH Social Business Enterprise	х					
151	Shell Nigeria Limited	x					
152	Society for Family Health	х	x	х			
153	Society for Women and AIDS In Africa Nigeria		x	х			
154	Sokoto State Government	x					
155	Sokoto State Ministry of Health		х				
156	State Governments (36)			x			
157	Taraba State Agency for the Control of AIDS	x	х	x			
158	Taraba State Government	х					
159	The Eagle Eye Behavioural Reorientatation Initiative			х			

160	The Global Fund to fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria	х	х	
161	The Initiative for Equal Rights			x
162	The Salvation Army Nigeria Territory	х		
163	The Salvation Army Nigeria Territory		х	x
164	Total Exploration and Production company	х	х	
165	Total Group Nigeria	х	х	
166	Unilever Nigeria PLC	х	х	
167	United Nations Development Fund for women(UNIFEM)		x	
168	United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women	x	x	x
169	United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund	х	x	x
170	United Nations Population Fund	х	x	
171	United States Agency for International Development		x	
172	VIIV	х	х	
173	WAMCO	х	х	
174	WAPA			x
175	World Bank	х	x	
176	Yobe State Agency for the Control of AIDS			x
177	Yobe State Government	х		
178	Yobe State Ministry Health		х	
179	Youth Builders Initiative	х	х	x
180	Youth Empowerment Foundation	х	х	х
181	Youth Empowerment Foundation	х	х	x
182	Zamfara State Agency for the Control of AIDS	х	х	х
183	Zamfara State Government	х		

Appendix II: Letters of Invitation

Data Request letter

Letters of invitation and other correspondences that were exchanged:

#### States:

Dear Sir/Ma,

The National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA) in collaboration with UNAIDS Nigeria and other Development Partners is conducting another National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) for the years 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018.

NASA is a study used to determine the flow of resources intended to combat HIV&AIDS in countries. It identifies organisations that provide financing and describes areas of HIV&AIDS interventions the monies were used for. It also describes the use of the funds and disaggregates their production function components and tracks classes of beneficiaries of HIV&AIDS-related commodities and services.

In order to carry out this activity, NACA and NASCP staff will be visiting your state in the month of February 2019 to collect data on HIV&AIDS expenditure for 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 financial years. A template for the data collection is attached to aid in the collation of this information ahead of our visit to your state. We wish to request that the data collection form should be shared with relevant officers concerned with the collation of this information. Note that one form should be filled for each year, so four completed forms is expected from each state. We kindly request your cooperation in providing detailed information in this regard to ensure the success of the study. For further clarification, you may contact Mr. Monday Yanet on 08023774108 and Mr. 'Tosin Adebanjo on 08080886161.

Thank you.

Olutosin Adebanjo

For: Director, Research, Monitoring and Evaluation

#### Donors, Implementing Partners and Private Sector:

Dear Sir/Ma,

The National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA) in collaboration with UNAIDS Nigeria and other Development Partners is conducting another National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) for the years 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018.

NASA is a study used to determine the flow of resources intended to combat HIV&AIDS in countries. It identifies organisations that provide financing and describes areas of HIV&AIDS interventions the monies were used for. It also describes the use of the funds and disaggregates their production function components and tracks classes of beneficiaries of HIV&AIDS-related commodities and services.

In order to carry out this activity, some of our staff will be visiting your organisation in the month of January 2019 to collect data on HIV&AIDS expenditure for 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 financial years. A template for the data collection is attached to aid in the collation of this information ahead of our visit to your organisation. We kindly request your cooperation in providing detailed information in this regard to ensure the success of the study. For further clarification, you may contact Mr. Monday Yanet on 08023774108.

Thank you.

Olutosin Adebanjo

For: Director, Research, Monitoring and Evaluation

#### Appendix III: Data Collection Form

# NATIONAL AIDS SPENDING ASSESSMENT **DATA COLLECTION FORM**

#### A. Reporting Period

Instruction: Please fill one form for each reporting year

|--|

#### **B.** Identification of the Institution

Name of the Institution:	
Contact (Name and Position):	
Address:	
E-mail:	
Telephone:	

#### C. Type of Institution

Instruction: Mark an [x] against the type of the institution (may be more than one option)

Type of institution	National
Public	
Private	
For profit	
Not for profit	
Bilateral agency	
Multilateral agency	

#### D. Currency (Exchange rate shall be the CBN rate for the reporting period)

Instruction: Mark an [x] under the currency of report

Naira	USD

#### E. Funds Transfer

Instruction: Fill with appropriate data about funds transferred out for spending by other organisations

Source of Funds	Which organisations did you transfer money to

Note: A new data collection form should be filled on behalf of the recipient organisation if expenditure reports are submitted

#### F. Funds Expenditure

Instruction: Fill with appropriate data about funds received from all sources as well as monetary value of in-kind donations

Α		В	c		D		E	F	
Source of Funds (FS)	Amount Received	Amount Spent	Who took decision on what to spend it on, provider of goods/service and Beneficiary of the goods/service (FA)	activities were carried	Amount Spent on the activities	What are the cost elements of activities in column C	Amount Spent	Which organisation is the service provider for the activity in column C (PS)	benefited from th
								-	

Appendix IV: Assumption on Exchange Rate

The US dollar to Nigerian naira exchange rate was obtained from the annual average of the daily rates reported on the website of the Central Bank of Nigeria as follows:

Year	Rate
2015	192.64
2016	252.92
2017	305.29
2018	305.58

Figures reported in naira were converted to US dollars and those reported in dollars were used as submitted.

## Appendix V: Global AIDS Response Progress Report

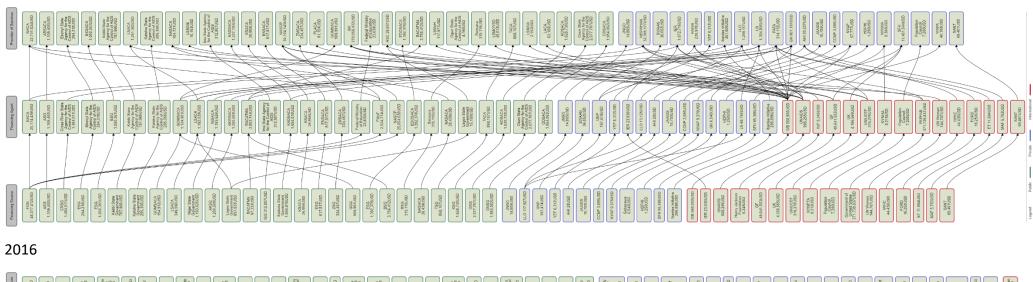
			1000 110	port																
Country: Reporting cycle:	Nigeria Calendar Year																			
Data Measurement Tool:	National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA)																			
Amounts reported in: Please indicate month and year (M/YYYY)	USD Month	1005			Fin	ancing Sou	Ircos													
From:		<u>'ear</u> 015				ancing Sot	11005													
To: Name of Local Currency:	12 2 United States Dollar	015																		
Currency epxressed in:	Units (x1)																			
Average Exchange Rate for the year (local currency to U	JS 1.000	_			Public Sources		1	1		-		ternational Sour					Courses			1
2015		TOTAL								Bila	terals		Multil	aterals						
			Public Sub-	Central /		Dev. Banks			International					Dev. Bank Non-	All Other	All Other	Private Sub-	For-profit	Household	All Other
AIDS Spending Categories		USD	Total	National	Sub-National	Reimbursable (e.g. Loans)	Social Security	All Other Public	International Sub-Total	PEPFAR	Other Bilaterals	UN Agencies	Global Fund	Reimburseable (e.g. Grants)	Multilateral	International	Total	institutions / Corporations	funds	Private
TOTAL	USD	501,736,4	461 73,299,19	6 48,377,412	2 24,921,784		) (	) (	427,677,071	371,739,837	4,166,569	1,367,81	8 49,641,553	568,900	23,630	168,764	760,194	4 201,169	0	559.
01 Prevention		94,044,		15,641,855				0 0	65,591,912	55,023,411	4,166,569	254,12		320,664	10,322	66,859	335,820	135,438	0	200
01.01 Communication for social and behavioural change 01.02 Community mobilization		4,518,			4,259,635		-		126,193 21,314		-	10	4 53,690	21,314		495	132,210	132,182		
01.03 Voluntary counselling and testing (VCT)		43,789, 9,622,	589 8,224,50	4,712,986	B 3,511,575				35,548,233 71,273	34,241,741		50 40,00	0 1,181,207	116,335	5,000	8,450	16,796 7,166	281		16,
01.04 Risk-reduction for vulnerable and accessible population 01.05 Prevention – youth in school	18	2,714,	399 222,32	8,785,985	5 757,708 222,321				2,416,578			40,00	2,356,066	18,558 4,991	5,322	7,715 50,199	75,500	2		75.
01.06 Prevention – youth out-of-school 01.07 Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at people living w	with HIV (PLHIV)	20,1	900	0	-		-		20,900 14,353		-		20,900	14,353			3,770	2.975		
01.08 Prevention programmes for sex workers and their client 01.09 Programmes for men who have sex with men (MSM)	ts	2,711, 1,077,	144 1,493,34		9 458,527				1,212,806 456,194				1,187,387	25,419			4,993	3		4,
01.10 Harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug users (ID	DUs)	741,	020 563,92	620,892 8 413,928	2 B 150,000				177,092				144,547	32,545				2		
01.11 Prevention programmes in the workplace 01.12 Condom social marketing		98,	488 222 98,2	22	98,222				488					488				2		
01.13 Public and commercial sector male condom provision 01.14 Public and commercial sector female condom provision	0	4,251,	598 107,29	99	107,299				4,048,914		4,048,914		<u> </u>	11			95,385	5		95,
01.15 Microbicides			0	0			1	1	0											1
01.16 Prevention, diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmit 01.17 Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT)	itted infections (STI)	1,219,0	0 695,83	0 31 73,245	5 622,586		+	1	0 523,208			173,23	5 349,973				0	2		<u> </u>
01.18 Male circumcision 01.19 Blood safety			0	0					0					1 1			0	2		
01.20 Safe medical injections			0	0					0									2		
01.21 Universal precautions 01.22 Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP)		40,:	285	0	+	t	+	1	0 40,285			40,28	5	<del>   </del>			0	2		<u> </u>
01.98 Prevention activities not disaggregated by intervention 01.99 Prevention activities n.e.c.		21,151, 1,957,	214 354,78	37	354,787 1,840,094				20,796,427	20,781,670	117.655			14,757			0	2		
02 Care and treatment		308.609.4	485 259.14	17 (	0 259,147			0 0	308,350,338	270,219,466	117,655	28,04	9 38,102,823	0	0	0		0 0	0	1
02.01 Outpatient care 02.01.01 Provider- initiated testing and counselling (PITC)		38,365,	570 259,14 509 73,90		0 259,147 73,909		0 0	0 0	38,106,523	0	0	3,70	0 38,102,823	0	0	0		0 0	0	
02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis an	nd treatment	50,	875	0					50,875			0.70	50,875				0	2		
02.01.03 Antiretroviral therapy 02.01.04 Nutritional support associated to ARV therapy		38,062, 12,	978 12,9	78	143,894				37,918,408 0			3,70	0 37,914,708	5						
02.01.05 Specific HIV-related laboratory monitoring 02.01.06 Dental programmes for PLHIV			0	0					0								0	2		
02.01.07 Psychological treatment and support services		137,		0					137,240				137,240				Ċ			
02.01.08 Outpatient palliative care 02.01.09 Home-based care		28,	0 366 28,34	0 36	28,366				0									2		
02.01.10 Traditional medicine and informal care and treatmen 02.01.98 Outpatient care services not disaggregated by interv			0	0					0											
02.01.99 Outpatient care services n.e.c.			ō	0					0								Ċ	0		
02.02 Inpatient care 02.02.01 Inpatient treatment of opportunistic infections (OI)			0	0	0 0			0 0	0 0	0	0		0 0	0 0	0	0		0	0	
02.02.02 Inpatient palliative care 02.02.98 Inpatient care services not disaggregated by interven	ntion		0	0					0											
02.02.99 Inpatient care services n.e.c.			ő	0					Ő								Ċ	2		
02.03 Patient transport and emergency rescue 02.98 Care and treatment services not disaggregated by inter	rvention	270,243,	0 B15	0					270,243,815	270,219,466		24,34	9							
02.99 Care and treatment services n.e.c. 03 Orphans and vulnerable children (OVC)		751,	0	0	669,219				75,346		0		0 0	64.039	0	11,307	6.545		0	6
03.01 OVC Education		260,	525 250,1	56	250,156				10,369		,			04,000		10,369	0,040		Ŭ	
03.02 OVC Basic health care 03.03 OVC Family/home support		5,1	363 080	0					5,863 34,080					5,863 33,142		938				
03.04 OVC Community support 03.05 OVC Social Services and Administrative costs		23,	571 594	0					17,495					17,495 5,225			6,076	3		6.
03.06 OVC Institutional care		201,4	414 201,4	14	201,414				0											
03.98 OVC Services not disaggregated by intervention 03.99 OVC services n.e.c.		219,5	0	0	217,649				2,314					2,314						
04 Programme management and administration 04.01 Planning, coordination and programme management		40,494,			0 8,387,606 3 2,545,842			0 0	20,640,675	14,126,986	0	554,993 342,28		127,872	3,315 3,315	38,743 17,400		65,731	0	258
04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated with m	nanaging and disbursing funds	2,083,0	1,988,61	27,78	7 1,960,899				48,768					48,192	3,315	576	45,594	1		258 45
04.03 Monitoring and evaluation 04.04 Operations research		2,429,	5,000,00	29 36,370 5,000,000	1,653,859		<u> </u>		739,454			202,34	4 469,697	66,730		683		2		<u> </u>
04.05 Serological-surveillance (serosurveillance) 04.06 HIV drug-resistance surveillance		3,	750	0					0								3,750			3.
04.07 Drug supply systems		330,		10	51,910				278,820				278,820					0		
04.08 Information technology 04.09 Patient tracking			0	0					0									2		
04.10 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure 04.11 Mandatory HIV testing (not VCT)		29,	337 29,8 0	87	29,837				0								0	2		
04.98 Programme management and administration not disage	gregated by type	16,286,	388 2,073,2	24	2,073,224		1	1	14,130,183	14,126,986				197		3,000	82,981	65,731		17,
04.99 Programme management and administration n.e.c 05 Human resources		115, 25,289,	595 24,770,55	34 53 21,676,123	72,034				27,448	0	0	10,36	4 6 0	56,019	9,993		16,109 10,929	00	0	16. 10.
05.01 Monetary incentives for human resources 05.02 Formative education to build-up an HIV workforce		15,827,	15,584,9	0 15,584,99	1		1	1	232,097 12,972			176,50		17,129 1,531	9,993	28,475	10,835	5		10,
05.03 Training		6,793,4	6,530,21	36 3,676,037	7 2,854,249	1	1	1	263,044			218,55	5	37,359		7,130	94	1		İ
05.98 Human resources not disaggregated by type 05.99 Human resources n.e.c.			6,84	35 2,415,098 10	8 233,337 6,840				0									2		
06 Social protection and social services (excluding OVC 06.01 Social protection through monetary benefits	6)	32,391,	673 21,69 0	99 (	0 21,699			0 0	32,369,974	32,369,974	0		0 0	0	0	0		0 0	0	
06.02 Social protection through in-kind benefits		21,	599 21,69	99	21,699				0									2		
06.03 Social protection through provision of social services			0	0					0											
06.04 HIV-specific income generation projects		32,369,	974	0	-	F	T		32,369,974	32,369,974			-							-
06.04 HIV-specific income generation projects 06.98 Social protection services and social services not disac 06.99 Social protection services and social services = = =	ggregated by type			5	0 14,455		0 0	0 0	140,713	0	0	124,15	7 0	306	0	16,250		0 0	0	0
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disac 06.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.c. 07 Enabling environment	ggregated by type	155,	168 14,4					1	2,854			2,541 94,294	8	306						
07 Enabling environment 07.01 Advocacy	ggregated by type	12,	198 9,34	14	9,344												-	)		
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disac 06.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.c. 07 Enabling environment 07.01 Advocacy 07.02 Human fights programmes 07.03 AIDS-specific institutional development	ggregated by type	12, 99,	198 9,34 405 5,1 0	14					94,294								0			
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disag. 69.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.c. 77 Enabling environment 07.01 Advocast 07.02 Human rights programmes 07.03 ADS-specific institutional development 07.04 Programmes to reduce Gender Based Volence	ggregated by type	12, 99, 16,	198 9,34 405 5,1 0 250 315	14					94,294 0 16,250 27,315			27,31	5			16,250				
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disc 06.98 Social protection services and social services n.e.e. 07.91 Advocany 07.02 Hardwoody 07.02 Hardwoody 07.03 AdDS-specific institutional development 07.03 AdDS-specific programmes focused on women 07.04 AdDS-specific programmes focused on women 07.05 Programmes to reduce Cercider Based Volence 07.05 AdDS-specific programmes focused on women		12, 99, 16,	198 9,34 405 5,11 0 250 315 0	14					0 16,250			27,31	5			16,250				
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disac 06.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.e. <b>77</b> Enabling environment 07.02 Honoracy 07.02 Honoracy 07.02 Honoracy 07.02 Honoracy 07.03 Honoracy 07.04 ADS-specific programmes focused on women 07.05 Programmes to reduce Gendref Based Volence 07.99 Enabling environment not adagregated by type 07.99 Enabling environment n.e.c.		12, 99, 16,	198 9,34 405 5,11 0 250 315 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14			) (	0 0	0 16,250	0	0	27,31	5	0 0	0	16,250			0	
06.98 Social protection services and social services n.e. 6.     09 Social protection services and social services n.e. 6.     07 Enabling environment     07.01 Achoccos     07.02 Human rights programmes     07.02 Human rights programmes     07.03 ACDS-specific institutional development     07.04 ACDS-specific programmes tocured on women     07.04 ACDS-specific programmes tocured on women     07.05 Programmes to recluse Centre Based Violence     07.05 Environment     07.05 Programmes to recluse Centre Based Violence     07.05 Environment     07.05 Programmes to recluse Centre Based Violence     07.05 Environment     07.05 Programmes     07.05 Environment     07.05 Envi		12, 99, 16,	198 9,34 405 5,11 0 250 315 0 0	14			9 0	0 C	0 16,250	0	0	27,31	5 0 0		0	16,250 0			0	
Gc.98 Social protection services and social services not disc Ge9 Social protection services and social services n.e.c. M Enabling environment Or 20 Human Social services n.e. Or 20 Human Ser		12, 99, 16,	198 9,34 105 5,11 0 2250 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14				) 0 0	0 16,250	0	0	27,31	0 0	0	0	16,250 0			0	
06.98 Social protection services and social services n.e. 6.     09 Social protection services and social services n.e. 6.     07 Enabling environment     07.01 Achoccos     07.02 Human rights programmes     07.02 Human rights programmes     07.03 ACDS-specific institutional development     07.04 ACDS-specific programmes tocured on women     07.04 ACDS-specific programmes tocured on women     07.05 Programmes to recluse Centre Based Violence     07.05 Environment     07.05 Programmes to recluse Centre Based Violence     07.05 Environment     07.05 Programmes to recluse Centre Based Violence     07.05 Environment     07.05 Programmes     07.05 Environment     07.05 Envi	research )	12, 99, 16,	198 9,3 405 5,1 0 2 250 2 315 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14				2 C	0 16,250	0	0	27,31	0 0		0	16,250			0	

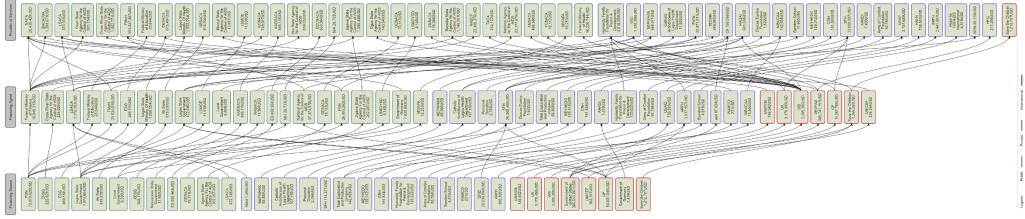
Country: Reporting cycle:	Nigeria Calendar Year		1																		
Data Measurement Tool: Amounts reported in:	National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) USD																				
Please indicate month and year (M/YYYY) From: To:	<u>Month</u> 1 12	<u>Year</u> 2016 2016				Fina	ancing Sou	irces													
Name of Local Currency: Currency epxressed in:	United States Dollar Units (x1)	2016																			
Average Exchange Rate for the year (local currency to l 2016	USI 1.000		TOTAL			Public Sources	T	T			Bilate	erals	ternational Sourc	ces Multila	aterals				i – T	, <del></del>	
							Den Ranko		'	L I					Sevi Dank Non				E profit	,	ı
AIDS Spending Categories			USD	Public Sub- Total	Central / National	Sub-National	Dev. Banks Reimbursable (e.g. Loans)	e Social Security	y All Other Public	International Sub-Total	PEPFAR	Other Bilaterals	UN Agencies	Global Fund	Dev. Bank Non- Reimburseable (e.g. Grants)	All Other Multilateral	All Other International	Private Sub- Total	For-profit institutions / Corporations	Household funds	All Other Private
TOTAL 01 Prevention	USD		553,039,154 140,023,110	14,420,719	9 11,961,924	2,398,744	4 0	0 0 0 0	0 60,051 0 60,051	1 102,790,587	88,922,871	3,177,939 3,147,624	26,067	7,998,533	1,584,599	0	1,212,707 1,110,894	22,811,803	108,441	0	22,703,362
01.01 Communication for social and behavioural change 01.02 Community mobilization 01.03 Voluntary counselling and testing (VCT)			1,615,556 132,342 67,178,481	121,038	2 247,034 8 6,458,990	34 146,508 121,038 30 1,161,664	3	╪───	60,051	1,186,378 10,675 1 59,494,050	738,503 57,904,665	22,876	26,067	52,725 859,103	346,207 10,675 730,282		╞───┤	35,636 629 3,726	547 3,054	<del>را</del>	35,089 629 672
01.03 Voluntary courselling and testing (VCT) 01.04 Risk-reduction for vulnerable and accessible populatio 01.05 Prevention – youth in school	ons		67,178,481 3,664,201 116,240	3,142,851 85,200	6,458,990 3,027,177 3,435	77 115,673 85 81,765	د 5	1	00,001	341,840	57,504,005		<b> </b> '	10,845	730,282 330,995	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	3,726 179,511 31,040	3,054	, —— †	179,511
01.06 Prevention – youth out-of-school 01.07 Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at people living	with HIV (PLHIV)		421,786 4	3,900	D 4	3,900	4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	417,886 0				417,886				0		$ \longrightarrow $	
01.08 Prevention programmes for sex workers and their clier 01.09 Programmes for men who have sex with men (MSM) 01.10 Harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug users (I		<b></b>	4,279,867 1,892,407 410,183	0	6 322,995	95 5,701	╞━━━	╪───	<b>⊧</b> ′	3,877,371 1,729,364 410,183	534	<b>└───</b> !	╞━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━	3,877,371 1,729,364 409,649	┢━━━━━┦		╞───┦	73,800	73,800	<del>اا</del>	163,042
01.11 Prevention programmes in the workplace 01.12 Condom social marketing			410,183 0 79,680	0	0 79,680	10	<b> </b>	1	<b> '</b>	0			<b> </b> '	405,045		<b> </b>	<b> </b>	0		, —— †	
01.13 Public and commercial sector male condom provision 01.14 Public and commercial sector female condom provisio	on		25,336,869 0	0				=	<u> </u>	3,012,450 0		3,012,450						22,324,419 0		$ \longrightarrow $	22,324,419
01.15 Microbicides 01.16 Prevention, diagnosis and treatment of sexually transm 01.17 Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT)	nitted infections (STI)		0 641,589 181 171			101,000	<u> </u>	<u>+</u>	<u> </u> '	0 641,589 80,171			<b> </b>	641,589	80,171		╞───┤	0		<del>ن</del> ے	
01.17 Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT) 01.18 Male circumcision 01.19 Blood safety			181,171 0 0	0		101,000	$\models$	<b>+</b>	<b> </b> '	0					00,171			0		, ——	
01.20 Safe medical injections 01.21 Universal precautions			0	0						0								0			
01.22 Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) 01.98 Prevention activities not disaggregated by intervention	0		0 33,923,468	0 2,484,104	1,822,614	661,490	5			0 31,439,364	30,279,169				49,301		1,110,894	0		$\implies$	
01.99 Prevention activities n.e.c. 02 Care and treatment 02.01 Outpatient care			149,266 302,808,349 50,280,243	0 26,323,632 24,545,884	0 2 24,836,160 4 23,116,641	0 1,487,472		0	<u> </u>	149,266 0 276,465,647 0 25,715,289	250,595,303 1,973	112,298		25,707,444	36,969 61,086 5,871		0 101,813	0 19,070 19.070	0	0	19,070
02.01.01 Provider- initiated testing and counselling (PITC) 02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis a	and treatment		50,280,243 43,032 886,871		4 23,116,641 2 43,032 0 881,000	32		4	<b> </b> '	0 25,715,289				23,101,411	5,871			0		<u>—</u> Т	10,010
02.01.03 Antiretroviral therapy 02.01.04 Nutritional support associated to ARV therapy			49,312,060 0	23,604,616	22,192,609	1,412,007		<u> </u>	<u>+</u> '	25,707,444 0				25,707,444				0		$\rightarrow$	
02.01.05 Specific HIV-related laboratory monitoring 02.01.06 Dental programmes for PLHIV		1	19,209 0	0		17,236	£	Ŧ	<b>F</b> '	1,973	1,973		Ē		Ē	Ē	Ē	0		Ē	
02.01.07 Psychological treatment and support services 02.01.08 Outpatient palliative care 02.01.09 Home-based care		==	664 0 18,406	0		<b> </b> '	╞───	╪───	<u> </u> '				<b> </b> '					664 0 18.406		,t	664 18.406
02.01.10 Traditional medicine and informal care and treatme 02.01.98 Outpatient care services not disaggregated by inter	ant services ervention		18,406 0	0	. —	₽===	<b> </b>	1	<b> '</b>				<b> </b> '			<b> </b>	<b> </b>	0		, —— †	10,700
02.01.99 Outpatient care services n.e.c. 02.02 Inpatient care			0	0		0	ō	0	ō c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02.02.01 Inpatient treatment of opportunistic infections (OI) 02.02.02 Inpatient palliative care		<b>—</b>	0	0	Ē	<b>F</b> '	F==	<del>-</del>	<b>₽</b> '	0	$\models$	Ē	Ē			Ē	F	0			
02.02.98 Inpatient care services not disaggregated by interve 02.02.99 Inpatient care services n.e.c. 02.03 Patient transport and emergency rescue	ention		0 0 0	°		+'	<b> </b>	<b>+</b>	<b> </b> '	- i								0		, ——†	
02.98 Care and treatment services not disaggregated by inte 02.99 Care and treatment services n.e.c.	ervention		252,528,107 0	0	9 1,719,520 0	58,229	4	=	<u> </u> '	250,750,358 0	250,593,330				55,215		101,813	0		$ \blacksquare $	
03 Orphans and vulnerable children (OVC) 03.01 OVC Education			618,301 83,966	182,072 24,656	2 110,720 6 24,656	<b>71,352</b>	-	<u>ہ م</u> د	0	D 184,815 0	41,073	5,719	38,819	24,887	74,317	0	0	251,414 59,310	3,876 3,876		247,538 55,434
03.02 OVC Basic health care 03.03 OVC Family/home support 03.04 OVC Community (support		1	21,503 27,521 6,265		Ē	Ē	£	Ŧ	$\blacksquare$	20,603 24,887	20,603		$\square$	24,887	Ē	Ē	E d	900 2,634 6,265		Ē	900 2,634
03.04 OVC Community support 03.05 OVC Social Services and Administrative costs 03.06 OVC Institutional care			6,265 46,236 187,122	0	0 4 86,064	14	<b> </b>	1	<b> '</b>	38,266 101,059	20,470	5,719	38,266		74,317	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	6,265 7,970 0		, —— †	6,265 7,970
03.98 OVC Services not disaggregated by intervention 03.99 OVC services n.e.c.			245,687 0	71,352	2	71,352	<u></u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+'</u>	0						<u> </u>		174,335			174,335
04 Programme management and administration 04.01 Planning, coordination and programme management			40,789,601 16,804,234	1,786,260	5 5,634,331 0 1,643,213	143,048	8	<u>ہ م</u> د	0	0 33,378,249 14,979,762	10,798,075 233,650	0	356,918 29,820	21,065,965 14,483,657	1,157,291 232,635	0	0	475,767 38,211	49,589 11,460		426,178 26,751
04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated with n 04.03 Monitoring and evaluation 04.04 Operations research	managing and disbursing tunds	3	1,627,659 3,268,038		9 721,209 3 1,724,811	09 255,660 11 244,562	2	<u>+</u>	<u> </u> '	467,765 1,180,634	27,358 9,162	<u> </u> !	250,468 76,630	46,972 661,128	142,967 433,714			183,024 118,031			183,024 118,031
04.05 Serological-surveillance (serosurveillance) 04.06 HIV drug-resistance surveillance			0	°	<b></b>	<b> </b> '	<b>†</b>	<del> </del>	<b> </b> '	0			<b> </b> '	<b> −−−−</b>		<b> </b>	<b>↓</b>	0		,t	
04.07 Drug supply systems 04.08 Information technology			5,874,035 1,454	0		<u> </u>	$\vdash$	<u> </u>	<u>+</u> '	5,874,035 0				5,874,035		<u> </u>		0			1,454
04.09 Patient tracking 04.10 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure			40 651,332	365,655	0 5 190,555	40 55 175,100	<u>i</u>	E_	$\blacksquare$	0 157,619				14	157,605			0 128,057	38,129	$\equiv$	89,928
04.11 Mandatory HIV testing (not VCT) 04.98 Programme management and administration not disag 04.99 Programme management and administration n.e.c	iggregated by type	==	0 12,196,266 366,545		3 1,154,186 200,356			╪───	<u> </u> '	0 10,572,046 146.387	10,527,905		<b> </b> '	160	43,981 146.387			0 627 6.363		,t	627 6.363
05 Human resources 05.01 Monetary incentives for human resources			32,346,808 28,272,978		7 31,359,688 3 27,944,434	239,399	9 0	<u>o (</u>	0	0 514,508 60,366	29,431 27,826	17,157	26,317	5,010	436,593 32,540	0	0	233,213 92,739	0	•	233,213 92,739
05.02 Formative education to build-up an HIV workforce 05.03 Training			17,157 1,327,383	0 753,527	0 7 689,567	63,960	0			17,157 433,382	1,605	17,157	26,317	1,407	404,053			0 140,474			140,474
05.98 Human resources not disaggregated by type 05.99 Human resources n.e.c. 06 Social protection and social services (excluding OV			2,729,289 0	0	6 2,725,686		Ē		Ē	3,603				3,603	Ē			0			
06 Social protection and social services (excluding OV 06.01 Social protection through monetary benefits 06.02 Social protection through in-kind benefits	(C)		36,235,395 1,176 0	0		0 7,470				0 36,226,749	36,226,744							1,176 1,176		Ť	1,176 1,176
06.03 Social protection through provision of social services 06.04 HIV-specific income generation projects			0 7,470	0 7,470	<b></b>	7,470		1	<b> '</b>				<b> </b>		F	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	0		, ——†	
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disa 06.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.c.	aggregated by type		36,226,749 0	0					<u> </u> '	36,226,749 0	36,226,744			5				0			
07 Enabling environment 07.01 Advocacy			189,228 105,421	42,702					0	0 126,196 59,322	364 364	7,439	59,988 553	0	58,405 58,405	0	0	3,397 3,397	0	•	3,397 3,397
07.02 Human rights programmes 07.03 AIDS-specific institutional development 07.04 AIDS-specific programmes focused on women			23,799 0		0 9,836 0	6,524	$\models$	╞───	<u> </u> '	7,439		7,439						0			
07.05 Programmes to reduce Gender Based Violence 07.98 Enabling environment not disaggregated by type			59,435 573	0 573		57	3	1	<b> '</b>	59,435 0			59,435			<b> </b>	<b> </b>	0		, —— †	
07.99 Enabling environment n.e.c. 08 HIV and AIDS-related research (excluding operations	is research )		0 28,362	0	15,26	,6	ō	•	o c	0 0 13,096	0	0		0	13,096	0	0	0	0	0	0
08.01 Biomedical research 08.02 Clinical research			0	0		Ē		=	$\blacksquare$	0								0		$\Longrightarrow$	
08.03 Epidemiological research 08.04 Social science research 08.05 Version entert meanwh			0 13,096			<u>+</u> '	⊨	<u>+</u>	<u> </u> '	0 13,096		<b>└───</b> !	<b> </b> '		13,096			0			
08.05 Vaccine-related research 08.98 HIV and AIDS-related research activities not disaggree 08.99 HIV and AIDS-related research activities n.e.c.	gated by type		0 0 15,266		0 6 15,266		$\perp$	+	<b> </b> '	- i								0		,	
		-			1	<u> </u>			66										• • •		

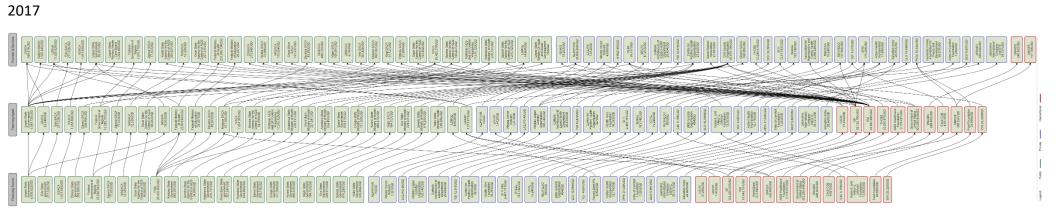
Country: Nigeria Reporting cycle: Calendar Year																			
Data Measurement Tool: National AIDS Spending Assessment (NASA) Amounts reported in: USD																			
Please indicate month and year (MYYYY)         Month         Year           From:         1         2017           To:         12         2017				Fina	ancing Sou	irces													
Name of Local Currency: United States Dollar Currency epxressed in: Units (x1)		-																	
Average Exchange Rate for the year (local currency to US 1.000 2017	TOTAL			Public Sources	-	1	-		Bilat		ternational Sour	ces Multila	terals			Private	- 1		
2011																			
AIDS Spending Categories	USD	Public Sub- Total	Central / National	Sub-National	Dev. Banks Reimbursable	Social Security	All Other Public	International Sub-Total	PEPFAR	Other Bilaterals	UN Agencies	Global Fund	Dev. Bank Non- Reimburseable	All Other Multilateral	All Other International	Private Sub- Total	For-profit institutions /	Household funds	All Other Private
					(e.g. Loans)								(e.g. Grants)				Corporations		
TOTAL USD 01 Prevention	560,296,399 85,205,057		53,670,498 7,655,885	12,374,759		0	0	491,314,744 68,389,501	303,295,645 38,561,659	0	585,715 238,337	122,286,503 6,996,562	61,857,098 22,499,689	0	3,289,783 93,254	2,936,398 2,567,100	178,982 75,240	0	2,757,416 2,491,860
01.01 Communication for social and behavioural change (BCC) 01.02 Community/social mobilization	9,193,108 823,647	8,613,388 758,648	7,577,271	1,036,117 758,648				567,838 22,541		,	1,974	67,644	486,714 12,990		11,506 892	11,882 42,458		5	11,882 42,458
01.03 Voluntary counselling and testing (VCT) 01.04 Risk-reduction and prevention activites for vulnerable and accessible populations	30,083,854 2,243,841	1,089,689		1,089,689				28,906,120 545,511	26,711,398		119,496 41,948	168	2,069,141 503,563		5,917	88,045 9,204	75,240		12,805 9,204
01.05 Prevention – youth in school 01.06 Prevention – youth out-of-school 01.06 Prevention – youth out-of-school 01.07 OT Devention – With the school	1,039,229 593,607 214,846	405	78,614	926,357 405 5.740				29,356 592,548 209,106			1.634	592,548 207.080	29,356		392	4,902 654			4,902 654
01.07 Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at people living with HIV (PLHIV) 01.08 Prevention programmes for sex workers and their clients 01.09 Programmes for men who have sex with men (MSM)	2,241,889 1,524,033	536,884		536,884 1,163				1,705,005			1,634	1,646,502	30,001		27,091 47,456	0			49
01.10 Harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug users (IDUs) 01.11 Prevention programmes in the workplace	1,337,175 278,696	0		270,137				1,337,122				1,327,657	9,465		47,400	53 8,559			53 8,559
01.12 Condom social marketing 01.13 Public and commercial sector male condom provision	35 2,290,538	35		35				0								0 2,290,538			2,290,538
01.14 Public and commercial sector female condom provision 01.15 Microbicides 01.16 Prevention, diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmitted infections (STI)	0 0 1.110.035	0				1		0 1.110.035				1.110.035				0			
01.17 Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT) 01.18 Male circumcision	1,110,035 19,974,867 0			102,270		1		1,110,035 19,872,404 0			70,920	1,110,035	19,239,626			193			193
01.19 Blood safety 01.20 Safe medical injections	0	0						0								0			
01.21 Universal precautions 01.22 Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP)	0	0						0								0			
01.23 Pre-exposure prophylaxis 01.98 Prevention activities not disaggregated by intervention 01.99 Prevention activities n.e.c.	0 12,170,774 84.884			176,000				0 11,884,210 84,884	11,850,261				33,949 84.884			0 110,564			110,564
02.01 Outpatient care	84,884 304,376,381 79,880,897	17,800,690	14,280,987 7,830,864	3,519,703 2,197,832		0 0	0	286,568,680 69,845,190	215,746,416	0	53,569	67,581,076	9,082	0	3,178,537 3,178,537	7,011	0	0	7,011
02.01.01 Provider- initiated testing and counselling (PITC) 02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (Oli outpatient prophylaxis and treatment	1,261,227 19,088	1,259,813		1,259,813				0 19,088				19,088				1,414			<b>7,011</b> 1,414
02.01.03 Antiretroviral therapy 02.01.04 Nutritional support associated to ARV therapy 02.01.05 Specific HV-related, laboratory monitoring	70,644,968	8,764,508 0	7,830,864	933,644				61,880,460 0 7,945,642			51,318	7,935,853	7.538		3,178,537	0			
02.01.05 Specific HV-related laboratory monitoring 02.01.06 Dental programmes for PLHIV 02.01.07 Psychological treatment and support services	7,950,017 0 0	0		4,375				7,945,642			2,251	7,935,853	7,538			0			
02.01.08 Outpatient pallative care 02.01.09 Home-based care	0 5,597	0						0								0 5,597			5,597
02.01.10 Traditional medicine and informal care and treatment services 02.01.98 Outpatient care services not disaggregated by intervention	0	0						0								0			
02.01.99 Outpatient care services n.e.c. 02.02 Inpatient care	0 1,278,531		0	1,278,531		0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02.02.01 Inpatient treatment of opportunistic infections (OI) 02.02.02 Inpatient palliative care 02.02.98 Inpatient care services not disaggregated by intervention	1,278,531 0 0	0		1,278,531				0								0			
02.02.99 Inpatient care services n.e.c. 02.03 Patient transport and emergency rescue	0 1,544	0						0					1,544			0			
02.98 Care and treatment services not disaggregated by intervention 02.99 Care and treatment services n.e.c.	223,198,357 17,053	17,053	6,450,123	26,287 17,053				216,721,946 0	215,746,416			975,530				0			
03 Orphans and vulnerable children (OVC) 03.01 OVC Education 03.02 OVC Basic health care 03.02 OVC Basic health care	146,023 7,759 858	0	0	588		0 0	0	50,430 6,266 858	0	0	5,068	0	45,362 6,266 858	0	0	95,005 1,493	0	0	95,005 1,493
03.03 OVC Basil realiticate 03.03 OVC Family/home support 03.04 OVC Community support	858 27,954 4,322	588		588				1,223			4 322		1,223			26,143			26,143
03.05 OVC Social Services and Administrative costs 03.06 OVC Institutional care	65,324 32,175	0						28,401			275		28,401 1,454			36,923 30,446			36,923 30,446
03.98 OVC Services not disaggregated by intervention 03.99 OVC services n.e.c.	7,631	0						7,631			471		7,160			0			
04 Systems Strengthening & Programme Coordination 04.01 National planning, coordination and programme management 04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated with managing and disbursing funds	103,115,447 15,484,327 13,342,813	1,071,609	5,382,973 317,973	2,023,836 753,636 321,213		0 0	0	95,483,925 14,293,244 12,972,450	9,130,196	0	124,105 103,952	47,452,595 13,286,526 12,635,921	38,775,670 902,707 335,229	0	1,359 59 1,300	224,713 119,474 49,151	103,742 103,742	0	120,971 15,732 49,151
04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated with managing and dispursing tonds 04.03 Monitoring and evaluation 04.04 Operations research	12,374,621 552,684	5,175,945	5,065,000	110,945		1		7,198,192			20,153	6,906,217 529,703	271,822 22,981		1,300	484			49,151 484
04.05 Serological-surveillance (serosurveillance) 04.06 HIV drug-resistance surveillance	0	0						0								0			
04.07 Drug supply systems 04.08 Information technology	12,408,472 45,279	16,558		16,558				12,408,472 27,969				12,408,472 27,969				0 752			752
04.09 Patient tracking 04.10 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure 04.11 Mandatory HV testing (not VCT)	427,414 1,255,234 0			388,681 5,824				35,139 1,198,283 0				35,139 1,121,708	76,575			3,594 51,127 0			3,594 51,127
04.98 Programme management and administration not disaggregated by type 04.98 Programme management and administration n.e.c	9,836,827 37,387,776	278,426		148,553 278,426		ł		9,688,273 37,109,219	9,130,196		1	440,732 60,208	117,345 37,049,011			0 0 131			131
05 Human resources 05.01 Monetary incentives for human resources	27,535,123 24,293,230	26,556,034	26,350,653 23,931,643	205,380 172,153		0	0	936,521 158,920	0	0	149,452 79,475	246,100 13,610	524,336 60,442	0	16,633 5,393	42,569 30,514	0	0	42,569 30,514
05.02 Formative education to build-up an HIV workforce 05.03 Training 05.09 Foreign process and discographical builting	0 818,566 2,419,010		2.419.010	33,227				0 773,284			69,977	232,490	459,577		11,240	0 12,055			12,055
05.98 Human resources not disaggregated by type 05.99 Human resources n.e.c. 06 Social protection and social services (excluding OVC)	2,419,010 4,316 39,874,144	0	2,419,010	16.340			0	0 4,316 39,857,804	39,857.374				4,316 430			0		0	0
06.01 Social protection through monetary benefits 06.02 Social protection through in-kind benefits	430 0	0						430					430			0			
06.03 Social protection through provision of social services 06.04 HIV-specific income generation projects	0 16,340	16,340		16,340				0								0			
06.98 Social protection services and social services not disaggregated by type 06.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.c. 07 Enabling environment	39,857,374 0 26,707	0						39,857,374 0 26,707	39,857,374		15.184	8 004	2,500			0			
07.01 Advocacy 07.02 Human rights programmes	26,707 9,584 15,184	0						9,584 15,184			15,184	7,055	2,529			0		0	0
07.03 AIDS-specific institutional development 07.04 AIDS-specific programmes focused on women	0	0						0								0			
07.05 Programmes to reduce Gender Based Violence 07.98 Enabling environment not disaggregated by type	0	0						0								0			
07.99 Enabling environment n.e.c. 08 HIV and AIDS-related research (excluding operations research ) 08.01 Biomedical research	1,939 17,516 0	16,340	0	16,340		0	0	1,939 1,176	0	0	(	1,939	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
08.02 Clinical research 08.03 Epidemiological research	0	0				ł		0			1					0			
08.04 Social science research 08.05 Vaccine-related research	17,516 0	0		16,340				1,176 0				1,176				0			
08.98 HIV and AIDS-related research activities not disaggregated by type 08.99 HIV and AIDS-related research activities n.e.c.	0	0						0								0			
98 All other HIV activities not disaggregated by intervention and not classifiable in categories ASC.01.98 99 All other HIV activities not classifiable in categories ASC.01.99 to ASC.08.99	0					1	67	0								0			

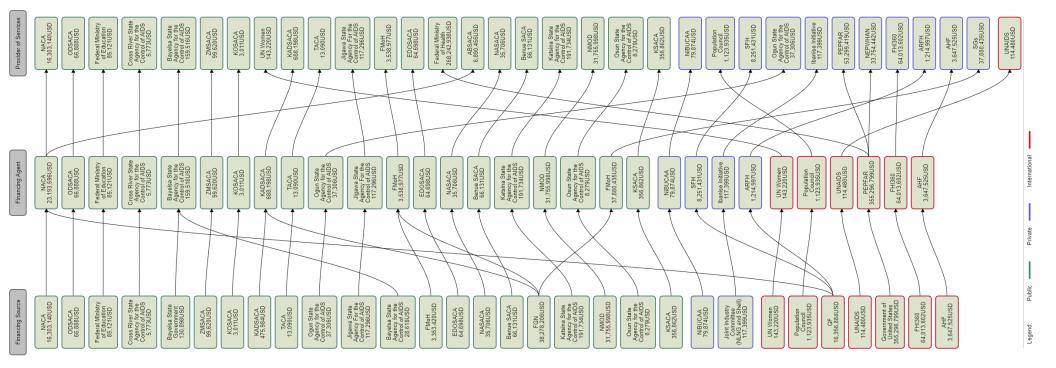
Country:         Nigeria           Reporting cycle:         Calendar Vear           National AIDS Spending         Assessment (NASA)           Data Measurement Tool:         Assessment (NASA)           Amounts reported in:         USD           Please indicate month and year (MYYYY)         Month         Year				Fina	ancing Sou	irces													
From: 1 2018 To: United States Dollar Currenzy: United States Dollar																			
Currency epxressed in: Units (x1) Average Exchange Rate for the year (local currency to USi 1.000 2018	TOTAL			Public Sources					Bilat	Int erals	ernational Sourc	es Multila	terals			Private			
AIDS Spending Categories	USD	Public Sub-	Central /	Sub-National	Dev. Banks Reimbursable	Social Socurity	All Other Public	International	PEPFAR	Other Bilaterals	UN Agonolos	Global Fund	Dev. Bank Non- Reimburseable	All Other	All Other	Private Sub-	For-profit institutions /	Household	All Other
Albo Opending Calegories	55	Total	National	Sub-National	(e.g. Loans)	Social Security		Sub-Total		Other Bilaterals	UN Agencies	Giobal Pullu	(e.g. Grants)	Multilateral	International	Total	Corporations	funds	Private
TOTAL USD 01 Prevention	532,371,499 67,809,141		89,971,011 21,736,718	1,506,770 792,206			0	440,696,445 45,194,315	355,296,799	0	257,700 114,480	80,370,486 9,027,145	0 0	0	4,771,460 512,424	197,273 85,902	79,874 79,874	0	117,399 6,028
01.01 Communication for social and behavioural change 01.02 Community mobilization 01.03 Voluntary counselling and testing (VCT)	92,517 12,016,689 35,594,808	10,146,065	39,307 10,123,981	53,210 22,084				0 1,869,651 34,586,958	36,000			1,833,651				0 973			973 4.148
01.03 Voluntary counseling and testing (VC1) 01.04 Risk-reduction for vulnerable and accessible populations 01.05 Prevention – youth in school	35,594,808 0 45,815	0	527,616 45.815	476,087				34,586,958	28,088,586			6,498,372				4,148 0 0			4,148
01.06 Prevention – youth out-of-school 01.07 Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at people living with HIV (PLHIV)	5,114,480 0	5,000,000	5,000,000					114,480			114,480					0			
01.08 Prevention programmes for sex workers and their clients 01.09 Programmes for men who have sex with men (MSM) 01.00 Programmes for men who have sex with men (MSM)	79,874	0						0								79,874	79,874		
01.10 Harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug users (IDUs) 01.11 Prevention programmes in the workplace 01.12 Condom social marketing	0 32,820 0	32,820		32,820				0								0			
01.13 Public and commercial sector male condom provision 01.14 Public and commercial sector female condom provision	0	0						0								0			
01.15 Microbicides 01.16 Prevention, diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmitted infections (STI) 01.47 December of arctices to ability transmitted infections (STI)	0	0						0								0			~~~
01.17 Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT) 01.18 Male circumcision 01.19 Blood safetv	6,525,409 0 0	0	6,000,000	208,005		<u> </u>		316,497 0 0				316,497				907			907
01.20 Safe medical injections 01.21 Universal precautions	0 0 0	0						0								0			
01.22 Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) 01.98 Prevention activities not disaggregated by intervention	0 8,306,729	0						0 8,306,729	7,415,680			378,625			512,424	0			
01.99 Prevention activities n.e.c. 02 Care and treatment	0 238,447,440 50.031.075	7,877,771		30,584 30,584		0	0	0 230,569,669 42,153,304	187,804,854	0	0	39,436,480 39,436,480	0	0	3,328,335	0	0	0	0
02.01 Outpatient care 02.01.01 Provider-initiated testing and counselling (PITC) 02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis and treatment 02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis and treatment	50,031,075 0 0		7,647,187	30,384			0	42,153,304	0	0	0	39,436,460	0	0	2,716,824	0	0	0	0
02.01.03 Antiretroviral therapy 02.01.04 Nutritional support associated to ARV therapy	49,944,805 37,090	37,090	7,830,864 16,323	20,767				42,113,941 0				39,397,117			2,716,824	0			
02.01.05 Specific HIV-related laboratory monitoring 02.01.06 Dental programmes for PLHIV 02.01.07 Psychological treatment and support services	49,180 0	0		9,817				39,363 0				39,363				0			
02.01.07 Psychological realment and support services 02.01.08 Outpatient palliative care 02.01.09 Home-based care	0 0 0	0						0								0			
02.01.10 Traditional medicine and informal care and treatment services 02.01.98 Outpatient care services not disaggregated by intervention	0	0						0								0			
02.01.99 Outpatient care services n.e.c. 02.02 Inpatient care	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02.02.01 Inpatient treatment of opportunistic infections (OI) 02.02.02 Inpatient palliative care 02.02.98 Inpatient care services not disaggregated by intervention	0 0 0	0						0								0			
02.02.99 Inpatient care services n.e.c. 02.03 Patient transport and emergency rescue	0	0						0								0			
02.98 Care and treatment services not disaggregated by intervention 02.99 Care and treatment services n.e.c.	188,416,365 0	0						188,416,365	187,804,854						611,511	0			
03 Orphans and vulnerable children (OVC) 03.01 OVC Education 03.02 OVC Basic health care	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	0
03.03 OVC Family/home support 03.04 OVC Community support	0	0						0								0			
03.05 OVC Social Services and Administrative costs 03.06 OVC Institutional care	0	0						0								0			
03.98 OVC Services not disaggregated by intervention 03.99 OVC services n.e.c. 04 Programme management and administration	0 0 162,828,356	0 0 34,782,607	34,364,074	418,534				0 0 127,934,377	98,197,237		75,447	29,494,582	0		167,111	0 0 111,371	0	0	111,371
04.01 Planning, coordination and programme management 04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated with managing and disbursing funds	8,805,696 16,841,845	6,343,987	6,199,002 293	144,986				2,359,782	50,157,257		13,971	2,345,811 16,768,332	0		107,111	101,927 9,444	0		101,927 9,444
04.03 Monitoring and evaluation 04.04 Operations research	8,681,426 53,299,419	6,073,300	6,040,174	33,126				2,608,126 53,299,419	53,299,419		61,476	2,546,650				0			
04.05 Serological-surveillance (serosurveillance) 04.06 HIV drug-resistance surveillance 04.07 Drug supply systems	0 0 10,760,340	0 9,323,335	9,323,335					0 0 1,437,005				1.437.005				0			
04.08 Information technology 04.09 Patient tracking	2,070,345 497,229	1,921,728	1,921,728			İ —		148,617 497,229				148,617 497,229		ļ		0			
04.10 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure 04.11 Mandatory HIV testing (not VCT)	16,656,428 0	11,047,910 0	10,879,542	168,368				5,608,518				5,441,407			167,111	0			
04.98 Programme management and administration not disaggregated by type 04.99 Programme management and administration n.e.c 05 Human resources	45,215,628 0 29,327,352	0	25,837,476	8,279 257,231				45,207,349 0 3,232,645	44,897,818		56,777	309,531 2,412,278			763,590	0			
05.01 Monetary incentives for human resources 05.02 Formative education to build-up an HIV workforce	23,219,144 0	22,455,554	22,455,554				0	763,590	0			2,412,270	0		763,590	0	0	0	0
05.03 Training 05.98 Human resources not disaggregated by type	2,871,981 3,236,228	1,185,291 2,453,862	928,060 2,453,862	257,231				1,686,690 782,366			56,777	1,629,912 782,366				0			
05.99 Human resources n.e.c. 06 Social protection and social services (excluding OVC) 06.01 Social protection through monetary benefits	0 33,939,999 0		185,557	0		0	0	0 33,754,442	33,754,442	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06.02 Social protection through in-kind benefits 06.03 Social protection through provision of social services	0	0						0								0			
06.04 HIV-specific income generation projects 06.98 Social protection services and social services not disaggregated by type	0 33,939,999		185,557					0	33,754,442							0			
06.99 Social protection services and social services n.e.c. 07 Enabling environment 07.01 Advocacy	0 19,210 11,709	0 8,214 8,214		8,214 8,214		0	0	0 10,996 3,495	0	0	10,996 3,495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
07.02 Advocacy 07.02 Human rights programmes 07.03 AIDS-specific institutional development	0 0	0		0,214		1		0 0			3,495			1		0			
07.04 AIDS-specific programmes focused on women 07.05 Programmes to reduce Gender Based Violence	0 4,188	0						0 4,188			4,188					0			
07.98 Enabling environment not disaggregated by type 07.99 Enabling environment n.e.c.	3,313	0						3,313			3,313					0			
08 HIV and AIDS-related research (excluding operations research ) 08.01 Biomedical research 08.02 Clinical research	0 0 0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
08.03 Epidemiological research 08.04 Social science research	0	0						0								0			
08.05 Vaccine-related research 08.98 HIV and AIDS-related research activities not disaggregated by type 09.00 LIV and AIDS-related research activities not disaggregated by type	0	0						0								0			
08.99 HIV and AIDS-related research activities n.e.c.	0	0					68	0								0			

#### Appendix VI: Funding Flow









Appendix VII: NASA Matrices

Financing Sources	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
FS.01 Public funds	73,299,196	79,543,466	66,045,257	91,477,782	310,365,702
FS.01.01 Territorial government funds	73,299,196	79,543,466	66,045,257	91,477,782	310,365,702
FS.01.01.01 Central government revenue	48,377,412	73,970,626	53,670,498	89,971,012	265,989,548
FS.01.01.02 State/provincial government revenue	24,921,784	5,564,510	12,368,504	1,443,809	44,298,608
FS.01.01.03 Local/municipal government revenue		8,330	6,255	62,961	77,546
FS.02 Private Funds	760,194	1,559,340	2,936,398	197,273	27,689,705
FS.02.01 For-profit institutions and corporations	201,169	161,906	183,884	79,874	626,833
FS.02.03 Not-for-profit institutions (other than social					
insurance)	559,025	1,389,849	2,752,514	117,399	27,062,872
FS.03 International funds	427,677,071	471,936,348	491,314,743	440,696,444	1,809,388,106
FS.03.01 Direct bilateral contributions	375,906,406	412,028,300	303,295,645	355,296,799	1,424,290,650
FS.03.01.08 Government of Germany		7,439			7,439
FS.03.01.21 Government of United Kingdom	4,166,569	25,407,000			7,337,069
FS.03.01.22 Government of United States	371,739,837	386,613,861	303,295,645	355,296,799	1,416,946,142
FS.03.02 Multilateral Agencies	51,601,901	58,695,341	184,729,315	80,628,185	375,654,742
FS.03.02.07 The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis					
and Malaria	49,641,553	54,801,845	122,286,503	80,370,485	307,100,386
FS.03.02.08 UNAIDS Secretariat	1,051,042	145,942	248,403	257,700	1,703,087
FS.03.02.09 United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	316,276	362,167	335,900		1,014,343
FS.03.02.11 United Nations Development Programme					
(UNDP)	500				500
FS.03.02.17 United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)			1,412		1,412
FS.03.02.18 World Bank (WB)	568,900	3,385,387	61,857,098		65,811,385
FS.03.02.99 Multilateral funds or development funds n.e.c.	23,630				23,630
FS.03.03 International not-for-profit organizations and					
foundations	168,764	1,212,707	3,259,682	4,771,460	9,412,613
FS.03.03.16 Health Alliance International			10,203		10,203
FS.03.03.17 Helen K. and Arthur E. Johnson Foundation			13,683		13,683
FS.03.03.26 The Ford Foundation	16,250		24,999		41,249
FS.03.03.27 The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation				512,424	512,424
FS.03.03.99 Other International not-for-profit					
organizations and foundations n.e.c.	152,514	1,212,707	3,210,797	4,259,036	8,835,054

FS.03.04 International for profit organizations			30,101		30,101
Grand Total	501,736,461	553,039,154	560,296,399	532,371,499	2,147,443,513

Financing Agents	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
FA.01 Public sector	73,299,196	116,954,655	67,178,339	98,368,238	355,800,428
FA.01.01 Territorial governments	73,299,196	116,954,655	67,178,339	98,368,238	355,800,428
FA.01.01.01 Central or federal authorities	48,267,796	111,345,604	44,312,743	96,454,128	300,380,271
FA.01.01.02 State/provincial/regional authorities	25,031,400	5,602,243	22,857,672	1,851,149	55,342,464
FA.01.01.03 Local/municipal authorities		6,808	7,924	62,961	77,693
FA.02 Private sector	783,824	30,779,119	2,951,760	9,663,700	44,178,403
FA.02.03 Private insurance enterprises (other than social					
insurance)	24,180				24,180
FA.02.05 Not-for-profit institutions (other than social					
insurance)	558,447	30,631,461	2,876,520	1,332,396	35,398,824
FA.02.06 Private non-parastatal organizations and					
corporations (other than health insurance)	201,197	147,658	75,240	8,331,304	8,755,399
FA.03 International purchasing organizations	427,653,441	405,305,380	490,166,300	424,339,561	1,747,464,682
FA.03.01 Country offices of bilateral agencies managing					
external resources and fulfilling financing agent roles	375,906,406	388,958,224	303,295,645	355,296,799	1,423,457,074
FA.03.01.21 Government of United Kingdom	4,166,569	3,170,500			7,337,069
FA.03.01.22 Government of United States	371,739,837	385,787,724	303,295,645	355,296,799	1,416,120,005
FA.03.02 Multilateral agencies managing external resources	51,578,271	12,117,114	183,599,724	64,271,302	311,566,411
FA.03.02.07 UNAIDS Secretariat	906,255		248,403	114,480	1,269,138
FA.03.02.08 United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	316,276	335,354	128,354		779,984
FA.03.02.09 United Nations Development Fund for					
Women (UNIFEM)	144,787	145,942		143,220	433,949
FA.03.02.10 United Nations Development Programme					
(UNDP)	500				500
FA.03.02.17 World Bank (WB)	568,900	3,385,387	61,857,098		65,811,385
FA.03.02.99 Other Multilateral entities n.e.c.	49,641,553	8,250,431	121,365,869	64,013,602	243,271,455
FA.03.03 International not-for-profit organizations and					
foundations	168,764	4,230,042	3,240,830	4,771,460	12,411,096
FA.03.03.16 Health Alliance International			10,203		10,203
FA.03.03.26 The Ford Foundation	16,250		24,999		41,249
FA.03.03.27 The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation				512,424	512,424
FA.03.03.99 Other International not-for-profit					
organizations n.e.c.	152,514	4,230,042	3,205,628	4,259,036	11,847,220

FA.03.04 International for-profit organizations			30,101		30,101
Grand Total	501,736,461	553,039,154	560,296,399	532,371,499	2,147,443,513

Service Providers					
	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
PS.01 Public sector providers	451,653,183	480,450,889	404,596,323	328,836,655	1,665,537,050
PS.01.01 Governmental organizations	438,419,926	475,772,828	404,596,323	321,523,799	1,640,312,876
PS.01.01.01 Hospitals (Governmental)	378,058,432	407,885,495	325,717,252	276,259,359	1,387,920,538
PS.01.01.14 Government entities (Governmental)	56,709,585	66,932,394	78,879,071	45,201,479	247,722,530
PS.01.01.14.01 National AIDS commission (NACs)	21,097,620	35,062,556	30,977,202	8,615,496	95,752,874
PS.01.01.14.02 Departments inside the Ministry of					
Health or equivalent (including. NAPs/NACPs)	31,841,259	25,093,365	41,581,031	3,353,420	101,869,075
PS.01.01.14.03 Departments inside the Ministry of					
Education or equivalent	33,793	34,682	93,583	85,122	247,179
PS.01.01.14.04 Departments inside the Ministry of					
Social Development or equivalent	45,013	4,148	793		49,954
PS.01.01.14.05 Departments inside the Ministry of					
Defence or equivalent				31,755,998	31,755,998
PS.01.01.14.99 Government entities n.e.c.	3,691,900	6,737,644	6,226,463	1,391,443	18,047,450
PS.01.01.99 Governmental organizations n.e.c.	3,651,909	954,938		62,961	4,669,809
PS.01.02 Parastatal organizations	13,233,257	4,678,062		7,312,856	25,224,174
PS.01.02.01 Hospitals (Parastatal)				143,713	143,713
PS.01.02.99 Parastatal organizations n.e.c.	13,233,257	4,678,062		7,169,143	25,080,461
PS.02 Private sector providers	50,083,278	71,375,558	155,333,964	203,420,364	480,213,163
PS.02.01 Non-profit providers	50,079,302	71,375,558	155,333,964	203,420,364	480,209,187
PS.02.01.01 Non-profit non-faith-based providers	50,079,302	67,448,378	113,222,670	203,383,058	434,133,408
PS.02.01.01.01 Hospitals (Non-profit non faith-based)	149,744			37,880,435	38,030,179
PS.02.01.01.10 Schools and training facilities (Non-					
profit non faith-based)			10,645		10,645
PS.02.01.01.13 Research institutions (Non-profit non					
faith-based)				53,299,419	53,299,419
PS.02.01.01.15 Civil society organizations (Non-profit					
non faith-based)	42,433,270	58,863,446	59,868,204	46,948,268	208,113,188

PS.02.01.01.99 Other non-profit non-faith-based					
providers n.e.c.	7,496,288	8,584,932	53,343,821	65,254,936	134,679,977
PS.02.01.02 Non-profit faith-based providers		3,924,414	2,253,919	37,306	6,215,639
PS.02.01.02.10 Schools and training facilities (Non-					
profit faith-based)			6,412		6,412
PS.02.01.02.14 Civil society organizations (Non-profit					
faith-based)		3,924,414	2,247,507	37,306	6,209,227
PS.02.01.99 Other non-profit private sector providers					
n.e.c.		2,766	39,857,374		39,860,140
PS.02.02 For profit private sector providers (including for-					
profit FBOs)	3,976				3,976
PS.02.02.99 For profit private sector providers n.e.c.	3,976				3,976
PS.03 Bilateral and multilateral entities – in country offices		1,212,707	366,112	114,480	1,693,299
PS.03.01 Bilateral agencies				114,480	114,480
PS.03.02 Multilateral agencies		1,212,707	366,112		1,578,819
Grand Total	501,736,461	553,039,154	560,296,399	532,371,499	2,147,443,513

AIDS Spending Categories	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
ASC.01 Prevention	94,044,819	140,023,110	85,205,057	67,809,141	387,082,127
ASC.01.01 Communication for social and behavioural					
change	4,518,038	1,615,556		92,518	6,226,113
ASC.01.01.01 Health-related communication for social and					
behavioural change	2,953,249	1,008,601		92,518	4,054,368
ASC.01.01.02 Non-health-related communication for					
social and behavioural change	1,134,030	15,567			1,149,597
ASC.01.01.98 Communication for Social and behavioural					
change not disaggregated by type	430,760	591,388			1,022,148
ASC.01.01 Communication for social and behavioural					
change (BCC)			9,193,108		9,193,108
ASC.01.01.01 Health-related communication for social and					
behavioural change			286,983		286,983
ASC.01.01.02 Non-health-related communication for					
social and behavioural change			511,385		511,385
ASC.01.01.98 Communication for Social and behavioural					
change not disaggregated by type			8,394,740		8,394,740

ASC.01.02 Community mobilization	113,792	132,342		12,016,689	12,262,823
ASC.01.02 Community/social mobilization			823,647		823,647
ASC.01.03 Voluntary counselling and testing (VCT)	45,747,338	67,327,748	30,168,738	35,594,808	178,838,632
ASC.01.04 Risk-reduction and prevention activities for					
vulnerable and accessible populations			2,243,841		2,243,841
ASC.01.04.01 VCT as part of programmes for vulnerable					
and accessible populations			879,971		879,971
ASC.01.04.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of programmes for vulnerable					
and accessible populations			1,321,921		1,321,921
ASC.01.04.04 Behavior change communication (BCC) as					
part of programmes for vulnerable and accessible populations			41,948		41,948
ASC.01.04 Risk-reduction for vulnerable and accessible					
populations	9,622,132	3,664,201			13,286,334
ASC.01.04.01 VCT as part of programmes for vulnerable					
and accessible populations	374,650	355,605			730,255
ASC.01.04.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of programmes for vulnerable					
and accessible populations	365,951	203,232			569,183
ASC.01.04.03 STI prevention and treatment as part of					
programmes for vulnerable and accessible populations	8,785,985	2,901,292			11,687,277
ASC.01.04.04 Behavior change communication (BCC) as					
part of programmes for vulnerable and accessible populations	73,988	23,152			97,139
ASC.01.04.98 Programmatic interventions for vulnerable					
and accessible population not disaggregated by type		180,921			180,921
ASC.01.04.99 Other programmatic interventions for					
vulnerable and accessible populations not elsewhere classified					
(n.e.c.)	21,559				21,559
ASC.01.05 Prevention – youth in school	2,714,399	116,240	1,039,229	45,815	3,915,683
ASC.01.06 Prevention – youth out-of-school	20,900	421,786	593,607	5,114,480	6,150,773
ASC.01.07 Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at people					
living with HIV (PLHIV)	18,123	4	214,846		232,973
ASC.01.07.01 Behaviour change communication (BCC) as					
part of prevention of HIV transmission aimed at PLHIV	17,328		127,815		145,143

ASC.01.07.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of prevention of HIV					
transmission aimed at PLHIV		4	842		846
ASC.01.07.98 Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at					
PLHIV not disaggregated by type	795		86,189		86,984
ASC.01.08 Prevention programmes for sex workers and					
their clients	2,711,144	4,279,867	2,241,889	79,874	9,312,775
ASC.01.08.01 VCT as part of programmes for sex workers					
and their clients	2,115,938	658,933	30,001	20,874	2,825,746
ASC.01.08.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of programmes for sex					
workers and their clients	421,442	2,209,103	1,494,646	59,000	4,184,191
ASC.01.08.03 STI prevention and treatment as part of					
programmes for sex workers and their clients		95,248			95,248
ASC.01.08.04 Behaviour change communication (BCC) as					
part of programmes for sex workers and their clients	150,202	1,316,583	717,243		2,184,028
ASC.01.08.98 Programmatic interventions for sex workers					
and their clients not disaggregated by type	11,500				11,500
ASC.01.08.99 Other programmatic interventions for sex					
workers and their clients, n.e.c.	12,062				12,062
ASC.01.09 Programmes for men who have sex with men					
(MSM)	1,077,085	1,892,407	1,524,033		4,493,525
ASC.01.09.01 VCT as part of programmes for MSM	108,097	105,254	16,266		229,617
ASC.01.09.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of programmes for MSM	620,892	12,963	1,343,632		1,977,486
ASC.01.09.03 STI prevention and treatment as part of					
programmes for MSM	26,651	487,020			513,671
ASC.01.09.04 Behaviour change communication (BCC) as					
part of programmes for MSM	321,446	1,284,482	153,290		1,759,218
ASC.01.09.98 Programmatic interventions for MSM not					
disaggregated by type		2,687	10,845		13,532
ASC.01.10 Harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug					
users (IDUs)	741,020	410,183	1,337,175		2,488,377
ASC.01.10.01 VCT as part of programmes for IDUs	466,080	258,437	1,271,892		1,996,409
ASC.01.10.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of programmes for IDUs	20,531	21,065			41,596

ASC.01.10.04 Behaviour change communication (BCC) as					
part of programmes for IDUs	75,707	130,681	55,818		262,206
ASC.01.10.05 Sterile syringe and needle exchange as part					
of programmes for IDUs	26,468				26,468
ASC.01.10.98 Programmatic interventions for IDUs not					
disaggregated by type	152,233		9,465		161,698
ASC.01.11 Prevention programmes in the workplace	488		278,696	32,819	312,003
ASC.01.11.01 VCT as part of programmes in the workplace			270,137		270,137
ASC.01.11.02 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of programmes in the					
workplace			8,559		8,559
ASC.01.11.03 STI prevention and treatment as part of					
programmes in the workplace	488				488
ASC.01.11.98 Programmatic interventions in the					
workplace not disaggregated by type				32,819	32,819
ASC.01.12 Condom social marketing	98,222	79,680	35		177,937
ASC.01.13 Public and commercial sector male condom					
provision	4,251,598	25,336,869	2,290,538		31,879,004
ASC.01.16 Prevention, diagnosis and treatment of sexually					
transmitted infections (STI)		641,589	1,110,035		1,751,624
ASC.01.17 Prevention of mother-to-child transmission					
(PMTCT)	1,219,040	181,171	19,974,867	6,525,409	27,900,487
ASC.01.17.01 Pregnant women counselling and testing in					
PMTCT programmes	802,691	172,553	173,190	6,038,417	7,186,851
ASC.01.17.02 Antiretroviral prophylaxis for HIV-infected					
pregnant women and newborns	333,950				333,950
ASC.01.17.04 Delivery practices as part of PMTCT					
programmes	22,532		19,239,819		19,262,351
ASC.01.17.05 Condom social marketing and male and					
female condom provision as part of PMTCT programmes			16,566		16,566
ASC.01.17.98 PMTCT not disaggregated by intervention	59,866	8,618	545,292	486,992	1,100,768
ASC.01.22 Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP)	40,285				40,285
ASC.01.22.98 Post-exposure prophylaxis not disaggregated					
by intervention	40,285				40,285
ASC.01.98 Prevention activities not disaggregated by					
intervention	21,151,214	33,923,468	12,170,774	8,306,729	75,552,185

ASC.02 Care and treatment	308,609,485	302,808,349	304,376,381	238,447,440	1,154,241,655
ASC.02.01 Outpatient care	38,365,670	50,280,243	79,880,897	50,031,075	218,557,884
ASC.02.01.01 Provider- initiated testing and counselling					
(PITC)	73,909	43,032	1,261,227		1,378,168
ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient					
prophylaxis and treatment	50,875	886,871	19,088		956,835
ASC.02.01.03 Antiretroviral therapy	38,062,302	49,312,060	70,644,968	49,944,805	207,964,135
ASC.02.01.04 Nutritional support associated to ARV					
therapy	12,978			37,090	50,068
ASC.02.01.05 Specific HIV-related laboratory monitoring		19,209	7,950,017	49,180	8,018,406
ASC.02.01.07 Psychological treatment and support					
services	137,240	664			137,904
ASC.02.01.09 Home-based care	28,366	18,406	5,597		52,369
ASC.02.02 Inpatient care			1,295,584		1,295,584
ASC.02.02.01 Inpatient treatment of opportunistic					
infections (OI)			1,295,584		1,295,584
ASC.02.03 Patient transport and emergency rescue			1,544		1,544
ASC.02.98 Care and treatment services not disaggregated by					
intervention	270,243,815	252,528,107	223,198,357	188,416,365	934,386,643
ASC.03 Orphans and vulnerable children (OVC)	751,109	618,301	146,023		1,515,433
ASC.03.01 OVC Education	260,525	83,966	7,759		352,250
ASC.03.02 OVC Basic health care	5,863	21,503	858		28,224
ASC.03.03 OVC Family/home support	34,080	27,521	27,954		89,555
ASC.03.04 OVC Community support	23,571	6,265	4,322		34,158
ASC.03.05 OVC Social Services and Administrative costs	5,694	46,236	65,324		117,254
ASC.03.06 OVC Institutional care	201,414	187,122	32,175		420,711
ASC.03.98 OVC Services not disaggregated by intervention	219,963	245,687	7,631		473,281
ASC.04 Programme management and administration	40,476,668	40,599,032	52,872,104	162,516,418	296,464,222
ASC.04.01 Planning, coordination and programme					
management	14,331,175	17,170,779	52,872,104	8,805,698	93,179,755
ASC.04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated					
with managing and disbursing funds	2,083,048	1,627,659		16,841,844	20,552,550
ASC.04.03 Monitoring and evaluation	2,429,683	3,268,038		8,681,426	14,379,146
ASC.04.04 Operations research	5,000,000			53,299,419	58,299,419
ASC.04.05 Serological-surveillance (serosurveillance)	3,750				3,750

ASC.04.07 Drug supply systems	330,731	5,874,035		10,760,340	16,965,105
ASC.04.08 Information technology		1,454		2,070,345	2,071,799
ASC.04.09 Patient tracking		40		497,229	497,269
ASC.04.10 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure	11,894	460,762		16,344,489	16,817,145
ASC.04.10.02 Construction of new health centres				10,879,542	10,879,542
ASC.04.10.98 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure					
not disaggregated by intervention	11,894	460,762		5,464,947	5,937,603
ASC.04.98 Programme management and administration not					
disaggregated by type	16,286,388	12,196,266		45,215,628	73,698,282
ASC.04 Systems Strengthening & Programme Coordination	17,943	190,569	50,243,343	311,939	50,763,795
ASC.04.02 Administration and transaction costs associated					
with managing and disbursing funds			13,342,813		13,342,813
ASC.04.03 Monitoring and evaluation			12,374,621		12,374,621
ASC.04.04 Operations research			552,684		552,684
ASC.04.07 Drug supply systems			12,408,472		12,408,472
ASC.04.08 Information technology			45,279		45,279
ASC.04.09 Patient tracking			427,414		427,414
ASC.04.10 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure	17,943	190,569	1,255,234	311,939	1,775,686
ASC.04.10.01 Upgrading laboratory infrastructure and new					
equipment	17,943	190,569	851,739	311,939	1,372,191
ASC.04.10.98 Upgrading and construction of infrastructure					
not disaggregated by intervention			403,495		403,495
ASC.04.98 Programme management and administration not					
disaggregated by type			9,836,826		9,836,826
ASC.05 Human resources	25,289,595	32,346,808	27,535,123	29,327,352	114,498,878
ASC.05.01 Monetary incentives for human resources	15,834,764	28,272,978	24,297,547	23,219,144	91,624,433
ASC.05.01.01 Monetary incentives for physicians	35,315	10,848,079	14,965,458	12,450,554	38,299,406
ASC.05.01.02 Monetary incentives for nurses	6,601	8,000,081	4,530,476		12,537,158
ASC.05.01.03 Monetary incentives for other staff	207,856	9,393,237	4,785,273	10,768,590	25,154,957
ASC.05.01.98 Monetary incentives for human resources					
not broken down by staff	15,584,991	31,581	16,340		15,632,912
ASC.05.02 Formative education to build-up an HIV					
workforce	12,972	17,157			30,129
ASC.05.03 Training	6,793,424	1,327,383	818,566	2,871,980	11,811,354
ASC.05.98 Human resources not disaggregated by type	2,648,435	2,729,289	2,419,010	3,236,228	11,032,963

ASC.06 Social protection and social services (excluding OVC)	32,391,673	36,235,395	39,874,144	33,939,999	142,441,211
ASC.06.01 Social protection through monetary benefits		1,176	430		1,606
ASC.06.02 Social protection through in-kind benefits	21,699				21,699
ASC.06.04 HIV-specific income generation projects		7,470	16,340		23,810
ASC.06.98 Social protection services and social services not					
disaggregated by type	32,369,974	36,226,749	39,857,374	33,939,999	142,394,096
ASC.07 Enabling environment	155,168	189,228	26,707	19,210	390,313
ASC.07.01 Advocacy	12,198	105,421	9,584	11,709	138,912
ASC.07.02 Human rights programmes	99,405	23,799	17,123		140,327
ASC.07.02.01 Human rights programmes empowering					
individuals to claim their rights	94,294	7,439	8,531		110,264
ASC.07.02.02 Provision of legal and social services to					
promote access to prevention, care and treatment	5,111	9,836	8,592		23,539
ASC.07.02.03 Capacity building in human rights		6,524			6,524
ASC.07.04 AIDS-specific programmes focused on women	16,250				16,250
ASC.07.05 Programmes to reduce Gender Based Violence	27,315	59,435		4,188	90,939
ASC.07.98 Enabling environment not disaggregated by type		573		3,313	3,886
ASC.08 HIV and AIDS-related research (excluding operations					
research )		28,362	17,516		45,878
ASC.08.04 Social science research		28,362	17,516		45,878
ASC.08.04.01 Behavioural research		28,362	17,516		45,878
Grand Total	501,736,461	553,039,154	560,296,399	532,371,499	2,147,443,513

Beneficiary Populations	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
BP.01 People living with HIV (regardless of having a					
medical/clinical diagnosis of AIDS)	341,039,281	343,340,107	363,784,314	271,704,851	1,319,868,553
BP.01.01 Adult and young people (15 years of age and over)					
living with HIV	37,994,418	25,545,232	58,241	114,480	63,712,372
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young men (15 years of age and					
over) living with HIV		25,277,783			25,277,783
BP.01.01.02 Adult and young women (15 years and over)					
living with HIV	79,710	265,476	58,241		403,427
BP.01.01.98 Adult and young people (15 years and over)					
living with HIV not disaggregated by gender	37,914,708	1,973		114,480	38,031,161
BP.01.02 Children (under 15 years) living with HIV		18,406	27,250		45,656

BP.01.02.98 Children (under 15 years) living with HIV not					
disaggregated by gender		18,406	27,250		45,656
BP.01.98 People living with HIV not disaggregated by age or					
gender	303,044,862	317,776,469	363,698,823	271,590,371	1,256,110,525
BP.02 Most at risk populations	4,529,249	7,990,974	4,759,280	1,203,809	18,483,312
BP.02.01 Injecting drug users (IDU) and their sexual partners	741,020	410,183	1,327,657		2,478,859
BP.02.02 Sex workers (SW) and their clients	2,711,144	4,297,937	1,889,584	79,874	8,978,540
BP.02.02.01 Female sex workers and their clients	1,039,812	4,196,856	1,889,584	79,874	7,206,126
BP.02.02.03 Male non-transvestite sex workers (and their					
clients)		95,248			95,248
BP.02.02.98 Sex workers, not disaggregated by gender,					
and their clients	1,671,332	5,833			1,677,165
BP.02.03 Men who have sex with men (MSM)	1,077,085	1,775,220	1,540,627	611,511	5,004,443
BP.02.98 "Most at risk populations" not disaggregated by					
type		1,507,634	1,412	512,424	2,021,470
BP.03 Other key populations	10,824,791	1,249,046	20,052,135	11,904,034	44,030,006
BP.03.01 Orphans and vulnerable children (OVC)	751,109	597,922	102,727		1,451,758
BP.03.02 Children born or to be born of women living with					
HIV	1,219,040	150,898	19,924,665	6,525,409	27,820,012
BP.03.05 Migrants/mobile populations		173,497	23,296		196,793
BP.03.09 Children and youth living in the street			35		35
BP.03.11 Children and youth out of school	20,900	3,900	1,412	5,000,000	5,026,212
BP.03.12 Institutionalized children and youth		70,727			70,727
BP.03.98 Other key populations not disaggregated by type	8,833,742	252,103		378,625	9,464,470
BP.04 Specific "accessible" populations	4,103,796	3,063,846	1,197,519	85,442	8,450,603
BP.04.01 People attending STI clinics		2,944,323			2,944,323
BP.04.02 Elementary school students			39,307		39,307
BP.04.03 Junior high/high school students	2,714,399	20,561	970,566	45,815	3,751,341
BP.04.04 University students	330,714		177,367		508,082
BP.04.05 Health care workers	622,078		10,279	32,819	665,176
BP.04.08 Police and other uniformed services (other than			,		,
the military)		18,672			18,672
BP.04.10 Factory employees (e.g. for workplace					
interventions)	488				488

BP.04.98 Specific "accessible " populations not					
disaggregated by type	436,117	80,289		6,808	523,214
BP.05 General population	76,085,898	125,731,754	72,523,514	108,300,617	382,641,782
BP.05.01 General adult population (older than 24 years)	21,414,121	1,561,146	1,875,849	213,584	25,064,701
BP.05.01.01 Male adult population		59,289			59,289
BP.05.01.02 Female adult population		990	7,364		8,354
BP.05.01.98 General adult population (older than 24 years)					
not disaggregated by gender	21,414,121	1,500,867	1,868,485	213,584	24,997,058
BP.05.02 Children (under 15 years)		31,040	32,774		63,814
BP.05.02.98 Children (under 15 years) not disaggregated					
by gender		31,040	32,774		63,814
BP.05.03 Youth (age 15 to 24 years)	269,323	493,999	626,813		1,390,134
BP.05.03.02 Young females		417,886	608,928		1,026,814
BP.05.03.98 Youth (age 15 to 24 years) not disaggregated					
by gender	269,323	76,113	17,885		363,321
BP.05.98 General population not disaggregated by age or					
gender.	54,402,453	123,645,569	69,988,079	108,087,033	356,123,133
BP.06 Non-targeted interventions	65,153,446	71,663,426	97,979,637	139,172,746	373,969,256
Grand Total	501,736,461	553,039,154	560,296,399	532,371,499	2,147,443,513

Health System Strenghtening	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
HSS.01 Service delivery	442,643,231	465,831,837	419,400,754	194,913,678	1,522,789,500
HSS.02 The health workforce	2,894,425	26,882,724	9,982,281	74,001,072	113,760,503
HSS.03 Health information systems	7,429,683	5,675,681	30,131,338	10,751,771	53,988,473
HSS.04 Medical products	278,820	24,245,191	24,055,208	209,601,028	258,180,247
HSS.05 Health financing		6,996,616	14,512,051	33,833,729	55,342,396
HSS.06 Leadership and governance	48,490,301	23,407,106	62,214,766	9,270,221	143,382,394
Total	501,736,461	553,039,154	560,296,399	532,371,499	2,147,443,513

	2015			2016			2017			2018		
			FS.03			FS.03			FS.03			FS.03
	FS.01	FS.02	Internati	FS.01	FS.02	Internati	FS.01	FS.02	Internati	FS.01	FS.02	Internati
	Public	Private	onal	Public	Private	onal	Public	Private	onal	Public	Private	onal
ASC X FS	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds
	28,117	335,82	65,591,9	14,420	575,30	125,027,	14,248	2,567,	68,389,5	22,528		45,194,3
ASC.01 Prevention	,087	0	12	,719	3.50	086.83	,456	100	01	,924	85,902	15
ASC.01.01 Communication for	4,259,	132,21		393,54		1,186,37	T					
social and behavioural change	635	0	126,193	2	35,636	8				92,518		
ASC.01.01 Communication for							8,613,					
social and behavioural change (BCC)	 						388	11,882	567,838			
ASC.01.02 Community				121,03						10,146		1,869,65
mobilization	92,478		21,314	8	629	10,675				,065	973	1
ASC.01.02 Community/social							758,64					
mobilization							8	42,458	22,541			ļ
ASC.01.03 Voluntary counselling	10,064		35,665,8	7,680,	3,726	59,494,0	1,089,		28,991,0	1,003,		34,586,9
and testing (VCT)	<i>,</i> 655	16,796	87	705		50	689	88 <i>,</i> 045	04	702	4,148	58
ASC.01.04 Risk-reduction and												
prevention activites for vulnerable							1,689,					
and accessible populations			ļ				126	9,204	545,511	i		
ASC.01.04 Risk-reduction for												
vulnerable and accessible	9,543,			3,142,	179,51							
populations	693	7,166	71,273	851	1	341,840			ļ	 	i	ļ
ASC.01.05 Prevention – youth in	222,32		2,416,57				1,004,					
school	1	75,500	8	85,200	31,040		971	4,902	29,356	45,815		ļ
ASC.01.06 Prevention – youth										5,000,		
out-of-school	 	 	20,900	3,900	<b> </b>	417,886	405	654	592,548	000	i	114,480
ASC.01.07 Prevention of HIV												
transmission aimed at people living												
with HIV (PLHIV)		3,770	14,353	4			5,740		209,106			

ASC.01.08 Prevention	 			 	1							1
programmes for sex workers and	1,493,	1	1,212,80	328,69	1	3,877,37	536,88		1,705,00	'	1 '	1 /
their clients	346	4,993	6	6	73,800	1	4	'	5	'	79,874	_ /
ASC.01.09 Programmes for men	620,89			ļī	163,04	1,729,36			1,522,82	1	· · · ·	<b>/</b>
who have sex with men (MSM)	2	'	456,194	'	2	4	1,163	49	1	'	1'	/
ASC.01.10 Harm-reduction	,			, 	1					1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>/</b>
programmes for injecting drug users	563,92	1	1	'	1				1,337,12		1 '	1 /
(IDUs)	8	'	177,092	'	1'	410,183		53	2	!	'	/
ASC.01.11 Prevention	· ·	'		· ·	'		270,13			· ·	'	
programmes in the workplace	۱'	'	488	L'	['		7	8,559		32,819	l'	I
ASC.01.12 Condom social	['	'		· ·	1					·	'	l
marketing	98,222	<u> </u>		79,680	<u>                                     </u>		35			'	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASC.01.13 Public and commercial	107,29	'	4,048,91	· ·	87,919	25,248,9		2,290,		\[ '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
sector male condom provision	9	95 <i>,</i> 385	4	'	.10	49.55	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	538			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASC.01.16 Prevention, diagnosis	ſ '	Ī '	ſ '	[ '	1			· [	ſ	Γ '	Ī '	Ī
and treatment of sexually	1	1	1	'	1				1,110,03	'	1 '	1
transmitted infections (STI)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	'	'	<u>                                     </u>	641,589	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASC.01.17 Prevention of mother-	695 <i>,</i> 83	1	1	101,00	1		102,27		19,872,4	6,208,	1 '	1 /
to-child transmission (PMTCT)	1	<u> </u>	523,208	0	<u> </u>	80,171	0	193	04	005	907	316,497
ASC.01.22 Post-exposure	1	1	1	'	1					'	1 '	1 /
prophylaxis (PEP)	<u> </u> '	ļ'	40,285	<u> </u> '	<u>                                     </u>		'	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	'	<b>↓</b> '	<u> </u>
ASC.01.98 Prevention activities	354,78	1	20,796,4	2,484,	1	31,439,3	176,00	110,56	11,884,2	'	1 '	8,306,72
not disaggregated by intervention	7	ļ'	27	104	Ļ'	64	0	4	10	'	<b>↓</b> '	9
	259,14	1	308,350,	26,323	1	276,465,	17,800		286,568,	7,877,	1 '	230,569,
ASC.02 Care and treatment	7	ļ'	338	,632	19,070	647	,690	7,011	680	771	<b>↓</b> '	669
	259,14	1	38,106,5	24,545	1	25,715,2	10,028		69,845,1	7,877,	1 '	42,153,3
ASC.02.01 Outpatient care	7	<u> </u> '	23	,884	19,070	89	,696	7,011	90	771	<u> </u> '	04
	1	1	1	'	1		1,295,			'	1 '	1  '
ASC.02.02 Inpatient care	<u> </u> '	ļ'	<u> </u> '	<u> </u> '	Ļ'	ļ	584	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	'	<b>↓</b> '	<u>                                     </u>
ASC.02.03 Patient transport and	1	1	1	'	1						1 '	1
emergency rescue	<u> </u> '	ļ'	ļ'	<u> </u> '	Ļ'	ļ	'	ļ'	1,544	'	<b>↓</b> '	<u>                                     </u>
ASC.02.98 Care and treatment	1	1	1	'	1					'	1 '	1  '
services not disaggregated by	1	1	270,243,	1,777,	1	250,750,	6,476,		216,721,	'	1 '	188,416,
intervention	<u> </u> '	ļ'	815	749	<u>                                     </u>	358	411	<u> </u> '	946	'	<b>↓</b> '	365
ASC.03 Orphans and vulnerable	-	1	1	182,07	251,41					'	1 '	1
children (OVC)	9	6,545	75,346	2	4	184,815	588	95,005	50,430	'	<u> </u>	

	250,15											
ASC.03.01 OVC Education	6		10,369	24,656	59,310			1,493	6,266			
ASC.03.02 OVC Basic health care			5,863		900	20,603			858			
ASC.03.03 OVC Family/home						-	<b> </b>	1	1	1	1	
support			34,080		2,634	24,887	588	26,143	1,223			
ASC.03.04 OVC Community												
support		6,076	17,495		6,265				4,322			
ASC.03.05 OVC Social Services	I											
and Administrative costs		469	5,225		7,970	38,266		36,923	28,401			
	201,41											
ASC.03.06 OVC Institutional care	4			86,064		101,059		30,446	1,729			
ASC.03.98 OVC Services not	217,64				174,33			$\Box$		T	$\Box$	
disaggregated by intervention	9		2,314	71,352	5				7,631			
ASC.04 Programme management	19,429	406,90	20,640,6	6,745,	475,76	33,378,2	1,350,	119,60	51,402,4	34,782	111,37	127,622,
and administration	,093	0	75	030	7	49	035	5	63	,609	1	438
ASC.04.01 Planning, coordination	8,613,	274,57	5,443,45	2,000,	38,211	14,979,7	1,350,	119,60	51,402,4	6,343,	101,92	2,359,78
and programme management	149	5	1	055		62	035	5	63	989	7	2
ASC.04.02 Administration and												
transaction costs associated with	1,988,			976,86	183,02							16,768,3
managing and disbursing funds	686	45,594	48,768	9	4	467,765				64,068	9,444	32
ASC.04.03 Monitoring and	1,690,			1,969,	118,03	1,180,63				6,073,		2,608,12
evaluation	229		739,454	373	1	4				300		6
	5,000,											53,299,4
ASC.04.04 Operations research	000											19
ASC.04.05 Serological-												
surveillance (serosurveillance)		3,750										
						5,874,03				9,323,		1,437,00
ASC.04.07 Drug supply systems	51,910		278,820			5				335		5
ASC.04.08 Information										1,921,		
technology					1,454					728		148,617
ASC.04.09 Patient tracking				40								497,229
ASC.04.10 Upgrading and				175,10	128,05	157,619				11,047		5,296,57
construction of infrastructure	11,894			0	7					,910		9
ASC.04.98 Programme												
management and administration	2,073,		14,130,1	1,623,		10,572,0						45,207,3
not disaggregated by type	224	82,981	83	593	627	46				8,279		49

ASC.04 Systems Strengthening &		'		190,55			6,056,	105,10	44,081,4		1	
Programme Coordination	17,943	<u>+</u> '	<b> </b> '	5	<b> </b> '	14	774	8	62	ļ!	·	311,939
ASC.04.02 Administration and	'	1	'	'	'		224.24		42.072.4		1	'
transaction costs associated with	'	1	'	'	'		321,21	40.454	12,972,4		1	'
managing and disbursing funds	<b> </b> '	t'	<u> </u> '	·'	·'	<b> </b>	3	49,151	50	ļ/	·	·
ASC.04.03 Monitoring and		1	'		'		5,175,		7,198,19		1	'
evaluation	<b> </b> '	t'	<u> </u> '	·'	·'	<b> </b>	945	484	2	ļ/	·	·
ASC.04.04 Operations research	<b> </b> '	<u>+</u> '	<b> </b> '	<b>!</b> '	<b> </b> '	<b></b>	'	'	552,684	ļ/	·	·
	'	1	'	'	'		'		12,408,4		1	'
ASC.04.07 Drug supply systems	<b> </b> '	<u>+</u> '	<b> </b> '	<b> </b> '	<b> </b> '	<b></b>	- <u> </u> '	<u> </u> '	72	ļ!	·	·
ASC.04.08 Information	'	1	'	'	'						1	'
technology	<b> </b> '	<u>+</u> '	<b> </b> '	<b> </b> '	<b> </b> '	<b></b>	16,558	752	27,969	ļ!	·	·
	'	1	'	'	'		388,68				1	'
ASC.04.09 Patient tracking	<b>↓'</b>	<b>↓</b> '	<b> </b> '	<u>ا ا ا ا ا</u>	<b> </b> '	<b></b>	1	3,594	35,139	ļ!	·	·
ASC.04.10 Upgrading and	'	1	'	190,55	'			'	1,198,28		1	'
construction of infrastructure	17,943	<b>↓</b> '	<u> </u> '	5	ļ'	14	5 <i>,</i> 824	51,127	3	ļ!	·	311,939
ASC.04.98 Programme	'	1	'	1 '	1		'		'		1	'
management and administration		1	'	1	'		148,55		9,688,27		1	'
not disaggregated by type	<u>                                     </u>	<u>                                     </u>	<u>                                     </u>	<b>↓</b> ′	ļ'	<u> </u>	3	<u> </u> '	3	ļ!	ļ '	ļ '
	24,770	1	'	31,599	233,21		26,556			26,094	1	3,232,64
ASC.05 Human resources	,553	10,929	508,113	,087	3	514,508	,034	42,569	936,521	,707,	ļ '	5
ASC.05.01 Monetary incentives	15,591	1	'	28,119	'		24,103			22,455	1	
for human resources	,832	10,835	232,097	<i>,</i> 873	92,739	60,366	,796	30,514	163,236	,554	<u> </u>	763,590
ASC.05.02 Formative education	'	1	'	1	1				1	ļ	1	
to build-up an HIV workforce	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	12,972	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17,157	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'	<u> </u>	ļ!	ļ '	
	6,530,	1	'	753,52	140,47				1	1,185,	1	1,686,68
ASC.05.03 Training	286	94	263,044	7	4	433,382	33,227	12,055	773,284	291	<u> </u>	9
ASC.05.98 Human resources not	2,648,	1	· [ '	2,725,	Ī '		2,419,		Ī	2,453,	1	
disaggregated by type	435	<u> </u> '	<u> </u> '	686	'	3,603	010		l'	862	<u> </u>	782,366
ASC.06 Social protection and social	ſ '	1	32,369,9	'	'	36,226,7			39,857,8	185,55	1	33,754,4
services (excluding OVC)	21,699	l'	74	7,470	1,176	49	16,340	·	04	7	l'	42
ASC.06.01 Social protection	/ ·	1	'	'	'						1	
through monetary benefits	!	ا'	'	۱۱	1,176		· ·		430	!	1 '	
ASC.06.02 Social protection	· ·	'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'	'						1	
through in-kind benefits	21,699	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	′		'	'	'	I	'	

ASC.06.04 HIV-specific income												
generation projects				7,470			16,340					
ASC.06.98 Social protection												
services and social services not			32,369,9			36,226,7			39,857,3	185,55		33,754,4
disaggregated by type			74			49			74	7		42
ASC.07 Enabling environment	14,455		140,713	59,635	3,397	126,196			26,707	8,214		10,996
ASC.07.01 Advocacy	9,344		2,854	42,702	3,397	59,322			9,584	8,214		3,495
ASC.07.02 Human rights												
programmes	5,111		94,294	16,360		7,439			17,123			
ASC.07.04 AIDS-specific										T		
programmes focused on women			16,250									
ASC.07.05 Programmes to reduce										Γ		
Gender Based Violence			27,315			59,435						4,188
ASC.07.98 Enabling environment												
not disaggregated by type				573								3,313
ASC.08 HIV and AIDS-related										Γ		
research (excluding operations												
research )				15,266		13,096	16,340		1,176			
ASC.08.04 Social science research				15,266		13,096	16,340		1,176			
	73,299	760,19	427,677,	79,543	23,795	449,699,	66,045	2,936,	491,314,	91,477	197,27	440,696,
Grand Total	,196	4	071	,466	,840	848	,257	398	743	,782,	3	444

	2015			2016			2017			2018		
		FS.02	FS.03		FS.02	FS.03		FS.02	FS.03		FS.02	FS.03
	FS.01	Privat	Internati	FS.01	Privat	Internati	FS.01	Privat	Internati	FS.01	Privat	Internati
	Public	е	onal	Public	e	onal	Public	e	onal	Public	e	onal
FA X FS	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds
	73,29			79,54		37,411,4	66,04		1,128,18	91,47		6,890,45
FA.01 Public sector	9,196			1,944	1,265	46	5,257	4,902	0	7,782		6
	73,29			79,54		37,411,4	66,04		1,128,18	91,47		6,890,45
FA.01.01 Territorial governments	9,196			1,944	1,265	46	5,257	4,902	0	7,782		6
FA.01.01.01 Central or federal	48,26			73,97		37,374,9	44,31			89 <i>,</i> 56		6,890,45
authorities	7,796			0,626		78	2,743			3,672		6
FA.01.01.02	25,03			5,564,			21,72		1,128,18	1,851,		
State/provincial/regional authorities	1,400			510	1,265	36,468	4,590	4,902	0	149		

FA.01.01.03 Local/municipal									62,96		
authorities		<b></b>	6,808	'	<u> </u> '	7,924	'		1	'	<u> </u>
	760,19	1		1,558,	29,219,5		2,931,			197,27	9,466,42
FA.02 Private sector	4	23,630	1,522	075.10	21.81	<u> </u>	496	20,264		3	7
FA.02.03 Private insurance		1									'
enterprises (other than social		1									'
insurance)	24,180	<b></b>	<b>_</b>	·'	'	<b></b>	'	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>	'	<u>                                     </u>
FA.02.05 Not-for-profit institutions	534,81	1		1,407,	29,219,5		2,856,			117,39	
(other than social insurance)	7	23,630	1,522	651.10	21.81	<u> </u>	256	20,264	<b>_</b>	9	7
FA.02.06 Private non-parastatal		1			1						'
organizations and corporations (other	201,19	1		147,65	1						8,251,43
than health insurance)	7	<b></b>	<u> </u>	8	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	75,240		<b>_</b>	79,874	0
FA.03 International purchasing		427,653,			405,305,			490,166,			424,339,
organizations	'	441	<b>_</b>	·'	380	<b></b>	'	300	<b>_</b>	'	561
FA.03.01 Country offices of bilateral		1									'
agencies managing external resources		375,906,			388,958,			303,295,			355,296,
and fulfilling financing agent roles		406	<b></b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	224	<u> </u>	'	645		'	799
FA.03.01.21 Government of United		4,166,56			3,170,50						'
Kingdom	'	9			0					'	ļ/ '
FA.03.01.22 Government of United		371,739,			385,787,			303,295,			355,296,
States	'	837		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	724		'	645		'	799
FA.03.02 Multilateral agencies		51,578,2			12,117,1			183,599,			64,271,3
managing external resources	'	71		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14		'	724		'	02
FA.03.02.07 UNAIDS Secretariat		906,255						248,403		'	114,480
FA.03.02.08 United Nations		Ī	ſ	ſ		ſ	T		Ī		ſ  '
Children's Fund (UNICEF)		316,276		·	335,354			128,354			
FA.03.02.09 United Nations		1									
Development Fund for Women		1									
(UNIFEM)		144,787			145,942						143,220
FA.03.02.10 United Nations		1									
Development Programme (UNDP)		500									
					3,385,38			61,857,0			
FA.03.02.17 World Bank (WB)		568,900			7			98			
FA.03.02.99 Other Multilateral		49,641,5			8,250,43			121,365,			64,013,6
entities n.e.c.	!	53			1			869			02

FA.03.03 International not-for-profit						4,230,04			3,240,83			4,771,46
organizations and foundations			168,764			2			0			0
FA.03.03.16 Health Alliance												
International									10,203			
FA.03.03.26 The Ford Foundation			16,250						24,999			
FA.03.03.27 The Henry J. Kaiser												
Family Foundation												512,424
FA.03.03.99 Other International						4,230,04			3,205,62			4,259,03
not-for-profit organizations n.e.c.			152,514			2			8			6
FA.03.04 International for-profit												
organizations									30,101			
	73,29	760,19	427,677,	79,54	1,559,	471,936,	66,04	2,936,	491,314,	91,47	197,27	440,696,
Grand Total	9,196	4	071	3,466	340.10	347.54	5,257	398	743	7,782	3	444

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								7	1
	2015			2016			2017			2018		
		FS.02	FS.03	/	FS.02	FS.03		FS.02	FS.03		FS.02	FS.03
	FS.01	Privat	Internati	FS.01	Privat	Internati	FS.01	Privat	Internati	FS.01	Privat	Internati
	Public	е	onal	Public	е	onal	Public	е	onal	Public	е	onal
BP X FS	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds	funds	Funds	funds
BP.01 People living with HIV				'	, 			T		T	T	
(regardless of having a	280,8	1	340,750,	24,88	1	318,674,	11,88		352,312,	7,877,		263,994,
medical/clinical diagnosis of AIDS)	46	7,520	915	8,538	48,179	697	8,662	35,830	296	771		191
BP.01.01 Adult and young people		- , 1	· آ	-   '	, 			T	T	T	T	
(15 years of age and over) living with	62,66	1	37,930,9	20,87	1	25,504,6						
HIV	5	795	58	1	29,773	13		16,568	43,287			114,480
HIV BP.01.01.01 Adult and young	-	795	58	1	29,773	13		16,568	43,287			114,480
	-	795	58	1	29,773	<b>13</b> 25,276,2		16,568	43,287			114,480
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young	-	795	58	1	<b>29,773</b> 1,582			16,568	43,287			114,480
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young men (15 years of age and over) living		795	58	1		25,276,2		16,568	43,287			114,480
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young men (15 years of age and over) living with HIV		795	58	1		25,276,2		16,568	43,287			114,480
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young men (15 years of age and over) living with HIV BP.01.01.02 Adult and young			<b>58</b> 16,250	<b>1</b> 20,871	1,582	25,276,2		<b>16,568</b> 16,568				114,480
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young men (15 years of age and over) living with HIV BP.01.01.02 Adult and young women (15 years and over) living with					1,582	25,276,2 01						114,480
BP.01.01.01 Adult and young men (15 years of age and over) living with HIV BP.01.01.02 Adult and young women (15 years and over) living with HIV					1,582	25,276,2 01						114,480

BP.01.02 Children (under 15 years)												
living with HIV	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	18,406				27,250			<u> </u>
BP.01.02.98 Children (under 15	1	1		'								'
years) living with HIV not	1	1		'								
disaggregated by gender	<u> </u>	1	·	<u> </u>	18,406				27,250			<u> </u>
BP.01.98 People living with HIV not	218,1	Ī	302,819,	24,86	Γ	293,170,	11,88		352,241,	7,877,		263,879,
disaggregated by age or gender	80	6,725	957	7,667		084	8,662	19,262	759	771		711
	2,678,	Ī	1,846,09	424,0	243,69	7,323,26			4,763,00	ſ		1,123,93
BP.02 Most at risk populations	165	4,993	1	17	2	5	1,320	12,369	4		79,874	5
BP.02.01 Injecting drug users (IDU)	563,9	1		· [ '					1,327,65			/
and their sexual partners	28		177,092	'		410,183			7			<u> </u>
BP.02.02 Sex workers (SW) and	1,493,	1	1,212,80	329,0		3,888,21			1,902,21			/
their clients	346	4,993	6	71	80,650	6		980	4		79,874	<u> </u>
BP.02.02.01 Female sex workers	1,034,	Ī		329,07	Γ	3,792,96			1,902,21	ſ		
and their clients	819	4,993		1	74,817	8		980	4		79,874	I
BP.02.02.03 Male non-	I '			· ·								<u> </u>  '
transvestite sex workers (and their	1	1		'								'
clients)	<u> </u>	1		'		95,248						<u> </u>
BP.02.02.98 Sex workers, not	Í '	Ī	T '	ſ '		Γ		T '	ſ	ſ	T '	[   <b>'</b>
disaggregated by gender, and their	458,52	1	1,212,80	'								1 /
clients	7	1	6	'	5,833							<u> </u>
BP.02.03 Men who have sex with	620,8	Ī		· [ · ·	163,04	1,612,17	Γ	T	1,531,72	ſ	T	ſ  '
men (MSM)	92	1	456,194	_ <b>_</b> '	2	7	1,320	11,389	1			611,511
BP.02.98 "Most at risk	1 '	1		'								1  '
populations" not disaggregated by	1	1		94,94		1,412,68						1 1
type	<u> </u>	1		6		9			1,412			512,424
	10,19	1		328,1	433,56		109,3		19,860,6	11,20		'
BP.03 Other key populations	8,792	6,545	619,454	46	4	487,336	18	91,808	37	8,005	907	695,122
BP.03.01 Orphans and vulnerable	669,2	Ī	T '	182,7	260,06	ſ		Ţ	ſ	ſ	Ţ	Ī [
children (OVC)	19	6,545	75 <i>,</i> 346	92	7	155,063	6,255	67,858	-			
BP.03.02 Children born or to be	695,8	1		70,72			102,2		19,822,2	6,208,		
born of women living with HIV	31		523,208	7		80,171	70		02	005	907	316,497
BP.03.05 Migrants/mobile	í '			· [ '	173,49							
populations	I'	L		'	7			23,296				
BP.03.09 Children and youth living	I '	1		· ·								
in the street	<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		35		<u> </u>			

BP.03.11 Children and youth out of							ĺ			5,000,		
school			20,900	3,900			758	654		000		
BP.03.12 Institutionalized children				70,72								
and youth				7								
BP.03.98 Other key populations	8,833,											
not disaggregated by type	742					252,103						378,625
BP.04 Specific "accessible"	1,487,		2,532,57	2,971,			1,198,			78,63		
populations	210	84,010	6	536	21,128	87,598	652	10,273	9,515	4		6,808
BP.04.01 People attending STI				2,944,								
clinics				323								
BP.04.02 Elementary school							39,30					
students							7					
BP.04.03 Junior high/high school	222,3		2,416,57	20,56			965,6			45,81		
students	21	75,500	8	1			64	4,902		5		
	320,0						177,3					
BP.04.04 University students	48	7,166	3,500				67					
	554,9						16,31			32,81		
BP.04.05 Health care workers	38	1,344	44,237		8,333		4	5,371	9,515	9		
BP.04.08 Police and other												
uniformed services (other than the												
military)						18,672						
BP.04.10 Factory employees (e.g.												
for workplace interventions)			488									
BP.04.98 Specific "accessible "												
populations not disaggregated by	389,9											
type	03		46,214	6,652	12,795	68,926						6,808
BP.04.99 Specific "accessible "												
populations n.e.c.			21,559									
	15,01	244,39	60,826,4	7,909,	343,45	117,638,	25,05	2,680,	45,570,6	11,11		97,175,8
<b>BP.05 General population</b>	5,023	1	84	580	8	407	7,099	376	26	9,600	5,121	96
BP.05.01 General adult population	631,0		20,783,0	60,45		1,500,69	359,9		1,503,56	213,5		
(older than 24 years)	91		30	4		2	71	12,312	6	84		
BP.05.01.01 Male adult												
population				59 <i>,</i> 289								
BP.05.01.02 Female adult												
population				990				7,364				

BP.05.01.98 General adult	1	1	1	'				1	1	1 '	'	1 1
population (older than 24 years) not	631,09	1	20,783,0	'	1	1,500,69	359,97	'	1,503,56	213,58		ı ( <b>7</b>
disaggregated by gender	<u> </u> 1'	<u>                                     </u>	30	175	<u>                                     </u>	2	1	4,948	6	4		<u> </u>
BP.05.02 Children (under 15 years)	!	<u> </u>		'	31,040	<u> </u>		1,914	33,560	<u> </u>		/『
BP.05.02.98 Children (under 15	1 1	1			'			· [ · · · ·		//		<u>ا ا</u>
years) not disaggregated by gender	L'	<u>                                     </u>	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u> '	31,040	!	<u> </u> '	1,914	33,560	<u> </u> '		<u> </u>
	203,5	1 '		76,11	1			· [ · · · ·		· [ '		<u>ا ا</u>
BP.05.03 Youth (age 15 to 24 years)	92	65,731	<u> </u>	3	<u>                                     </u>	417,886	'	12,716	614,097	<u>                                     </u>		<u> </u>
BP.05.03.02 Young females	'	'	'	<u> </u>	'	417,886	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	608,928	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	/
BP.05.03.98 Youth (age 15 to 24	203,59			'	'			· [ · · ·				[/
years) not disaggregated by gender	2	65,731	<u>                                     </u>	76,113	<u>                                     </u>	!	<u> </u> '	12,716	5,169	<u> </u> '		I !
BP.05.98 General population not	14,18	178,66	40,043,4	7,773,	312,41	115,719,	24,69	2,653,	43,419,4	10,90		97,175,8
disaggregated by age or gender.	0,339	0	54	013	8	829	7,128	434	04	6,016	5,121	96
	43,63	412,73	21,101,5	43,02	469,31	27,725,0	27,79	105,74	68,798,6	61,19	111,37	77,700,4
<b>BP.06 Non-targeted interventions</b>	9,160	5	51	1,649	9	43	0,206	2	65	3,772	1	92
	73,29	760,19	427,677,	79,54	1,559,	471,936,	66,04	2,936,	491,314,	91,47	197,27	440,696,
Grand Total	9,196	4	071	3,466	340	348	5,257	398	743	7,782	3	444

	2015			2016			2017			2018		
ASC X FA	FA.01 Public sector	FA.02 Privat e sector	FA.03 Internatio nal purchasin g organizati ons	FA.01 Public sector	FA.02 Private sector	FA.03 Internatio nal purchasin g organizati ons	FA.01 Public sector	FA.02 Private sector	FA.03 Internatio nal purchasin g organizati ons	FA.01 Public sector	FA.02 Private sector	FA.03 Internatio nal purchasin g organizati ons
ASC.01	28,117,0	346,1	65,581,59	14,421,9	25,717,4	99,883,62	14,386,9	2,582,1	68,235,93	22,528,9	5,885,0	39,395,19
Prevention	87	42	0	84	99	6	47	71	9	24	27	0
ASC.01.01 Communication for social and												
behavioural	4,259,63	132,2										
change	5	10	126,193	393,621	774,060	447,875				92,518		
ASC.01.01.01	2,852,13											
Health-related	2	28	101,089	151 <i>,</i> 846	773,829	82,926				92 <i>,</i> 518		

communication												
for social and												
behavioural												
change												
ASC.01.01.02												
Non-health-												
related												
communication												
for social and												
behavioural	1,108,31											
change	0	720	25,000	15,567								
ASC.01.01.98	0	720	23,000	15,507								
Communication												
for Social and												
behavioural												
change not												
disaggregated by		131,4										
type	299,194	62	104	226,208	231	364,949						
ASC.01.01	233,134	02	104	220,200	231	504,545						
Communication												
for social and												
behavioural							8,613,38					
change (BCC)							8	11,882	567,838			
ASC.01.01.01							0	11,002	507,858			
Health-related												
communication												
for social and												
behavioural												
change							218,000	6,934	62,049			
ASC.01.01.02							210,000	0,554	02,045			
Non-health-												
related												
communication												
for social and												
behavioural												
change							490,870	4,948	15,567			
change							+50,070	4,340	10,007		I	

ASC.01.01.98 Communication												
for Social and		1										'
behavioural		1	1			1						'
change not		1				1						'
disaggregated by		1	1			1	7,904,51					'
type		1					8		490,222			'
ASC.01.02	+			1	1	1			,	· +'		t '
Community		1								10,146,0	1,834,6	'
mobilization	92,478	1	21,314	121,038	629	10,675				65	24	36,000
ASC.01.02		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										ľ /
Community/socia		1										'
I mobilization		L'					758,648	42,458	22,541			<u> </u>
ASC.01.03	Γ '	Ī '			Ţ							ſ  '
Voluntary		1										'
counselling and		16,79	35,665,88	7,681,89		58,966,67	1,206,89		28,868,62	1,003,70		30,621,48
testing (VCT)	55	6	7	1	679,186	1	8	93,214	6	2	22	4
ASC.01.04 Risk-		1										'
reduction and		1	1			1						'
prevention		1										'
activites for		1										'
vulnerable and		1										'
accessible		1					1,689,12					'
populations	<u>ا</u>	<b> </b> '	ļ'			<b>_</b>	6	9,204	545,511		·	<u> </u>
ASC.01.04.01		1										'
VCT as part of		1										'
programmes for		1										'
vulnerable and		1										'
accessible		1					070 767	0.004				1
populations	<u> </u> '	<u>+'</u>					870,767	9,204	+			·
ASC.01.04.02		1										
Condom social		1										1
marketing and male and female		1										
condom provision		1	1									
		1	1				818,359		503,563			
as part of	<u> </u>	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	010,339		505,505	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·

programmes for					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						'	1 1
vulnerable and		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
accessible		i '		'	1	1	'	1	1	'		1 /
populations		i '		'	1	1	'	1 '	1	'		1 /
ASC.01.04.04		·i		· [ · · · · ·	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·	,	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Behavior change		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
communication		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
(BCC) as part of		, I		'	'	1	'	1	1	'		1 /
programmes for		i '		'	1	1	'	1 '	1	!		1 /
vulnerable and		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
accessible		i '		'	'	1	'	'	1	'		1
populations		i '		'	1	1	'	1 '	41,948	!		1 /
ASC.01.04 Risk-		, i		, i	, ,		· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	ļ,	I
reduction for		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '				1
vulnerable and		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '				1
accessible	9,543,69	12,16		3,142,85	1 '	1	'	1 '				1
populations	3	6	66,273	1	179,511	341,840	!	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
ASC.01.04.01		, I		'	'	1	'	1	1	'		1
VCT as part of		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
programmes for		i '		'	'	1	'	1	1	'		1
vulnerable and		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
accessible		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
populations	326,297	7,166	41,187	130,601	173,678	51,327	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	ļ!	ļ!	<u>ا</u>
ASC.01.04.02		, I		'	'	1	'	1	1	'		1
Condom social		, I		'	'	1	'	1	1	'		1
marketing and		' 1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
male and female		' 1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
condom provision		, I		'	'	1	'	1	1	'		1 /
as part of		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1 /
programmes for		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1 /
vulnerable and		1		'	1	1	'	1 '	1	'		1 /
accessible		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1 /
populations	365,951	ا ا		87,807	5 <i>,</i> 833	109,592	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASC.01.04.03		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1
STI prevention and		1		'	1 '	1	'	1 '	1	'		1 /
treatment as part	5	ا ۱		2,901,292	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

of programmes for		'					1 '			1	'	ı [ <sup>7</sup>
vulnerable and		1	1	'	1	'	1	1		'		1 <b>/</b>
accessible		1	1	'	1	'	1	1		'	1	1
populations		1	1	'	1	'	1	1		'	1	1
ASC.01.04.04		· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·'	·'	· † · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+	·'	· ['	++	+	[] <b>/</b>
Behavior change		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1
communication	'	1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1
(BCC) as part of		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1
programmes for		1	1	'	1	'	1	1		'		1 <b>/</b>
vulnerable and		1	1	'	1	'	1	1		'		1 <b>/</b>
accessible		1	1	'	1	'	1	1		'		1 <b>/</b>
populations	65,461	5,000	3,527	23,152	1	'	1	1	1	'		1
ASC.01.04.98		+		,'	1	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ['	· ['	†	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Programmatic		1	1	'	1	'	1	1	1	'		1
interventions for		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		I   <b>7</b>
vulnerable and		1	1	'	'	'	1	1				1
accessible		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		I   <b>7</b>
population not		1	1	'	'	'	1	1				1
disaggregated by		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1
type ,		1	1	'	1	180,921	1	1	1	'		1
ASC.01.04.99	· · · · ·	1		,	,	, ,	1	· · · · ·		1	Ţ	ı
Other		1	1	'	'	'	1	1				1 /
programmatic		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1
interventions for		1	1	'	'	'	1	1				1
vulnerable and		1	1	'	'	'	1	1				1 /
accessible		1	1	'	1	'	1	1	1	'		1 /
populations not		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1 /
elsewhere		1	1	'	1	'	1	1	1	'		1
classified (n.e.c.)	<u> </u> !	''	21,559	<u> </u> '	<u> </u> '		I	' '	'		I	1
ASC.01.05	ſ '	ī '	'	ſ '	ſ '		Г I	Ι ·			Γ I	ı
Prevention –		80,82	1	'	1	'	1,009,87	1	1	'		1
youth in school	222,321	2	2,411,256	85,200	31,040	<u> </u> '	3	<u>                                     </u>	29,356	45,815	ا <u>ـــــــا</u>	· ا
ASC.01.06		1	1	'	1	'	1	1	1	'		1
Prevention –		1	1	'	'	'	1	1		'		1
youth out-of-		1	1	'	1		1	1		5,000,00		1
school	<u> </u>	''	20,900	3,900	20,900	396,986	405	654	592,548	0	ا <u>ا</u>	114,480

ASC.01.07				1					1	<u> </u>		
Prevention of HIV				'	1	1	'					
transmission				'	1	1	'					
aimed at people				'	1	1	'					
living with HIV				'	1	1	'	!				
(PLHIV)		3,770	14,353	4	1	1	5,740	!	209,106			
ASC.01.07.01				· [ '	1	· [′			-	+		
Behaviour change				'	1	1	'					
communication				'	1	1	1	'				
(BCC) as part of				'	1	1	'	'				
prevention of HIV				'	1	1	'	!				
transmission				'	1	1	'	!				
aimed at PLHIV		2,975	14,353	'	۱'	'	5,740		122,075			
ASC.01.07.02				· · ·	1		· · · ·					
Condom social				'	1	1	'	'				
marketing and				'	1	1	'	'				
male and female				'	1	1	1	'				
condom provision				'	1	1	1	'				
as part of				'	1	1	'	'				
prevention of HIV			1	'	1	1	1					
transmission				'	1	1	1	'				
aimed at PLHIV				4	<u>↓                                    </u>	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	!	842			
ASC.01.07.98				'	1	1	'	'				
Prevention of HIV				'	1	1	'	'				
transmission				'	1	1	'	'				
aimed at PLHIV				'	1	1	'	'				
not disaggregated				'	1	1	'	'				
by type		795		<u> </u> '	<b>↓</b> ′	<u> </u> '	<b>↓</b> '	<u>ا</u>	86,189			
ASC.01.08				'	1	1	'	'				
Prevention				'	1	1	'	'				
programmes for				'	1	1	1	'				
sex workers and	1,493,34			'	1		'					
their clients	6	4,993	1,212,806	328,696	628,559	3,322,612	536,884	1,412	1,703,593	 	79,874	
ASC.01.08.01				'	1	1	'	'				
VCT as part of				''	1 1	1	'	'				
programmes for	6		622,593	328,696	330,237	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	30,001		20,874	

sex workers and	1								1
their clients									
ASC.01.08.02									
Condom social									
marketing and									
male and female									
condom provision									
as part of									
programmes for									
sex workers and									
their clients		421,442	148,121	2,060,982		1,412	1,493,234	59,000	
ASC.01.08.03									
STI prevention and									
treatment as part									
of programmes for									
sex workers and									
their clients				95,248					
ASC.01.08.04									
Behaviour change									
communication									
(BCC) as part of									
programmes for									
sex workers and									
their clients		150,202	150,201	1,166,382	536,884		180,359		
ASC.01.08.98									
Programmatic									
interventions for									
sex workers and									
their clients not									
disaggregated by									
type		11,500							
ASC.01.08.99									
Other									
programmatic									
interventions for	4,993	7,069							

sex workers and			·								r	
their clients, n.e.c.	'	1	'	1		1						1 /
ASC.01.09	ı		,		,						, 	<b>/</b>
Programmes for	'	1	'	1		1						
men who have sex	'	1	'	1		1						1 /
with men (MSM)	620,892		456,194		669,012	1,223,394	1,163	13,441	1,509,429			I/
ASC.01.09.01	I		,,		· · · ·						I	<b>/</b>
VCT as part of	'	1	'	1		1						
programmes for	'	1	'	1		1						1 /
MSM	<u> </u> !	1	108,097	<u> </u>	59,788	45,466		13,321	2,945			<u> </u> /
ASC.01.09.02	Γ '		۱ ۱								· ·	I I
Condom social	'	1	'	1					1			
marketing and	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
male and female	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
condom provision	'	1	'	1		1						1 /
as part of	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
programmes for	'	1	'	1								1 /
MSM	620,892	·	<u> </u> '	<b></b>	·'	12,963	1,163	49	1,342,420	·	<u>ا</u>	<b>ب</b>
ASC.01.09.03	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
STI prevention and	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
treatment as part	'	1	'	1		1						1 /
of programmes for	'	1		1	100.054							1 /
MSM	<u> </u> '	·	26,651	<b> </b>	166,651	320,369	<u> </u>		·	·'	'	<b>۲</b>
ASC.01.09.04	'	1	'	1					1			1
Behaviour change	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
communication	'	1	'	1					1			1 /
(BCC) as part of	'	1	'	1					1			1  '
programmes for	'	1	221 446	1	420.006				453 200			1
MSM	<b>└────</b> ′	'	321,446	+	439,886	844,596	+		153,290		'	t
ASC.01.09.98	'	1	'	1		1						1  '
Programmatic	'	1	'	1					1			1  '
interventions for	'	1	'	1		1						1
MSM not	'	1	'	1		1						1
disaggregated by	'	1	'	1	2 6 9 7	1		71	10 774			1
type	<u> </u>	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	<u>'</u>	1	2,687	1		71	10,774	'	<u>'</u>	<u>ا</u>

ASC.01.10								
Harm-reduction								
programmes for								
injecting drug								
users (IDUs)	563,928	177,092	410,183	5	53	1,337,122		
ASC.01.10.01								
VCT as part of								
programmes for								
IDUs	413,928	52,153	258,437	5	53	1,271,839		
ASC.01.10.02								
Condom social								
marketing and								
male and female								
condom provision								
as part of								
programmes for		20 524	24.065					
IDUs		20,531	21,065					
ASC.01.10.04								
Behaviour change								
communication								
(BCC) as part of programmes for								
IDUs		75,707	130,681			55,818		
ASC.01.10.05	├	15,101	130,001			JJ,010		
Sterile syringe and								
needle exchange								
as part of								
programmes for								
IDUs		26,468						
ASC.01.10.98								
Programmatic								
interventions for								
IDUs not								
disaggregated by								
type	150,000	2,233				9,465		

ASC.01.11			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[	l	l					
Prevention				1	1	1	'				
programmes in				1	1	1					۱
the workplace			488	1	1	1	270,137	8,559		32,819	,   !
ASC.01.11.01			ļ	1	1	1					
VCT as part of				1	1	1	'				,   !
programmes in				1	1	1	'				
the workplace				ا ا	ا ا	' ۱'	270,137				
ASC.01.11.02			I I	I	1	1	· [ '				
Condom social				1	1	1	'				,   !
marketing and				1	1	1	'				,   !
male and female				1	1	1					۱   ۱
condom provision				1	1	1	'				,   !
as part of				1	1	1	'				,   !
programmes in				1	1	1	'				
the workplace				ا ا	ا ا	' ۱'	<u> </u>	8,559			
ASC.01.11.03				1	1	1	'				
STI prevention and				1	1	1	'				,   !
treatment as part				1	1	1	'				,   !
of programmes in				1	1	1	'				,   !
the workplace			488	ا <u>ا</u>	ا ا	' بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u> </u>				
ASC.01.11.98				1	1	1	'				,   !
Programmatic				1	1	1	'				
interventions in				1	1	1					
the workplace not				1	1	1	'				1
disaggregated by				1	1	1	'				1
type				ا ا	ا ا	' بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ļ'			32,819	<u> </u>
ASC.01.12				1	1	1	'				1
Condom social				1	1	1	'				1
marketing	98,222			79,680	ا ا	' بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	35				<u> </u>
ASC.01.13				1	1	1	'				
Public and				1	1	1					
commercial				1	1	1	'				
sector male		95,38		1	22,324,4	1	'	2,290,5			
condom provision	107,299	5	4,048,914	<u> </u>	19	3,012,450	<u> </u>	38			

ASC.01.16		Ţ		, 								
Prevention,		ļ	1	'		1		'	1	'		'
diagnosis and			1	'		1		1	1	'		'
treatment of		.	1		'	1	,	'	1			'
sexually		ļ	1	'		1		'	1	'		'
transmitted		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
infections (STI)			1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	641,589	'	'	1,110,035	'		<u> </u>
ASC.01.17	Ī	.	Ī	۲ י	「 ·	Γ.		ſ '	1	ſ '		ſ   <b>'</b>
Prevention of		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
mother-to-child		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
transmission		.	1		'		,	'	19,856,02	6,208,00		'
(PMTCT)	695 <i>,</i> 831		523,208	101,000	'	80,171	118,650	193	4	5	907	316,497
ASC.01.17.01		ļ	1	'	'			1	1	'		'
Pregnant women		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
counselling and		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
testing in PMTCT		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	6,037,51		'
programmes	622,586		180,105	92,382		80,171	118,650	'	54,540	0	907	<u> </u>
ASC.01.17.02	Ī	.	Ī	۲ י	「 ·	Γ.		ſ '	1	ſ '		ſ   <b>'</b>
Antiretroviral		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
prophylaxis for		.	1		'	1	,	'	1			'
HIV-infected		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		'
pregnant women		.	1		'	1	,	'	1			'
and newborns			333,950	!	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		'	<u> </u>	<u> '</u>	'		'
ASC.01.17.04		.	1					· · · ·	1			ſ  '
Delivery practices		.	1		'	1	,	'	1			'
as part of PMTCT		.	1		'		·   ·	'	19,239,62	'		'
programmes	13,379		9,153	!	'		'	193	6	'		'
ASC.01.17.05				·				· · ·	1			
Condom social		ļ	1	'		1		'	1	'		'
marketing and		ļ	1	'		1		'	1	'		'
male and female		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		
condom provision		.	1		'		·   ·	'	1	'		
as part of PMTCT		ļ	1	'		1		'	1	'		
programmes			1				'	'	16,566	'		
ASC.01.17.98		Ţ		,	,		,	· · ·	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	59,866			8,618	'		'	'	545,292	170,495		316,497

disaggregated by			ſ			ſ					
intervention			!			'					
ASC.01.22 Post-						!					
exposure			'								
prophylaxis (PEP)		40,285	!			!					
ASC.01.22.98			·			· ·					
Post-exposure											
prophylaxis not			'			'					
disaggregated by			'			'					
intervention		40,285	ļ!	<u> </u>		<u> </u> !					
ASC.01.98	<u> </u>		Γ '		Т	[ '	Γ	T	T	Γ I	
Prevention			'								
activities not											
disaggregated by		20,796,42	2,484,10		31,439,36		110,56	11,884,21			
intervention	354,787	7	4	<u> </u>	4	176,000	4	0			8,306,729
ASC.02 Care and		308,350,3	49,167,8		253,615,4	17,877,1		286,492,2	7,877,77		230,569,6
treatment	259,147	38	31	25,051	67	45	7,011	25	1		69
ASC.02.01		38,106,52	47,390,0			10,105,1		69,768,73	7,877,77		42,153,30
Outpatient care	259,147	3	82	21,043	2,869,117	51	7,011	5	1	ļ!	4
ASC.02.01.01			'								
Provider- initiated	1 1		,	1		1 '					
· · · ·	ļ			1							
testing and						1,259,81					
counselling (PITC)	73,909		43,032			1,259,81 3	1,414	 			
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02	73,909	+	43,032				1,414				
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic	73,909		43,032				1,414				
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI)	73,909		43,032				1,414				
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient	73,909		43,032				1,414				
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis and	73,909						1,414	10.028			
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis and treatment	73,909	50,875	43,032 881,000		5,871		1,414	19,088			
counselling (PITC) ASC.02.01.02 Opportunistic infection (OI) outpatient prophylaxis and treatment ASC.02.01.03	73,909		881,000		5,871	3	1,414		7 930 86		42 112 04
counselling (PITC)ASC.02.01.02Opportunisticinfection(OI)outpatientprophylaxisandtreatmentASC.02.01.03Antiretroviral		37,918,40	881,000 46,448,81			3 8,803,94	1,414	61,841,02	7,830,86		42,113,94
counselling (PITC)ASC.02.01.02Opportunisticinfection(OI)outpatientprophylaxisandtreatmentASC.02.01.03Antiretroviraltherapy	73,909		881,000		5,871 2,863,246	3	1,414		7,830,86		42,113,94 1
counselling (PITC)ASC.02.01.02Opportunisticinfection(OI)outpatientprophylaxisandtreatmentASC.02.01.03AntiretroviraltherapyASC.02.01.04		37,918,40	881,000 46,448,81			3 8,803,94	1,414	61,841,02			
counselling (PITC)ASC.02.01.02Opportunisticinfection(OI)outpatientprophylaxisandtreatmentASC.02.01.03Antiretroviraltherapy		37,918,40	881,000 46,448,81			3 8,803,94	1,414	61,841,02			

associated to ARV											·	1
therapy		1	1			1	'		'	'	'	ı   <b>'</b>
ASC.02.01.05		1			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	,	· · · ·	ı
Specific HIV-		1	1		'	1	'		'	1	1	ı   <b>'</b>
related laboratory		1	1		'	1	'		'	1	1	ı  '
monitoring			'	17,236	1,973	'	41,394		7,908,623	9,817	'	39,363
ASC.02.01.07			,		· [ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· [ · · · ·	'		,	· [ · · · ·	,,	ı
Psychological		1	1	1	'	'	1		'	1	1	ı  '
treatment and		1	1			1	'		'	'	'	ı   <b>'</b>
support services		Í′	137,240		664	۱ <u> </u>	'		'	۱ <u> </u>	۱ <u> </u>	I
ASC.02.01.09		'				· · ·	'		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· [ · · · ·	· ا	ı <u> </u>
Home-based care	28,366		<u> </u> '	'	18,406	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	5,597	'	<u> </u>	<u> </u> '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ASC.02.02		- 	ſ '	ſ '	ſ	Ϊ '	1,295,58		Γ '	ſ '	ſ '	·  '
Inpatient care		ļ'	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	4		·'	<u>                                     </u>	<u>       '</u>	<b>ا</b> ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
ASC.02.02.01		1		1	'	'	1		'	1	1	1 /
Inpatient		1	1		'	1	'		'	1	'	1 /
treatment of		1	1			1	'		'	'	'	1
opportunistic		1	1		'	1	1,295,58		'	1	'	1 /
infections (OI)	ļ	ļ'	<u> </u> '	<u> </u> '	ļ'	<u>                                     </u>	4	<u> </u>	ļ'	ļ'	<u>                                     </u>	<b>ب</b> ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
ASC.02.03		1			'	'	'		'	1	1	1
Patient transport		1	1		'	1	'		'	'	'	1
and emergency		1	1	1	'	'	1		'	1	1	1
rescue	<b> </b>	<b> </b> '	<u> </u> '	ļ'	<b> </b> '	<u>                                     </u>	<b> </b> '		1,544	<b> </b> '	<u> </u> '	·
ASC.02.98 Care		1		1	'	'	1		'	1	1	1
and treatment		1		1	'	'	1		'	1	1	1
services not		1			'					1	1	
disaggregated by		1	270,243,8	1,777,74		250,746,3	6,476,41		216,721,9	1	1	188,416,3
intervention	<b> </b>	<b> </b> '	15	9	4,008	50	1		46	<b> </b> '	<u> </u> '	65
ASC.03 Orphans		1		1	'	'	1		'	1	1	1
and vulnerable								25 205		1	'	1
children (OVC)	669,219	6,545	75,346	208,332	292,487	117,482	588	95,005	50,430	<b> </b> '	<u> </u> '	t
ASC.03.01 OVC		1				1	'			'	'	1
Education	250,156	<b> </b> '	10,369	24,656	59,310	<u> </u> '	<b> </b> '	1,493	6,266	<u> </u> '	<u> </u> '	<b>⊢−−−−</b>
ASC.03.02 OVC		1				1	'		'	1	'	1
Basic health care	<u> </u>	Ĺ	5,863	<u> </u>	21,503	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	858	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I

ASC.03.03 OVC								T	<u> </u>	Τ		Г <b>/</b>
Family/home	1	1									1	1 /
support	1	1	34,080		2,634	24,887	588	26,143	1,223		1	1 /
ASC.03.04 OVC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	†'			2,001	24,007		20,2.2	1,223	+		t/
Community	1	1									1	1 /
support	1	6,076	17,495		6,265				4,322		1	1 /
ASC.03.05 OVC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,,		0,200	1	·'	+		+		t //
Social Services	1	1									1	1 /
and	1	1									1	1 /
Administrative	1	1									1	1 /
costs	1	469	5,225	25,707	7,970	12,559		36,923	28,401		1	1 /
ASC.03.06 OVC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	-,		- ,		·'			++	, ,	<b>– – – –</b>
Institutional care	201,414	1		86,617	20,470	80,036		30,446	1,729		1	1 /
ASC.03.98 OVC				,	-,				, 	++	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Services not	1	1									1	1 /
disaggregated by	1	1									1	1 /
intervention	217,649	1	2,314	71,352	174,335				7,631		1	1 /
ASC.04	1		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		-	1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Programme	1	1									1	1 /
management and	19,429,0	410,2	20,637,36	21,281,8	4,469,50	14,847,68	1,365,56	119,60	51,386,93	40,890,6	2,148,7	119,476,9
administration	93	15	0	42	9	1	2	5	6	99	61	58
ASC.04.01	1										1 '	'
Planning,	1	1									1	1 /
coordination and	1	1									1	1 /
programme	8,613,14	-		10,023,2	4,034,36		1,365,56	119,60	51,386,93	6,673,40	916,88	1 /
management	9	90	5,440,136	86	3	3,113,130	2	5	6	6	3	1,215,409
ASC.04.02	1	1									1	1
Administration	1	1									1	1
and transaction	1	1									1	1
costs associated	1	1									1	1
with managing	1	1									1	
and disbursing		45,59									1	16,768,33
funds	6	4	48,768	976,869	183,024	467,765	ļ'	<u> </u>		64,068	9,444	2
ASC.04.03	1 '	1									1 '	1
Monitoring and		1		2,608,92						6,456,47	1,222,4	
evaluation	9	<u> </u>	739,454	1	118,031	541,086		<u> </u>		0	34	1,002,522

ASC.04.04											 
Operations	5,000,00					1	1				53,299,41
research	0					1	1				9
ASC.04.05	-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1	 
Serological-						1	1 '				
surveillance						1	1				
(serosurveillance)		3,750				1	1				
ASC.04.07 Drug		-		5,874,03		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,			9,323,33	
supply systems	51,910		278,820	5		'				5	 1,437,005
ASC.04.08						'	'				
Information						1	1 '			1,921,72	
technology					1,454	l'	I'			8	 148,617
ASC.04.09						'	· ·				
Patient tracking				40		<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>				497,229
ASC.04.10	Γ	T	Γ	Γ		ĺ '	Γ '	ſ	Γ	T I	
Upgrading and						1	1				
construction of						1	'			16,344,4	
infrastructure	11,894		<u> </u>	175,100	128,057	157,605	<b>↓</b> '	<u> </u>		89	 
ASC.04.10.02						1	1 '				
Construction of						1	1				
new health						1	1 '			10,879,5	!
centres		ļ	<b>_</b>	<b>_</b>	·	<u> </u> '	<u>       '</u>	<b></b>	<u> </u>	42	 
ASC.04.10.98						1	1				!
Upgrading and						1	1 '				
construction of						1	1 '				
infrastructure not						1	1 '				
disaggregated by							1 '			5,464,94	
intervention	11,894	<b>_</b>	<b></b>	175,100	128,057	157,605	<u> '</u>	<b> </b>	<b></b>	7	 
ASC.04.98						1	1				
Programme						1	'				
management and						1	1				
administration		22.00	4 4 4 2 0 1 0	4 633 50		10 509 00	1 '				45 400 40
not disaggregated		82,98 1	14,130,18	1,623,59	4 500	10,568,09	1 '			407 303	45,108,42 F
by type	4	1	3	3	4,580	3	- 720 40	105 10	42 407 75	107,203	 5
ASC.04 Systems				100 560		1	6,730,48 2	105,10	43,407,75		211 020
Strengthening &	17,943		<u> </u>	190,569	'	<u>'</u>	2	8	4		 311,939

Programme						, 	,	r			
Coordination			ļ	1		1	1	ļ			
ASC.04.02			1			·	1				
Administration			ļ	1		1	1	ļ	ĺ		
and transaction			ļ	1		1	1				
costs associated			ļ	1		1	1	l I			
with managing			ļ	1		1	1	l I			
and disbursing				1		1	1	ļ	12,828,44		
funds				' ۱'		ا ا	465,218	49,151	5		
ASC.04.03				· ·		I					
Monitoring and				1		1	5,175,94				
evaluation				l'	<u> </u>	l!	5	484	7,198,192		
ASC.04.04				, 		!	!				
Operations				1		1					
research				<u> </u>			529,703		22,981		
ASC.04.07 Drug		Ī		- 		- 	[ !	۱ ۲	12,408,47	Γ	
supply systems				<u> </u>					2		
ASC.04.08		Ī		- , 1		I	ſ '	ſ			
Information			ļ	1		1	1				
technology		<u>                                     </u>		<u> </u>		۱ ۱	16,558	752	27,969		
ASC.04.09				1		1	1	ļ			
Patient tracking				' ۱'			388,681	3,594	35,139		
ASC.04.10				1		1	1	ļ			
Upgrading and				1		1		l l			
construction of				1		1	1	ļ			
infrastructure	17,943	ļ		190,569	ļ	ا <u> </u>	5,824	51,127	1,198,283		311,939
ASC.04.10.01				1		1	1	ļ			
Upgrading			ļ	1		1	1				
laboratory			ļ	1		1	1	l I			
infrastructure and				1		1	1	ļ	'		
new equipment	17,943	ļ		190,569	ļ]	ا ا	157	!	851,582		311,939
ASC.04.10.98				1		1	1	ļ			
Upgrading and			ļ	1		1	1				
construction of				1		1	1	ļ	'		
infrastructure not				' ۱'		<u> </u>	5,667	51,127	346,701		

disaggregated by				'								
intervention	 	<b> </b> '	<b>_</b>	ا <u>ـــــا</u>	·	<u> </u>	_ <b>_</b> '	<u> </u>		ļ'	<u> </u> '	ļ/ '
ASC.04.98		1			1		'	1				'
Programme		1			ĺ		'				'	'
management and		1			1		'	1				'
administration		1			1		'	1				'
not disaggregated		1			1		'	1				'
by type		<b></b> '	<u> </u>	ا <u> </u>	ļ		148,553		9,688,273	'	<u> </u> ''	<u> </u>
ASC.05 Human	24,770,5	20,92		31,601,7	 		26,777,8			26,877,0	1,629,9	'
resources	53	2	498,120	41	261,988	483,079	80	42,860	714,384	73	12	820,367
ASC.05.01		'			,		· ا				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'
Monetary		1			1		,				'	'
incentives for	15,591,8	20,82		28,119,8	1		24,103,7			22,455,5	'	'
human resources	32	8	222,104	73	120,565	32,540	96	30,514	163,236	54		763,590
ASC.05.01.01							Т '				ſ '	'
Monetary		1	1		1		'				'	'
incentives for		1		10,799,00	1		14,950,8			12,450,5	'	'
physicians	6,840		28,475	0	49,079		63	5,371	9,224	54	'	'
ASC.05.01.02		i					· ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'
Monetary		1		-   I	1		'				'	'
incentives for		1	1		1		4,530,39				'	'
nurses		1	6,601	8,000,081	I'		0	86			'	'
ASC.05.01.03		1		Ţ	1		· ·			,	,	
Monetary		1		-   I	1		'				'	
incentives for		20,82			1		4,606,20			10,005,0	'	
other staff		8	187,028	9,289,211	71,486	32,540	4	25,057	154,012	00	'	763,590
ASC.05.01.98		1		1			,			,	,	
Monetary		1		-   I	1		'				'	
incentives for		1			1		'				'	
human resources		1	1		1		,				'	
not broken down	15,584,9	1			1		,				'	
by staff	91	1		31,581	1		16,340				'	
ASC.05.02		1			1		,			,	, i	
Formative		1			1						'	
education to		l'	12,972	ا۱	1	17,157	'			!	'	

build-up an HIV										<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
workforce	1											
ASC.05.03	6,530,28	1	· +	1		·	1		1	1,185,29	1,629,9	†
Training	6	94	263,044	752,578	141,423	433,382	255,073	12,346	551,147	1	12	56,777
ASC.05.98	'		,			,		- ,	,	-		, 
Human resources	1											'
not disaggregated	2,648,43			2,729,28			2,419,01			3,236,22		
by type	5			9			0			8		<b>″</b>
ASC.06 Social	1 '											<b> </b>
protection and	1											'
social services	1		32,369,97			36,226,74			39,857,80			33,754,44
(excluding OVC)	21,699		4	7,475	1,176	4	16,340		4	185,557		2
ASC.06.01	1											<b>[]</b>
Social protection	1											
through monetary	1											'
benefits	1'		·		1,176				430			/′
ASC.06.02	1											[ <b></b> ]
Social protection	1											'
through in-kind	1											'
benefits	21,699											'
ASC.06.04 HIV-	1											[   '
specific income	1											'
generation	1											'
projects	1'			7,470			16,340					'
ASC.06.98	1											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Social protection	1											'
services and social	1											
services not	1											
disaggregated by	1		32,369,97			36,226,74			39,857,37			33,754,44
type	1'		4	5		4	'		4	185,557		2
ASC.07 Enabling	1											
environment	14,455		140,713	59,615	11,409	118,204	7,055		19,652	8,214		10,996
ASC.07.01	1						-		-	-		-
Advocacy	9,344		2,854	43,255	3,397	58,769	7,055		2,529	8,214		3,495

ASC.07.02									
Human rights									
programmes	5,111	94,294	16,360	7,439			17,123		
ASC.07.02.01				-			-		
Human rights									
programmes									
empowering									
individuals to									
claim their rights		94,294		7,439			8,531		
ASC.07.02.02					1				
Provision of legal									
and social services									
to promote access									
to prevention,									
care and									
treatment	5,111		9,836				8,592		
ASC.07.02.03		1					-,		
Capacity building									
in human rights			6,524						
ASC.07.04		1							
AIDS-specific									
programmes									
focused on									
women		16,250							
ASC.07.05		, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Programmes to									
reduce Gender									
Based Violence		27,315			59,435				4,188
ASC.07.98		· ·							
Enabling									
environment not									
disaggregated by									
type				573					3,313
		1			Ī				
			15,266		13,096	16,340	1.176		
ASC.08 HIV and AIDS-related research			15,266		13,096	16,340	1,176		

(excluding operations research )												
ASC.08.04												
Social science												
research				15,266		13,096	16,340		1,176			
ASC.08.04.01												
Behavioural												
research				15,266		13,096	16,340		1,176			
	73,299,1	783,8	427,653,4	116,954,	30,779,1	405,305,3	67,178,3	2,951,7	490,166,3	98,368,2	9,663,7	424,339,5
Grand Total	96	24	41	655	19	80	39	60	00	38	00	61

	2015		2016			2017			2018		
					PS.03			PS.03			PS.03
					Bilateral			Bilateral			Bilateral
					and			and			and
		PS.02		PS.02	multilater			multilater			multilater
	PS.01	Private	PS.01	Private	al entities	PS.01	PS.02	al entities	PS.01	PS.02	al entities
	Public	sector	Public	sector	– in	Public	Private	– in	Public	Private	– in
	sector	provider	sector	provider	country	sector	sector	country	sector	sector	country
ASC X PS	providers	S	providers	S	offices	providers	providers	offices	providers	providers	offices
ASC.01	80,888,89	13,155,9	103,006,3	35,905,9		70,343,98	14,764,58		37,069,19	30,625,47	
Prevention	2	27	09	06	1,110,894	8	1	96,488	0	1	114,480
ASC.01.01											
Communicatio											
n for social and											
behavioural		2,135,20		1,082,00							
change	2,382,837	1	533,554	2					92,518		
ASC.01.01.											
01 Health-											
related											
communication											
for social and											
behavioural		1,954,62									
change	998,620	8	105,814	902,787					92,518		

ASC.01.01. 02 Non-health- related communication								
for social and								
behavioural								
change	1,108,310	25,720	15,567					
ASC.01.01.								
98 Communication								
Communication								
for Social and behavioural								
change not disaggregated								
by type	275,907	154,853	412,173	179,215				
ASC.01.01	275,507	134,833	412,173	179,215				
Communicatio								
n for social and								
behavioural								
change (BCC)					8,142,947	1,050,161		
ASC.01.01.						, , -		
01 Health-								
related								
communication								
for social and								
behavioural								
change					127,531	159,452		
ASC.01.01.								
02 Non-health-								
related								
communication								
for social and								
behavioural								
change					15,567	495,818		
ASC.01.01.								
98					7,999,849	394,891		

Communication for Social and										
behavioural										
change not										
disaggregated										
by type										
ASC.01.02										
Community									11,834,62	
mobilization	112,633	1,159	72,424	59,918				182,065	4	
ASC.01.02										
Community/so										
cial										
mobilization					37,157	786,490				
ASC.01.03										
Voluntary										
counselling and	43,663,91	2,083,42	66,151,68	1,176,06	29,616,46			29,092,28		
testing (VCT)	0	9	2	5	9	552,270		8	6,502,520	
ASC.01.04										
<b>Risk-reduction</b>										
and prevention										
activites for										
vulnerable and										
accessible										
populations					702,997	1,498,895	41,948			
ASC.01.04.										
01 VCT as part										
of programmes										
for vulnerable										
and accessible					246.274	662 697				
populations					216,274	663,697				
ASC.01.04.										
02 Condom										
social										
marketing and										
male and					496 700	025 100				
female condom					486,723	835,198				

provision as								
part of								
programmes								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
populations								
ASC.01.04.								
04 Behavior								
change								
communication								
(BCC) as part of								
programmes								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
populations						41,948		
ASC.01.04						,		
<b>Risk-reduction</b>								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
populations	9,441,636	180,497	3,172,031	492,171				
ASC.01.04.								
01 VCT as part								
of programmes								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
populations	367,484	7,166	181,927	173,678				
ASC.01.04.		,						
02 Condom								
social								
marketing and								
male and								
female condom								
provision as								
part of								
programmes								
for vulnerable	222,679	1/2 272	65 921	127 /01				
aldenanuv ior	222,079	143,272	65,831	137,401				

and accessible								
populations								
ASC.01.04.								
03 STI								
prevention and								
treatment as								
part of								
programmes								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
populations	8,785,985		2,901,292					
ASC.01.04.								
04 Behavior								
change								
communication								
(BCC) as part of								
programmes								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
populations	65 <i>,</i> 488	8,500	22,981	171				
ASC.01.04.								
98								
Programmatic								
interventions								
for vulnerable								
and accessible								
population not								
disaggregated				100.001				
by type				180,921				
ASC.01.04.								
99 Other								
programmatic								
interventions								
for vulnerable								
and accessible		21 550						
populations not		21,559						

elsewhere classified									
(n.e.c.)									
ASC.01.05									
Prevention –		2,492,07							
youth in school	222,321	8	85,200	31,040	93,583	945,646	45,815		
ASC.01.06	-		-						
Prevention –									
youth out-of-									
school		20,900	3,900	417,886	405	593,202		5,000,000	114,480
ASC.01.07									
Prevention of									
HIV									
transmission									
aimed at									
people living									
with HIV									
(PLHIV)	14,353	3,770		4	5,740	209,106			
ASC.01.07.									
01 Behaviour									
change									
communication									
(BCC) as part of									
prevention of									
HIV									
transmission									
aimed at PLHIV	14,353	2,975			5,740	122,075			
ASC.01.07.									
02 Condom									
social									
marketing and									
male and									
female condom									
provision as									
part of									
prevention of				4		842			

HIV									
transmission									
aimed at PLHIV									
ASC.01.07.									
98 Prevention									
of HIV									
transmission									
aimed at PLHIV									
not									
disaggregated									
by type		795				86,189			
ASC.01.08									
Prevention									
programmes									
for sex workers									
and their		1,444,62		3,956,87					
clients	1,266,521	3	322,995	2	30,001	2,211,889		79,874	
ASC.01.08.									
01 VCT as part									
of programmes									
for sex workers									
and their clients	1,247,952	867,986	322,995	335,938	30,001			20,874	
ASC.01.08.									
02 Condom									
social									
marketing and									
male and									
female condom									
provision as									
part of									
programmes									
for sex workers				2,209,10		_			
and their clients		421,442		3		1,494,646		59,000	
ASC.01.08.									
03 STI									
prevention and				95,248					

treatment as							
part of							
programmes							
for sex workers							
and their clients							
ASC.01.08.							
04 Behaviour							
change							
communication							
(BCC) as part of							
programmes							
for sex workers			1,316,58				
and their clients		150,202	3		717,243		
ASC.01.08.							
98							
Programmatic							
interventions							
for sex workers							
and their clients							
not							
disaggregated							
by type	11,500						
ASC.01.08.							
99 Other							
programmatic							
interventions							
for sex workers							
and their							
clients, n.e.c.	7,069	4,993					
ASC.01.09							
Programmes							
for men who							
have sex with			1,892,40				
men (MSM)	620,892	456,194	7		1,524,033		
ASC.01.09.							
01 VCT as part		108,097	105,254		16,266		

of programmes							
for MSM							 
ASC.01.09.							
02 Condom							
social							
marketing and							
male and							
female condom							
provision as							
part of							
programmes							
for MSM	620,892		12,963		1,343,632		
ASC.01.09.							
03 STI							
prevention and							
treatment as							
part of							
programmes							
for MSM		26,651	487,020				
ASC.01.09.							
04 Behaviour							
change							
communication							
(BCC) as part of							
programmes			1,284,48				
for MSM		321,446	2		153,290		
ASC.01.09.							
98							
Programmatic							
interventions							
for MSM not							
disaggregated							
by type			2,687		10,845		
ASC.01.10							
Harm-							
reduction	563,928	177,092	410,183	9,465	1,327,710		

programmes for injecting							
drug users							
(IDUs)							
ASC.01.10.							
01 VCT as part							
of programmes for IDUs	413,928	52,153	258,437		1,271,892		
ASC.01.10.	415,920	52,155	236,437		1,271,092		
02 Condom							
social							
marketing and							
male and							
female condom							
provision as							
part of							
programmes							
for IDUs		20,531	21,065				
ASC.01.10.							
04 Behaviour							
change							
communication							
(BCC) as part of							
programmes							
for IDUs		75,707	130,681		55,818		
ASC.01.10.							
05 Sterile							
syringe and							
needle							
exchange as							
part of							
programmes		26.462					
for IDUs		26,468					
ASC.01.10.							
98 December 1	150.000	2 2 2 2		0.465			
Programmatic	150,000	2,233		9 <i>,</i> 465			

interventions							
for IDUs not							
disaggregated							
by type							
ASC.01.11							
Prevention							
programmes in							
the workplace	488			270,137	8,559	32,819	
ASC.01.11.							
01 VCT as part							
of programmes							
in the							
workplace				270,137			
ASC.01.11.							
02 Condom							
social							
marketing and							
male and							
female condom							
provision as							
part of							
programmes in							
the workplace					8,559		
ASC.01.11.							
03 STI							
prevention and							
treatment as							
part of							
programmes in							
the workplace	488						
ASC.01.11.							
98							
Programmatic							
interventions in							
the workplace							
not						32,819	

disaggregated										
by type										
ASC.01.12										
Condom social										
marketing	96,293	1,929	79,680		35					
ASC.01.13										
Public and										
commercial										
sector male										
condom		4,144,29		25,336,8						
provision	107,299	9		69		2,290,538				
ASC.01.16										
Prevention,										
diagnosis and										
treatment of										
sexually										
transmitted										
infections (STI)				641,589		1,110,035				
ASC.01.17										
Prevention of										
mother-to-										
child										
transmission					19,374,84					
(PMTCT)	1,219,040		150,898	30,273	2	545,485	54,540	208,005	6,317,404	
ASC.01.17.										
01 Pregnant										
women										
counselling and										
testing in										
PMTCT										
programmes	802,691		150,898	21,655	118,650		54,540	37,510	6,000,907	
ASC.01.17.										
02										
Antiretroviral										
prophylaxis for										
HIV-infected	333,950									

pregnant										
women and newborns										
ASC.01.17.										
04 Delivery										
practices as										
part of PMTCT						19,239,62				
programmes	22,532					6	193			
ASC.01.17.	,									
05 Condom										
social										
marketing and										
male and										
female condom										
provision as										
part of PMTCT										
programmes						16,566				
ASC.01.17.										
98 PMTCT not										
disaggregated										
by intervention	59 <i>,</i> 866			8,618			545,292	170,495	316,497	
ASC.01.22										
Post-exposure										
prophylaxis	40.005									
(PEP)	40,285									
ASC.01.22. 98 Post-										
exposure										
prophylaxis not										
disaggregated										
by intervention	40,285									
ASC.01.98										
Prevention										
activities not										
disaggregated	21,136,45		32,433,94			12,060,21				
by intervention	7	14,757	6	378,628	1,110,894	0	110,564	7,415,680	891,049	

ASC.02 Care	308,598,2	_	276,892,2	25,814,3		275,160,5	29,203,98		195,682,6	42,764,81
and treatment	41	11,244	29	08	101,813	14	5	11,882	25	5
ASC.02.01	20 254 42		24 401 40	25 200 2		F1 C42 10	20 220 01			42 152 20
Outpatient	38,354,42 c	11,244	24,491,48 7	25,788,7 56		51,642,10	28,226,91	11,882	7 077 771	42,153,30
care ASC.02.01.	6	11,244	/	50		4	1	11,002	7,877,771	4
01 Provider-										
initiated testing										
and counselling										
(PITC)	62,665	11,244		43,032		1,259,813	1,414			
ASC.02.01.	02,003	11,211		13,032		1,233,013	-,			
02										
Opportunistic										
infection (OI)										
outpatient										
prophylaxis and										
treatment	50,875		886,871			19,088				
ASC.02.01.										
03										
Antiretroviral	38,062,30		23,604,61	25,707,4		50,358,82	20,274,25			42,113,94
therapy	2		6	44		8	8	11,882	7,830,864	1
ASC.02.01.										
04 Nutritional										
support										
associated to										
ARV therapy	12,978								37,090	
ASC.02.01.										
05 Specific HIV-										
related										
laboratory				10.000		4 0 7 5	7.045.040		0.04=	
monitoring				19,209		4,375	7,945,642		9,817	39,363
ASC.02.01.										
07										
Psychological	407.040			664						
treatment and	137,240			664						

support											
services											
ASC.02.01.											
09 Home-based											
care	28,366			18,406			5,597				
ASC.02.02											
Inpatient care						1,295,584					
ASC.02.02.											
01 Inpatient											
treatment of											
opportunistic											
infections (OI)						1,295,584					
ASC.02.03											
Patient											
transport and											
emergency											
rescue							1,544				
ASC.02.98											
Care and											
treatment											
services not											
disaggregated	270,243,8		252,400,7			222,222,8			187,804,8		
by intervention	15		42	25,552	101,813	27	975,530		54	611,511	
ASC.03											
Orphans and											
vulnerable											
children (OVC)	558,615	192,494	157,487	460,814		588	141,113	4,322			
ASC.03.01	<b>24- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 6- 7-------------</b>										
OVC Education	215,636	44,889	24,656	59,310			7,759				
ASC.03.02											
OVC Basic		F 962		21 502			959				
health care		5,863		21,503			858				
ASC.03.03											
OVC											
Family/home		24.000		27 524		F00	27.200				
support		34,080		27,521		588	27,366				

ASC.03.04										
ovc										
Community										
support		23,571		6,265			4,322			
ASC.03.05										
OVC Social										
Services and										
Administrative										
costs		5,694	12,559	33,677		65,324				
ASC.03.06										
OVC										
Institutional										
care	125,331	76,083	49,545	137,578		32,175				
ASC.03.98										
OVC Services										
not										
disaggregated										
by intervention	217,649	2,314	70,727	174,960		7,631				
ASC.04										
Programme										
management										
and	37,087,03	3,389,63	32,322,47	8,276,55		44,666,73		68,946,22	93,570,19	
administration	2	6	8	4	8,116,947	2	88,425	3	5	
ASC.04.01										
Planning,										
coordination										
and										
programme	11,734,92	2,596,25	10,144,94	7,025,83		44,666,73				
management	2	3	8	0	8,116,947	2	88,425	686,484	8,119,214	
ASC.04.02										
Administration										
and transaction										
costs									46.047.65	
associated with	2 026 076	46 470	4 400 475	444 200				26 762	16,815,08	
managing and	2,036,878	46,170	1,186,453	441,206				26,762	2	

disbursing									
funds									
ASC.04.03									
Monitoring and									
evaluation	1,772,200	657,483	2,728,682	539,356			6,517,946	2,163,480	
ASC.04.04									
Operations								53,299,41	
research	5,000,000							9	
ASC.04.05									
Serological-									
surveillance									
(serosurveillan									
ce)		3,750							
ASC.04.07									
Drug supply									
systems	330,731		5,874,035				9,323,335	1,437,005	
ASC.04.08									
Information									
technology				1,454			1,921,728	148,617	
ASC.04.09									
Patient									
tracking				40				497,229	
ASC.04.10									
Upgrading and									
construction of								10,879,54	
infrastructure	11,894		197,131	263,631			5,464,947	2	
ASC.04.10.									
02 Construction									
of new health								10,879,54	
centres								2	
ASC.04.10.									
98 Upgrading									
and									
construction of									
infrastructure									
not	11,894		197,131	263,631			5,464,947		

disaggregated										
by intervention										
ASC.04.98										
Programme										
management										
and										
administration										
not										
disaggregated	16,200,40		12,191,22					45,005,02		
by type	7	85,981	9	5,037				1	210,607	
ASC.04 Systems										
Strengthening										
& Programme					23,919,29	26,303,89				
Coordination	17,943		190,555	14	6	5	20,153		311,939	
ASC.04.02										
Administration										
and transaction										
costs										
associated with										
managing and										
disbursing						12,722,99				
funds					619,821	2				
ASC.04.03										
Monitoring and					12,324,00					
evaluation					3	30,465	20,153			
ASC.04.04										
Operations										
research					22,981	529,703				
ASC.04.07										
Drug supply						12,119,82				
systems					288,650	2				
ASC.04.08										
Information										
technology					16,558	28,721				

ASC.04.09										
Patient										
tracking					388,681	38,733				
ASC.04.10										
Upgrading and										
construction of										
infrastructure	17,943		190,555	14	477,650	777,584			311,939	
ASC.04.10.										
01 Upgrading										
laboratory										
infrastructure										
and new										
equipment	17,943		190,555	14	471,983	379,756			311,939	
ASC.04.10.										
98 Upgrading										
and										
construction of										
infrastructure										
not										
disaggregated										
by intervention					5,667	397,828				
ASC.04.98										
Programme										
management										
and										
administration										
not										
disaggregated										
by type					9,780,952	55,874				
ASC.05 Human	24,445,46		31,448,87		27,022,31			26,933,85		
resources	2	844,133	7	897,931	0	383,155	129,658	0	2,393,502	
ASC.05.01										
Monetary										
incentives for										
human	15,598,43		27,977,22		24,102,65			22,455,55		
resources	3	236,331	2	295,756	0	115,422	79,475	4	763,590	

ASC.05.01. 01 Monetary incentives for			10 700 00		14.050.96			12 450 55		
physicians	6,840	28,475	10,799,00 0	49,079	14,950,86 3	14,595		12,450,55 4		
ASC.05.01.	0,040	20,475	0	45,075	5	14,555		-		
02 Monetary										
incentives for										
nurses	6,601		8,000,081		4,530,390	86				
ASC.05.01.										
03 Monetary										
incentives for								10,005,00		
other staff		207,856	9,178,141	215,096	4,605,058	100,740	79 <i>,</i> 475	0	763,590	
ASC.05.01.										
98 Monetary										
incentives for										
human .										
resources not	15 504 00									
broken down by staff	15,584,99 1			31,581	16,340					
ASC.05.02	1			51,561	10,540					
Formative										
education to										
build-up an HIV										
workforce	11,441	1,531		17,157						
ASC.05.03										
Training	6,187,153	606,271	745,968	581,415	500,650	267,733	50,183	1,242,068	1,629,912	
ASC.05.98										
Human										
resources not										
disaggregated										
by type	2,648,435		2,725,686	3,603	2,419,010			3,236,228		
ASC.06 Social										
protection and										
social services		22.200.0	26 224 24			20.057.00			22 754 44	
(excluding	21 600	32,369,9	36,234,21	1 101	16 240	39,857,80		105 557	33,754,44 2	
OVC)	21,699	74	4	1,181	16,340	4		185,557	2	

ASC.06.01										
Social										
protection										
through										
monetary										
benefits				1,176		430				
ASC.06.02										
Social										
protection										
through in-kind										
benefits	21,699									
ASC.06.04										
HIV-specific										
income										
generation										
projects			7,470		16,340					
ASC.06.98										
Social										
protection										
services and										
social services										
not										
disaggregated		32,369,9	36,226,74			39,857,37			33,754,44	
by type		74	4	5		4		185,557	2	
ASC.07										
Enabling										
environment	35,299	119,869	170,378	18,850		11,523	15,184	19,210		
ASC.07.01										
Advocacy	9,344	2,854	101,107	4,314		9,584		11,709		
ASC.07.02										
Human rights										
programmes		99,405	9,836	13,963		1,939	15,184			
ASC.07.02.										
01 Human										
rights										
programmes		94,294		7,439			8,531			

empowering									
individuals to									
claim their									
rights									
ASC.07.02.									
02 Provision of									
legal and social									
services to									
promote access									
to prevention,									
care and									
treatment		5,111	9,836			1,939	6,653		
ASC.07.02.									
03 Capacity									
building in									
human rights				6,524					
ASC.07.04									
AIDS-specific									
programmes									
focused on									
women		16,250							
ASC.07.05									
Programmes to									
reduce Gender									
<b>Based Violence</b>	25,955	1,360	59,435					4,188	
ASC.07.98									
Enabling									
environment									
not									
disaggregated									
by type				573				3,313	
ASC.08 HIV and									
AIDS-related									
research									
(excluding			28,362		16,340	1,176			

operations research )											
ASC.08.04											
Social science											
research			28,362			16,340	1,176				
ASC.08.04.											
01 Behavioural											
research			28,362			16,340	1,176				
	451,653,1	50,083,2	480,450,8	71,375,5		404,596,3	155,333,9		328,836,6	203,420,3	
Grand Total	83	78	89	58	1,212,707	23	64	366,112	55	64	114,480

	2015						2016					
	BP.01						BP.01					
	People						People					
	living with						living with					
	HIV						HIV					
	(regardless			BP.04			(regardless			BP.04		
	of having a	BP.02	BP.03	Specific		BP.06	of having a		BP.03	Specific		BP.06
	medical/cli	Most at	Other	"accessib	BP.05	Non-	medical/cli	Most at	Other	"accessib		Non-
	nical	risk	key	le"	General	targeted	nical	risk	key	le"	General	targeted
	diagnosis of	populati	populati	populati	populati	interventi	diagnosis of		populati	populati	populati	interventi
ASC X BP	AIDS)	ons	ons	ons	on	ons	AIDS)	ons	ons	ons	on	ons
ASC.01		4,529,24	10,073,6	3,503,27	75,920,			7,614,97		2,959,97	125,241,	
Prevention	18,123	9	82	7	488		275,419	1	613,488	2	504	3,317,757
ASC.02												
Care and	308,609,48						300,884,09					
treatment	5						8	101,813	4,008	43,032	55,879	1,719,520
ASC.03												
Orphans												
and												
vulnerable												
children												
(OVC)			751,109						618,301			
ASC.04												
Programm						40,445,17						34,381,13
е	3,750			1,250	26,491	7	5,874,470	250,468	12,697		80,265	2

manageme						1						1 I
nt and	'	'	'	'	'	1	'	'	1	1	1	/
administra	'	'	'	'	'	1		1			'	/
tion		'	'	'	!	1	'	'			1	
ASC.04	,  ,	'	†'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	† • •	1	· [ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>/</b>
Systems	'	'	'	'	'	1		1			'	
, Strengthen	'	'	'	1	'	1	'	1		'	1	
ing &	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	
Programm	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	
e	'	'	'	1	'	1	'	1		1	1	
Coordinati	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	
on	۱'	'	'	'	<u>ا</u> '	17,943	!	'	'	'	۱ <u> </u>	190,569
ASC.05	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·		<u>г</u> і		, j			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· [ · · · ·	
Human	'	'	'	'		24,690,32		'		'	'	32,041,35
resources	'	'	'	599,269	<u> </u>	6	65,378	<u> </u>	'	1,407	238,671	2
ASC.06	· [ · · · ·	ſ	ſ '	Ī '	· ا	· [ '	· [ ·	Ī '	ſ '	ſ '	ſ '	
Social	'	'	'	'		1	'	'	1	'	1	'
protection	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	'
and social		'	'	1	'	1	'	1		'	'	'
services	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	'
(excluding	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	_ '	1
OVC)	32,391,673	ļ'	<b></b> '	<b> </b> '	<u> </u> '	<b></b> '	36,234,219	<b> </b> '	·	<u> </u> '	1,176	·
ASC.07	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	1
Enabling	'	'	'	'		1	'	'	1	'	1	1
environme		'	'	1		1						1
nt	16,250	<u> </u> '	<u> </u> '	<b> </b> '	138,918	<u>+</u> '	6,524	8,456	553	59,435	114,260	+
ASC.08 HIV	'	'	'	'		1	'	'	1	'	1	1
and AIDS-	'	'	'	'		1	'	'		'	'	1
related	'	'	'	1	'	1	'	1		1	1	
research		'	'	1	'	1	'	1		'	'	1
(excluding	'	'	'	1	'	1	'	1		1	1	
operations research )	'	'	'	'		1	'	15,266		'	'	13,096
Grand	341,039,28	4,529,24	10,824,7	4,103,79	76 085	CE 1E2 //	242 340 10		1 249 04	3,063,84	125,731,	
Grand Total	341,039,28	4,529,24 9	10,824,7 91	4,103,79	76,085, 898	65,153,44 6	343,340,10 7	7,990,97 4	1,249,04 6	3,063,84 6	125,731, 754	71,663,42 6
TULAI	<u> </u>		21		070	0	<u> </u>	4	0	0	/34	0

	2017						2018					
	BP.01						BP.01					
	People						People					
	living with						living with					
	HIV						HIV					
	(regardless			BP.04			(regardless			BP.04		
	of having a	BP.02	BP.03	Specific		BP.06	of having a	BP.02	BP.03	Specific		BP.06
	medical/cli	Most at	Other	"accessib	BP.05	Non-	medical/cli	Most at	Other	"accessib	BP.05	Non-
	nical	risk	key	le"	General	targeted	nical	risk	key	le"	General	targeted
	diagnosis of	populati	populati	populati	populati	interventi	diagnosis of	populati	populati	populati	populati	interventi
ASC X BP	AIDS)	ons	ons	ons	on	ons	AIDS)	ons	ons	ons	on	ons
ASC.01		4,729,04	19,956,3	1,187,24	59,051,				11,904,0		54,988,7	
Prevention	64,266	2	13	0	922	216,274	114,480	592,298	34	78,634	96	130,899
ASC.02												
Care and	297,869,16				6,507,2		237,835,92					
treatment	9				12		9	611,511				
ASC.03												
Orphans												
and												
vulnerable												
children												
(OVC)	53		84,846		56,802	4,322						
ASC.04												
Programm												
e												
manageme												
nt and												
administra						52,872,10					53,299,4	109,216,9
tion						4					19	99
ASC.04												
Systems												
Strengthen												
ing &												
Programm					6,323,8	18,002,32						
е	25,881,942	25,410	9,823		40	9						311,939

Coordinati						1	1					
on		 				'	'					'
ASC.05					,	,						<u> </u>
Human					'	26,884,60	1					29,327,35
resources	93,231	3,652	1,153	10,279	542,200	9	1'					2
ASC.06						· [ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						<u> </u>
Social					'	'	1					'
protection					'	'	1					'
and social					'	'	1					'
services						'	1					'
(excluding					'	'	1					'
OVC)	39,873,714	ļ			430	<u> </u> '	33,754,442					185,557
ASC.07						'	1					'
Enabling					'	'	1					'
environme					'	'	1					'
nt	1,939	ļ			24,768	<u>                                     </u>	ļ'			6,808	12,402	ļ '
ASC.08 HIV						'	1					
and AIDS-					'	'	1					'
related					'	'	1					
research						'	1					
(excluding					'	'	1					
operations					'	1	1					
research )		1,176	<b></b>		16,340	<u>                                     </u>	<b> </b> '				<u> </u>	
Grand	363,784,31	4,759,28	20,052,1	1,197,51	72,523,	97,979,63	271,704,85	1,203,80	11,904,0		108,300,	139,172,7
Total	4	0	35	9	514	7	1	9	34	85,442	617	46

Appendix VIII: PEPFAR Expenditure Analysis 2014 - 2018

AIDS Spending Category	Description	Spe	end (2014)	Spe	end (2015)	Spe	end (2016)	Spe	end (2017)	Spe	end (2018)
ASC0103	Voluntary counselling and testing (VCT)	\$	20,340,539	\$	19,726,853	\$	20,516,163	\$	16,094,774	\$	18,854,282
ASC011701	Pregnant women counselling and testing in PMTCT programmes	\$	19,107,542	\$	12,857,882	\$	13,372,350	\$	10,490,508	\$	12,289,144
ASC011702	Antiretroviral prophylaxis for HIV- infected pregnant women and newborns	\$	13,664,125	\$	7,306,422	\$	7,598,766	\$	5,961,174	\$	6,983,239
ASC011798	PMTCT not disaggregated by intervention	\$	16,693,200	\$	12,696,664	\$	13,204,682	\$	10,358,973	\$	12,135,057
ASC012298	Post-exposure prophylaxis not disaggregated by intervention	\$	4,803,779	\$	3,078,863	\$	3,202,054	\$	2,511,987	\$	2,942,677
ASC0107	Prevention of HIV transmission aimed at people living with HIV (PLHIV)	\$ <del>,</del>	2,958,180	\$	780,885	\$	812,129	\$	637,109	\$	746,344
ASC0108	Prevention programmes for sex workers and their clients	\$	4,789,946	\$	6,828,840	\$	7,102,075	\$	5,571,524	\$	6,526,782
ASC0109	Programmes for men who have sex with men (MSM)	\$	2,291,105	\$	2,274,225	\$	2,365,221	\$	1,855,498	\$	2,173,630
ASC0110	Harm-reduction programmes for injecting drug users (IDUs)	\$	2,508,299	\$	2,057,241	\$	2,139,555	\$	1,678,464	\$	1,966,243
ASC0198	Prevention activities not disaggregated by intervention	\$	12,483,786	\$	4,244,635	\$	4,414,471	\$	3,463,119	\$	4,056,883
ASC020101	Provider- initiated testing and counselling (PITC)	\$	9,714,661	\$	6,801,629	\$	7,073,775	\$	5,549,323	\$	6,500,775
ASC0201030198	Adult antiretroviral therapy not disaggregated by line of treatment	\$	94,792,554	\$	125,884,974	\$	130,921,874	\$	102,707,218	\$	120,316,748
ASC0201030298	Paediatric antiretroviral therapy not disaggregated by line of treatment	\$	5,209,001	\$	7,824,191	\$	8,137,252	\$	6,383,613	\$	7,478,106
ASC020104	Nutritional support associated to ARV therapy	\$	836,257	\$	15,719	\$	16,348	\$	12,825	\$	15,024

		 	 			 '
ASC020105	Specific HIV-related laboratory monitoring	\$ 19,384,735	\$ 21,196,155	\$ 22,044,254	\$ 17,293,550	\$ 20,258,592
ASC020107	Psychological treatment and support services	\$ 3,305,806	\$ 3,559,652	\$ 3,702,080	\$ 2,904,254	\$ 3,402,199
ASC020109	Home-based care	\$ 7,658,038	\$ 4,397,896	\$ 4,573,864	\$ 3,588,162	\$ 4,203,365
ASC020198	Outpatient care services not disaggregated by intervention	\$ 28,499,986	\$ 3,584,612	\$ 3,728,039	\$ 2,924,618	\$ 3,426,055
ASC0301	OVC Education	\$ 4,704,224	\$ 2,742,271	\$ 2,851,994	\$ 2,237,368	\$ 2,620,973
ASC0302	OVC Basic health care	\$ 3,276,356	\$ 3,809,486	\$ 3,961,911	\$ 3,108,089	\$ 3,640,982
ASC0303	OVC Family/home support	\$ 8,804,269	\$ 12,780,326	\$ 13,291,692	\$ 10,427,231	\$ 12,215,018
ASC0401	Planning, coordination and programme management	\$ 16,796,000	\$ 17,775,138	\$ 18,486,356	\$ 14,502,406	\$ 16,988,897
ASC0402	Administration and transaction costs associated with managing and disbursing funds	\$ 7,904,000	\$ 8,364,771	\$ 8,699,462	\$ 6,824,662	\$ 7,994,775
ASC0403	Monitoring and evaluation	\$ 7,414,931	\$ 7,656,651	\$ 7,963,008	\$ 6,246,920	\$ 7,317,977
ASC0404	Operations research	\$ 3,295,525	\$ 3,402,956	\$ 3,539,115	\$ 2,776,409	\$ 3,252,434
ASC0405	Serological-surveillance (serosurveillance)	\$ 871,257	\$ 830,671	\$ 863,908	\$ 677,729	\$ 793,929
ASC0406	HIV drug-resistance surveillance	\$ 96,806	\$ 92,297	\$ 95,990	\$ 75,303	\$ 88,214
ASC0407	Drug supply systems	\$ 6,633,841	\$ 8,126,421	\$ 8,451,575	\$ 6,630,196	\$ 7,766,968
ASC0408	Information technology	\$ 5,609,081	\$ 2,325,115	\$ 2,418,148	\$ 1,897,018	\$ 2,222,269
ASC041001	Upgrading laboratory infrastructure and new equipment	\$ 3,116,906	\$ 7,150,403	\$ 7,436,505	\$ 5,833,882	\$ 6,834,122
ASC0502	Formative education to build-up an HIV workforce	\$ 1,248,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ASC0503	Training	\$ 12,645,520	\$ 10,781,806	\$ 11,213,206	\$ 8,796,675	\$ 10,304,898
ASC0598	Human resources not disaggregated by type	\$ 2,285,840	\$ 4,848,431	\$ 5,042,426	\$ 3,955,745	\$ 4,633,972
ASC0602	Social protection through in-kind benefits	\$ 3,237,912	\$ 2,392,493	\$ 2,488,221	\$ 1,951,991	\$ 2,286,667
ASC0604	HIV-specific income generation projects	\$ 7,852,929	\$ 13,203,823	\$ 13,732,134	\$ 10,772,755	\$ 12,619,783
ASC0703	AIDS-specific institutional development	\$ 19,047,827	\$ 10,006,868	\$ 10,407,262	\$ 8,164,418	\$ 9,564,238

ASC0798	Enabling	environment	not	\$ 12,918,346	\$ 4,377,404	\$ 4,552,552	\$ 3,571,443	\$	4,183,780
	disaggregate	ed by type							
ASC0898	HIV and	AIDS-related	research	\$ 5,767,168	\$ 5,955,173	\$ 6,193,451	\$ 4,858,715	\$	5,691,760
	activities no	t disaggregated	by type						
TOTAL				\$ 402,569,260	\$ 371,739,837	\$ 386,613,864	\$ 303,295,645	\$ 3	355,296,799